## Swath Processing Improvements of CryoSat-2 for the Study of Ice Caps and Mountain Glaciers

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- 2. Processing Chain
- 3. Validation
- 4. Future improvements
- 5. Conclusions

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• Swath processing - Single track comparison (Karakoram Glacier)







• Swath processing - Combined dataset comparison

Nominal CryoSat-2 SARIn L2



### CryoSat-2 Swath SARIn



- Objective: Explore the CR2 SARIn data to its maximum expression.
- Swath processing can be improved.
- Projects involved in the design and implementation of the processing chain.
  - **Dragon 3**: Lakes of the Tibet Plateau:
    - Identification of the main issues of the SARIn mode over complex scenarios.
  - S6 GPP + DeDop:

- Design and implementation of the SAR processing chain
- CryoSat+Topography:
  - Development and implementation of the SARIn L2 algorithms
- CryoSat+Mountain Glaciers (MOGLA):
  - Development and implementation of the SARIn L1BS algorithms.
  - Validation of the data.

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### 2. Processing Chain



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### 2. Processing Chain



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### 2. Multi Surface

- The waveforms are divided in different sections based on the coherence and power.
- Then the different sections are characterised (peakiness, mean values, variability).



### 2. Multi Surface

• The waveforms are divided in different sections based on the coherence and power.

- Then the different sections are characterised (peakiness, mean values, variability).
- The coherence threshold is relaxed to include more measurements without degrading the quality.
- The slope and the noise of the interferometric phase are key factors



## Multi Surface + Swath



126	7	-1	108.0757	461.6539	
137	17	2	216.3898	54.3970	
177	8	2	203.3427	49.7281	
268	6	-1	75.1938	79.5940	
278	21	-1	23.3472	34.2572	
451	6	3	15.6368	95.2696	
571	5	0	8.3225	64.6886	
602	10	0	13.1307	53.7442	
673	16	3	81.0056	374.4812	
960	14	0	48.4131	51.5589	







#### CLICK TO WATCH THE VIDEO

EPG

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2. Processing Chain

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• Comparison with DEM over Karakoram Glacier 2010-2012



Nominal Swath processing

Improved Swath processing

### Validation Karakoram

Nominal Swath Processing	Difference with DEM	Improved SwathProcessing
-4.99 m	mean	-4.28 m
11.57 m	RMS	10.99 m
2808	# measurements	3162 (12%)



Nominal Swath processing

Improved Swath processing



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### 4. Processing Chain



### 4. Processing Chain



• L1B Waveform size can be increased as the different beams contributing should have followed the terrain.

Example with L1B waveform with
1600 samples as the range variation of the stack is 400 meters.





Stack at the border of the la





### 4. Processing Chain



PHASE DIFFERENCE

• The coherence and the phase difference can be computed before the averaging process where we have the information for each beam.



### STACK POWER

#### 25/10/2017

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150

100

50

-50

-100

-150

• The coherence and the phase difference can be computed before the averaging process where we have the information for each beam.



STACK POWER

COHERENCE

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0.9

0.8

0.7

0.6

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

60



• The coherence is used to build a mask by setting to 0 all samples lower than the threshold.





• Then the coherence mask is applied to the power stacks and the interferometric phase difference to reduce the noise over them.





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- Improved Swath Processing defined and implemented (multisurface processing).
- Validation done against SPOT DEM over Karakoram Glacier shows improved results (+ number of points with higher precision/accuracy).

- Future improvements at DDP tested and ready to be added to the main chain and validated with full period of data.
- Swath processing to be potentially applied to measure ocean
   Surface patterns (eddies/currents → 2D maps sea-surface currents)

# THANK YOU

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