FES 2014 : a new global tidal model

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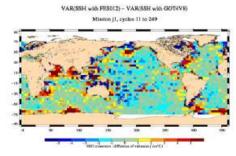
OST/ST 2015

October 20-23, 2015 Reston, VA

Introduction

CLS

- Accuracy of tidal models has been much improved these last 20 years, but errors remain in shallow waters and high latitudes
- Still need to improve tide correction for all altimeter missions, particularly for future SWOT mission and HR altimeters
- In 2012, we have developed a new high resolution tidal model on global ocean
 - FES2012 results are good in shallow waters + coastal regions
 TG has been assimilated (cf Stammer et al. 2014)
 - But altimeter crossover variance is raised in some places



altho

 => New release FES2014 has been performed in order to improve FES2012 results in deep ocean, at high latitudes and in shallow/coastal regions

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FES2014

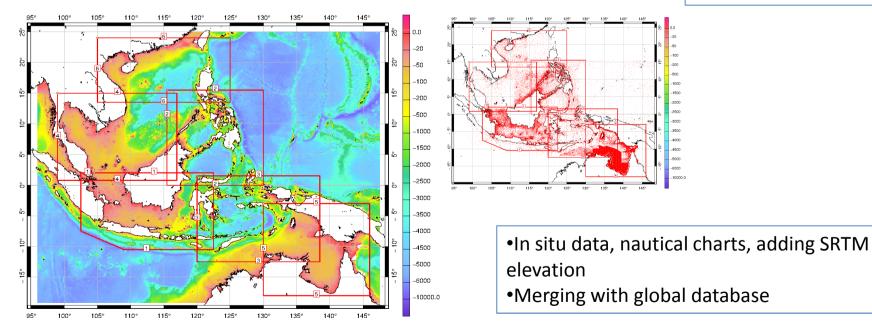
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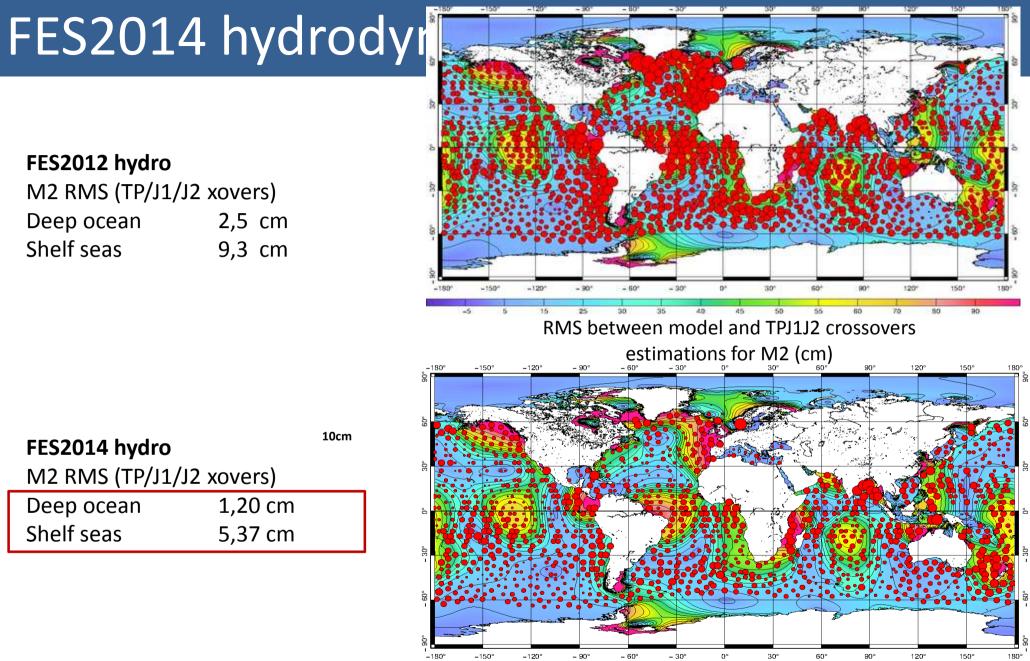
ines

5 km

- FES2014 benefits from:
 - Better hydrodynamic modeling including better bathymetry and refined mesh **FES2014**

- •1 464 500 triangles
- 2 981 213 elevation nodes
- 4 393 500 velocity nodes





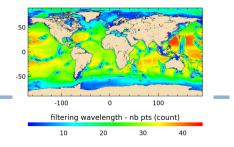
CLS

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•2mm •5mm •1cm 10cm e2cm

Assimilation: altimetry database

- 20 years time series for TP/J1/J2 nominal track => most of the alias issues have vanished
- 6y of T/P-J1 interleaved mission and 17y of ERS-EN missions => still some aliasing issues
- Reprocessed DUACS DT multimissions datasets have been used
 - Most recent L2 standards (DAC based on ERA-interim, GDR-D orbits)
 - Revisited L3 standards (editing, multimissions cross-calibration correction for ERS-EN missions)
 - GOT4.8ac tidal loading effects are used (including tidal geocenter correction, R. Ray)
- Harmonic analysis has been improved
 - To take into account the effect of seasonal ice cover => strong improvement at HL
 - Use GLORYS2-V1 to remove non tidal annual & semi-annual contaminations (TPNJ1N, ERSEN)
 - Improved along-track filtering to remove internal tide signatures





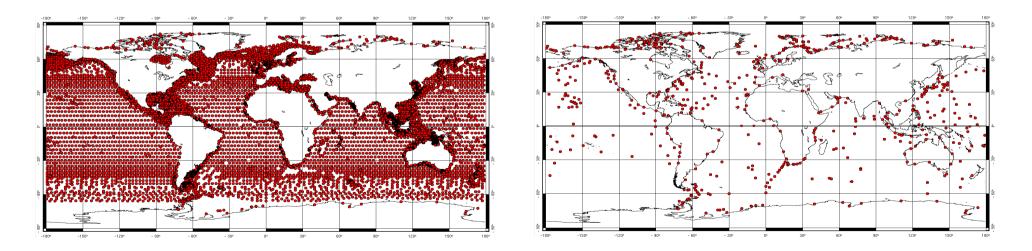
Assimilation

Spectral data assimilation code (SpEnOI)

• Ensemble method within representers approach: perturbations on bathymetry, friction coefficient, wave drag coefficient, minimum bathymetry value, loading effects (=> ~900 members)

Altimetry and TG data

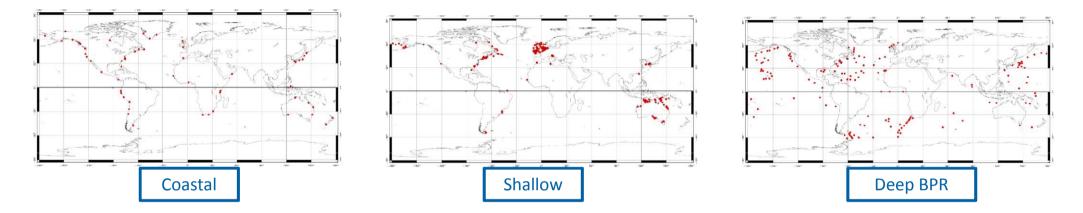
• 12 622 assimilated points for M2, included 600 TG



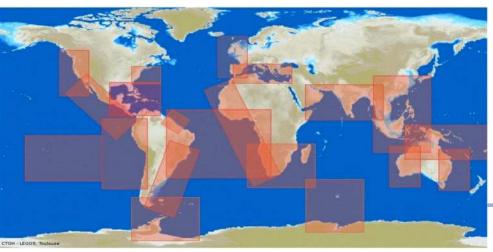
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Spectral validation

• Deep, Shallow, Coastal TG databases used in Stammer et al. paper (2014)



• Altimeter tidal constituants (CTOH) : <u>http://ctoh.legos.obs-mip.fr/products/coastal-products/</u>



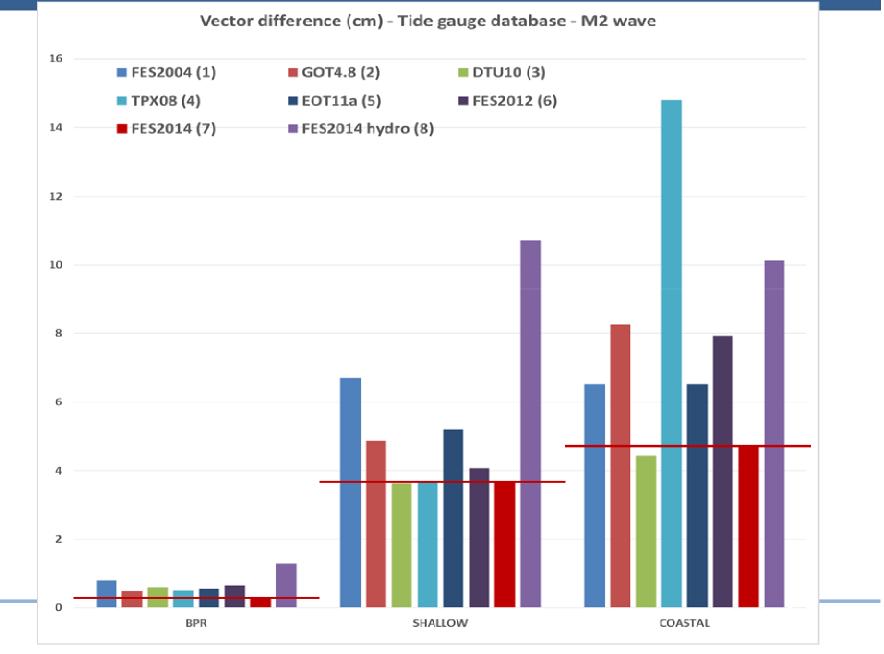


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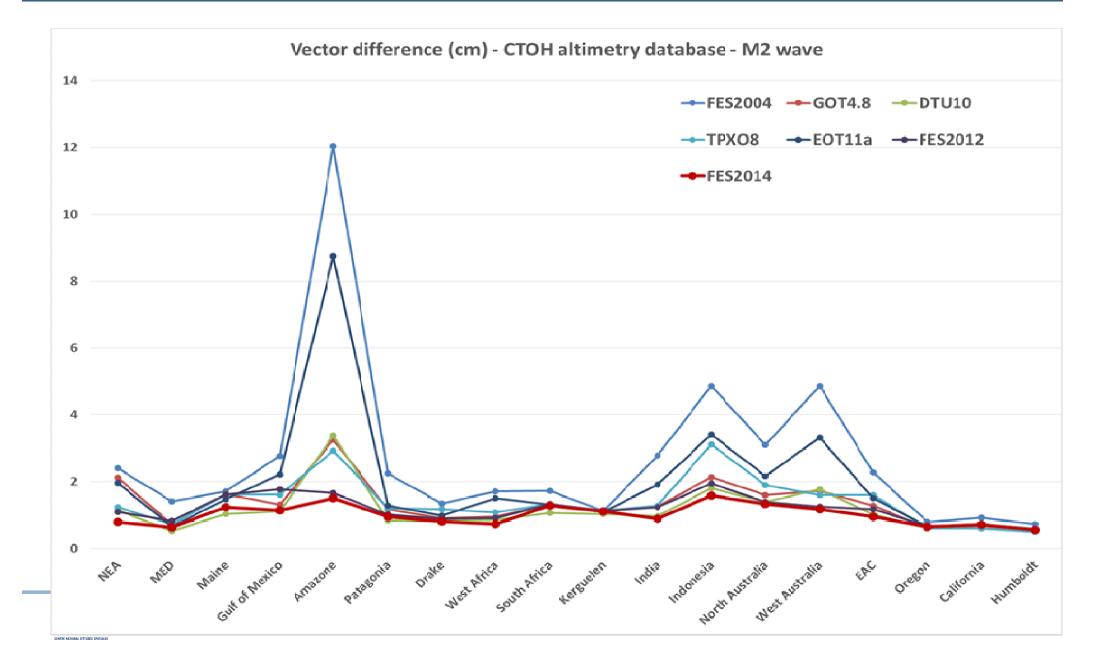
Spectral validation - TG

cnes

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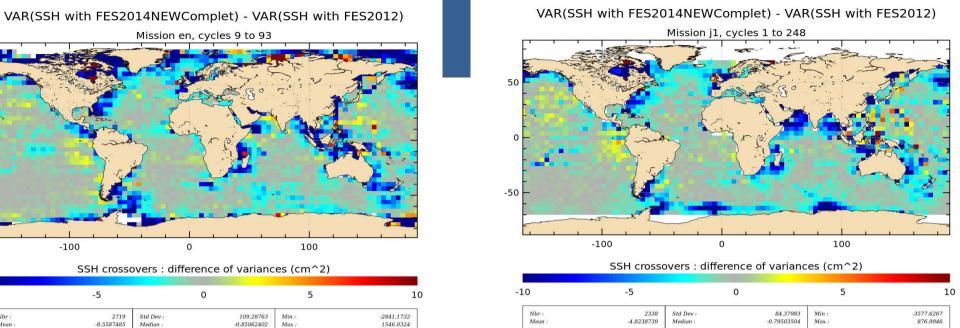


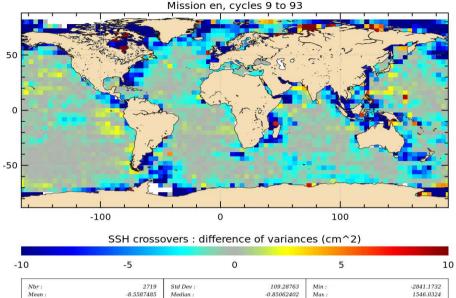
Spectral validation - altimetry



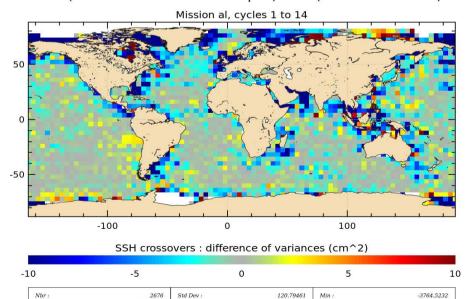
Temporal validation

- Modeling and omission errors
- FES2014 final atlas
 - 34 waves available
 - 15 assimilated: M2, M4, S2, 2N2, K2, N2, K1, O1, P1, Q1, Mu2, Nu2, E2, La2, M4
 - 9 non-linear + 6 long-period
- Performances estimated versus TG databases + global altimetry databases (CLS/CALVAL)
 - Several years of Jason-1, ENVISAT, ALTIKA, CRYOSAT-2
 - Variance reduction analysis at crossovers compared to FES2012, DTU10, TPXO8 and GOT4v8-v10 tide models





VAR(SSH with FES2014NEWComplet) - VAR(SSH with FES2012)



-0.51436726

Max :

852.35299

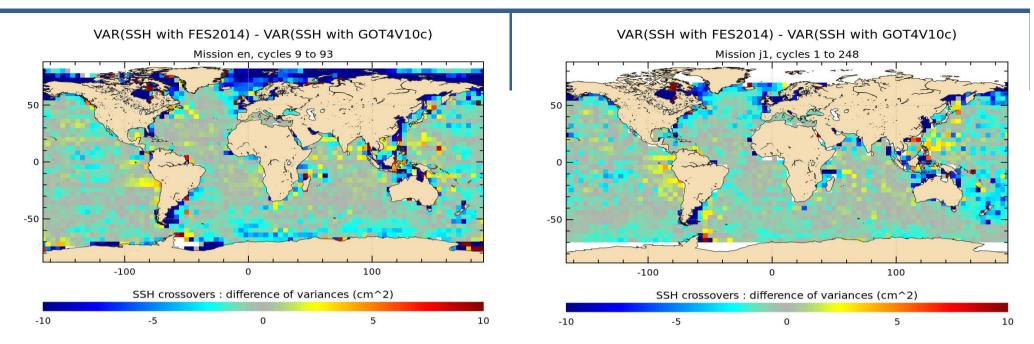
Mean

-9.0575494

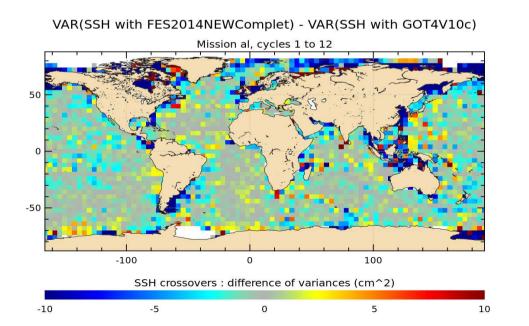
Median

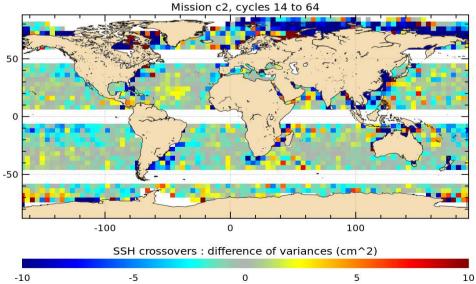
Variance of SSH crossover differences **FES2014 vs FES2012**

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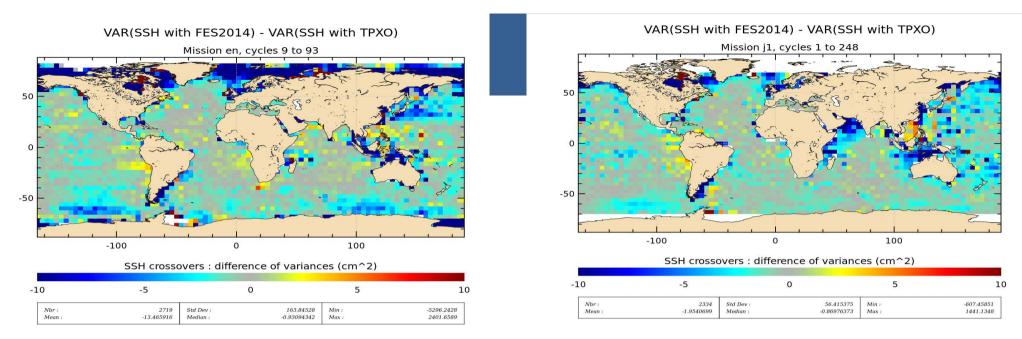


FES2014 vs GOT4v10c Variance of SSH crossover differences

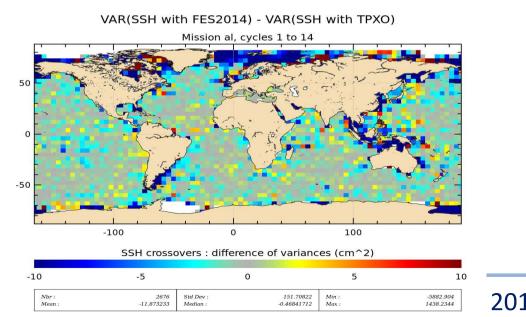


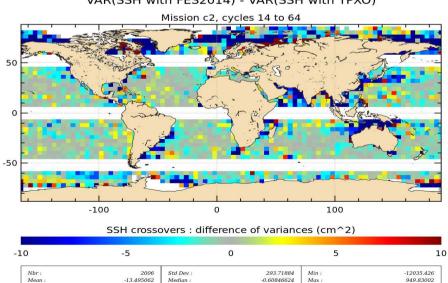


VAR(SSH with FES2014) - VAR(SSH with GOT4V10c)



FES2014 vs TPXO8 Variance of SSH crossover differences





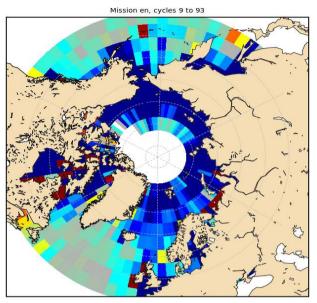
VAR(SSH with FES2014) - VAR(SSH with TPXO)

Arctic

VAR(SSH with FES2014NEWComplet) - VAR(SSH with DTU10)

Mission en, cycles 9 to 93

VAR(SSH with FES2014NEWComplet) - VAR(SSH with GOT4V10)



SSH crossovers : difference of variances (cm^2)

-10

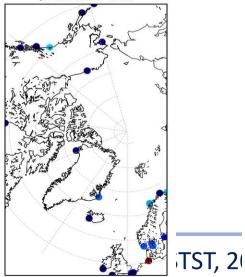
cnes

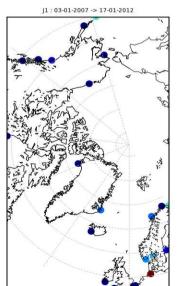
-5	0	5	10 -10	-5

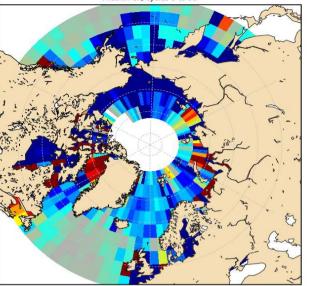
VAR(TG_MAR_FES2014) - VAR(TG_MAR_DTU10)

J1:03-01-2007 -> 17-01-2012

AR(TG_MAR_FES2014) - VAR(TG_MAR_GOT4V1(







SSH crossovers : difference of variances (cm^2)

0

5

10

0 10 20 30

score Atlantic Gulf Constituents.M2.FES2014 final 062015 - complex distance in cm

	M2	К1	N2
FES2014	11.9	1.9	8
DTU10	16.4	2.6	8.6
GOT4v8	14.6	3.3	8.3

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- FES2014 atlas shows a strong improvement compared to previous version FES2012
- FES2014 has better/~ performances than other models for all main waves
- Global temporal validation vs FES2012, DTU10, GOT4.8, TPXO8
 -=> Improvement in coastal/shelf regions, in deep ocean areas and at high latitudes + Arctic

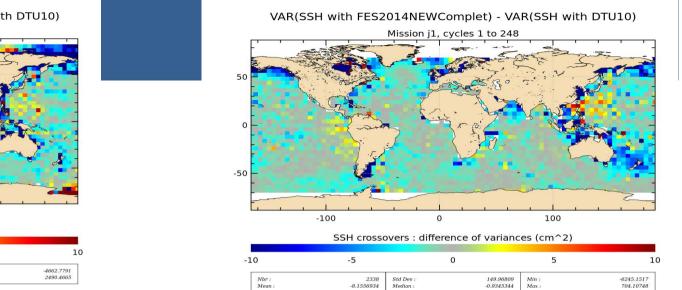
Some more validation diagnostics are still being computed by independent teams also
A specific task has been devoted to the analysis of the 58.77 days MSL signals:
-=> Cf. next presentation from Zawadzki et al.

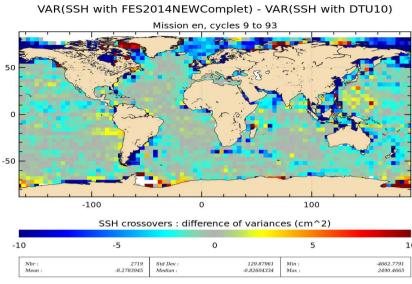
• Tidal currents are being computed and will be available at the same resolution of 1/16°

- Specific validation of the tidal currents is planned in 2016 around Australia
- Specific FES2014 loading tide will be computed within next monthes
- Scientific paper on FES2014 atlas should be submitted within next monthes

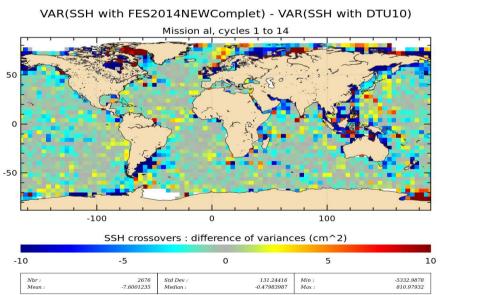
• More slides ...

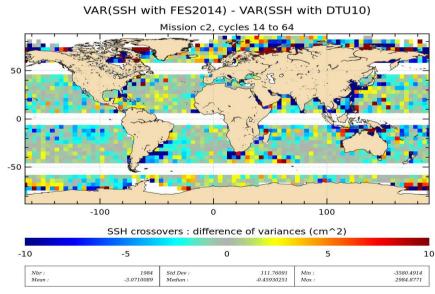




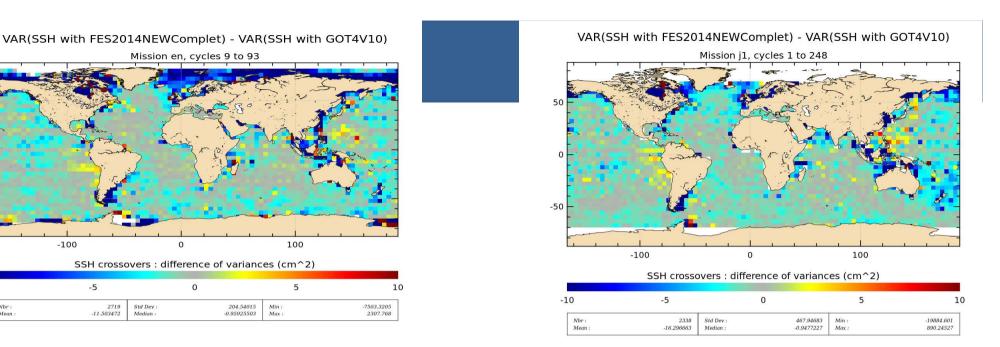


FES2014 vs DTU10 SSH





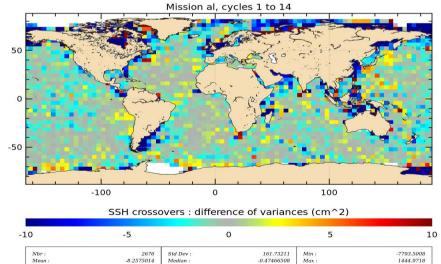
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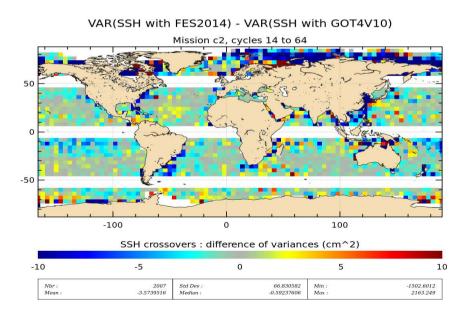
FES2014 vs GOT4V8-10







-0.47466508





50

-50

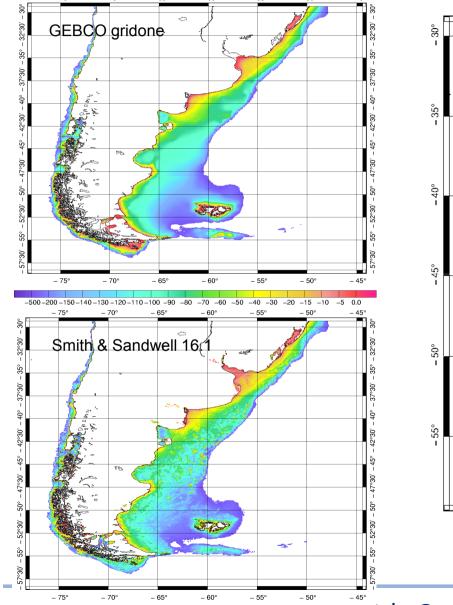
-10

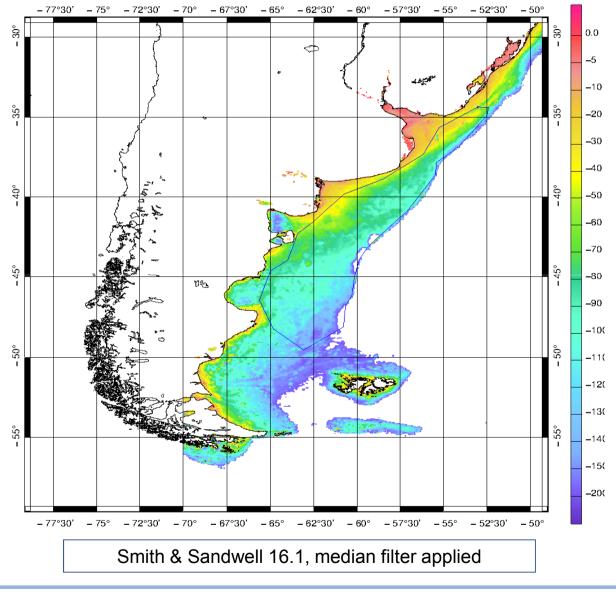
Nbr : Mean :

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1444.9718

Zoom on Patagonian shelf





-500-201-150-140-130-120-110-100-90 -80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 -20 -15 -10 -5 0.0 **3**th, October 2015, Reston, VA, USA