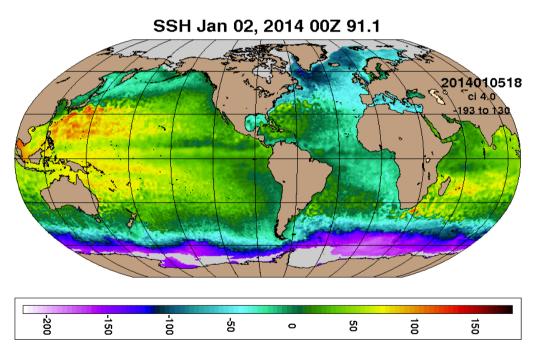
Impact of AltiKa Observations on Operational Models

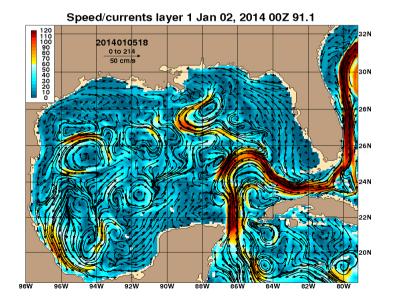


James Richman and Gregg Jacobs Oceanography Division Naval Research Laboratory



1/12.5 Operational Global Ocean Forecast System using Global HYbrid Ocean Coordinate Model (HYCOM) assimilating SSH, SST and in situ T,S profiles

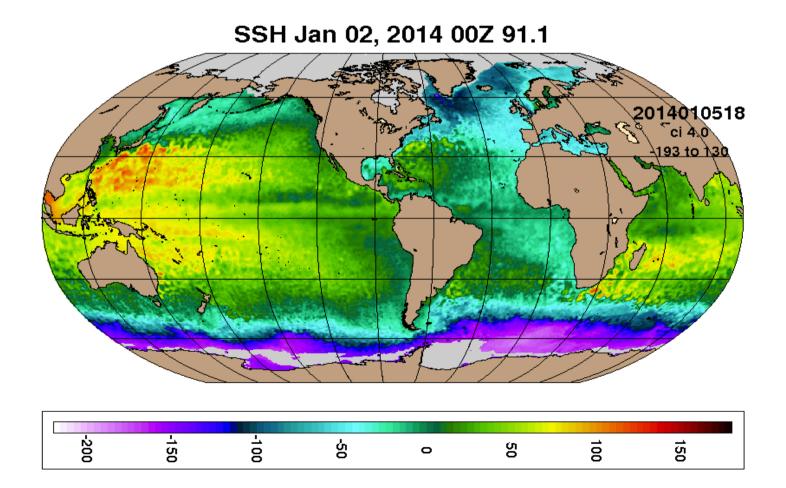




Navy Global Ocean Forecast System (GOFS)

NRL is developing and improving the US Navy Real-Time Ocean Forecast model. The model makes 7 day forecasts every day using the HYbrid Coordinate Ocean Model (HYCOM) and the Navy Coupled Ocean Data Assimilation (NCODA) 3DVar system. Altimetric SSH is a critical input to this system. NRL has a quality control system which monitors the input data. AltiKa has been added to this system.



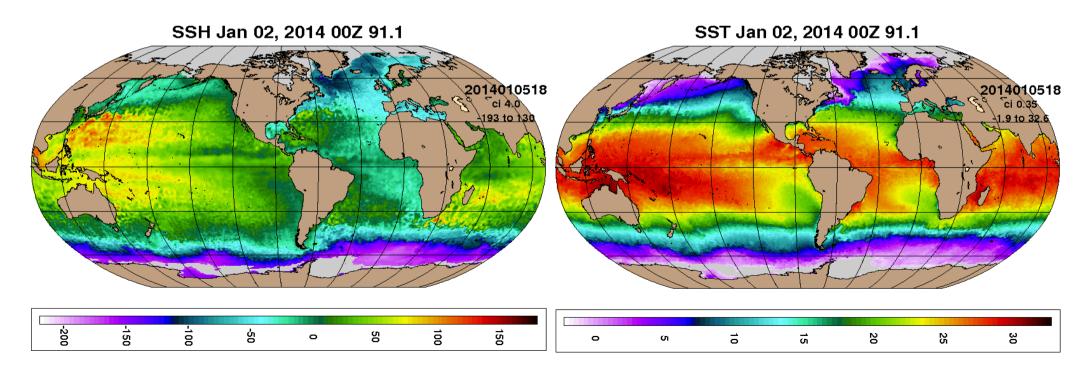


Monitoring AltiKa is part of the QC for the Global Ocean Forecast System



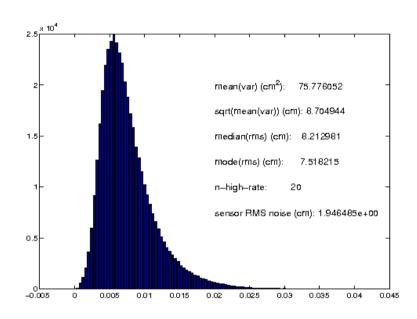
AltiKa is performing as well as Jason-2 providing SSHA to the real-time forecast model. The addition of a second altimeter has a significant impact on the forecast skill of the model.

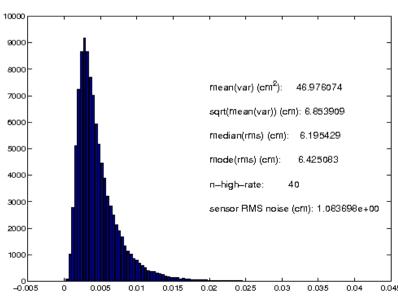
The same system can be used retrospectively to compare the performance of AltiKa and Jason-2 over the first year of AltiKa. This comparison is based upon the operational GDRs for both altimeters.



Precision Monitoring







- Sensor performance is monitored in the Altimeter Processing System (ALPS)
- Sensor noise is estimated from the variance about a linear fit of the 20 or 40 hz data over 1 second

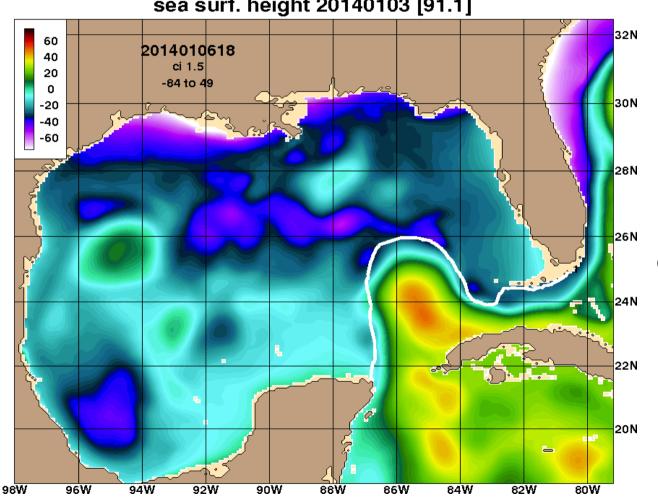
Jason-2 has <2 cm RMS noise over the year

AltiKa has ~1 cm RMS noise over the year

Impact of AltiKa Data on Ocean Models



sea surf. height 20140103 [91.1]



ALPS is used to prepare the altimeter data for assimilation into ocean models.

A set of twin experiments are performed where all data are assimilated in the control

One experiment assimilates AltiKa data only and another experiment assimilates Jason-2 data only

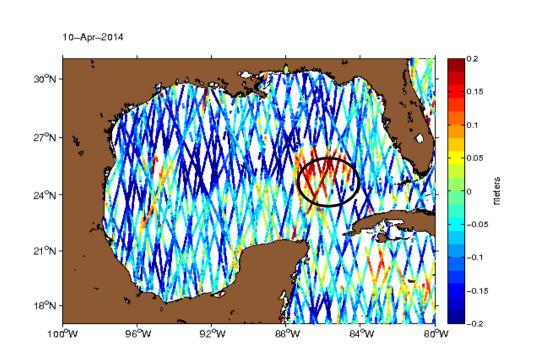
Impact of AltiKa assessed by root mean square differences between the control and experiments with denied data

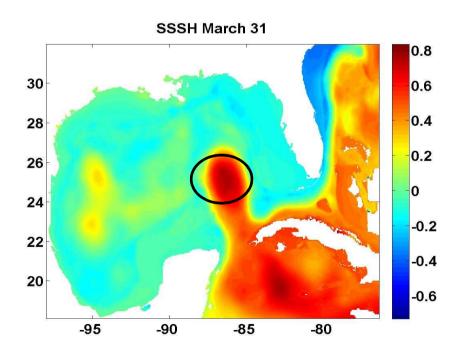


Gulf of Mexico Nowcast

Altimeter Data Available between 3/6 – 4/10/2014

Steric Sea Surface Height from regional HYCOM assimilating all altimeter data

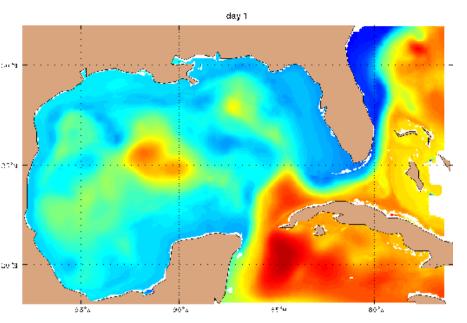


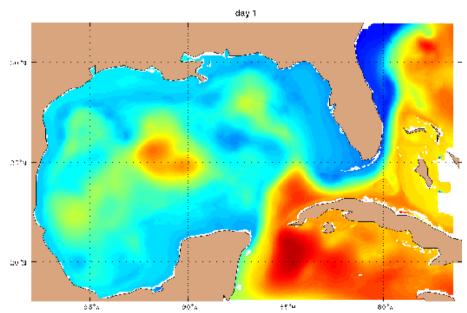


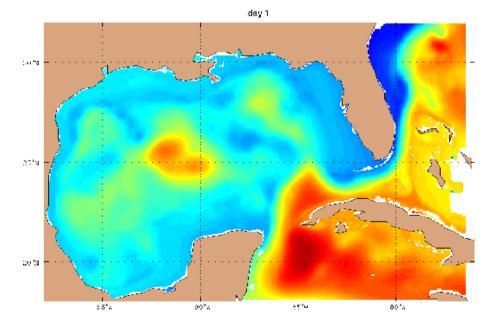
Wide spacing of Jason-2 tracks allows features to fall between tracks Thus, sensor performance is only part of the altimeter impact

Impact of Altimeter Data on model performance

Control
Assimilating All
Altimeter Data



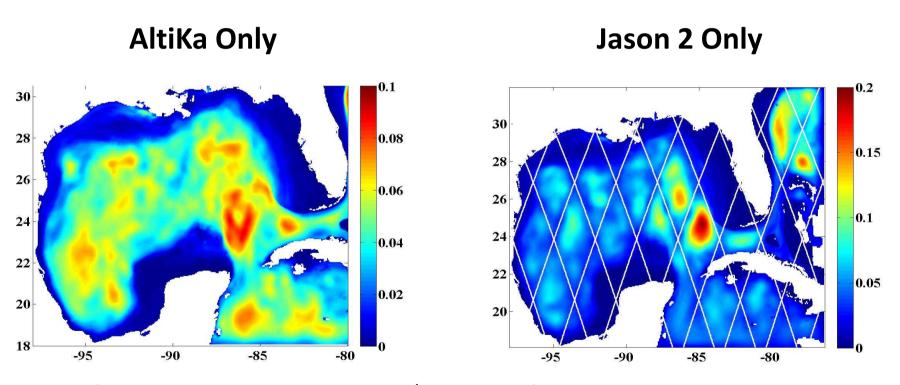




Assimilating AltiKa Data Only

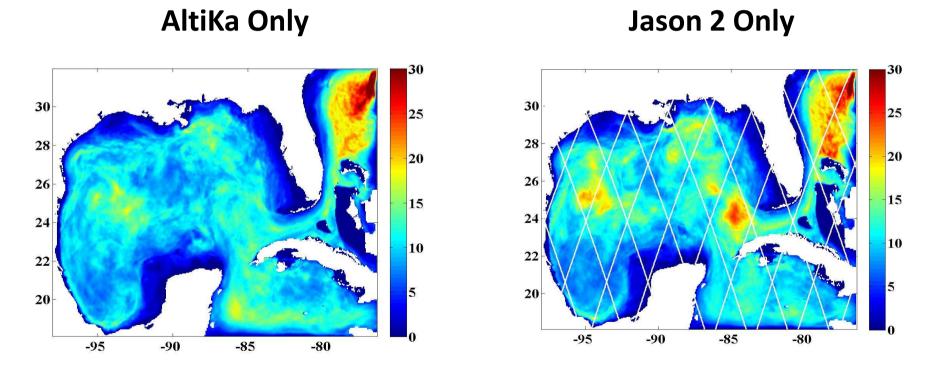
Assimilating Jason2 Data Only

Steric SSH Root Mean Square Error for Sept 2013 thru April 2014 between model assimilating only one altimeter and all altimeter data



RMSE for the AltiKa only nowcast is ~1/2 the MSE for the Jason 2 only nowcast For the Jason 2 only nowcast the RMSE is large between the altimeter tracks Orbital sampling may be responsible for much of the difference

Mixed Layer Depth Root Mean Square Error for Sept 2013 thru April 2014 between model assimilating only one altimeter and all altimeter data

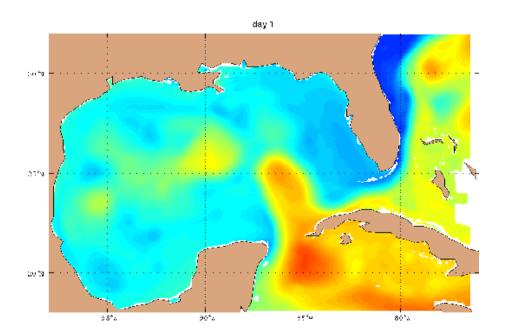


Mixed Layer Depth RMSE is much smaller for AltiKa only compared to Jason-2 only consistent with the better description of the Loop Current and shed eddies

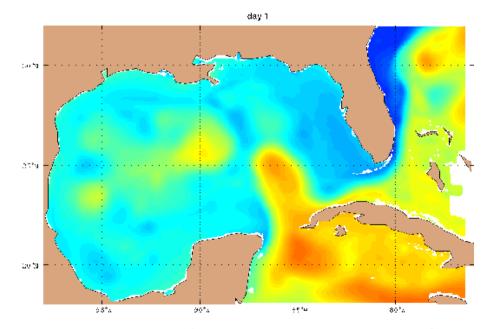
Impact of Altimeter Data on model performance replacing Altika with Envisat Same Orbit but more noise

contraction of the second of t

Control Assimilating All Altimeter Data

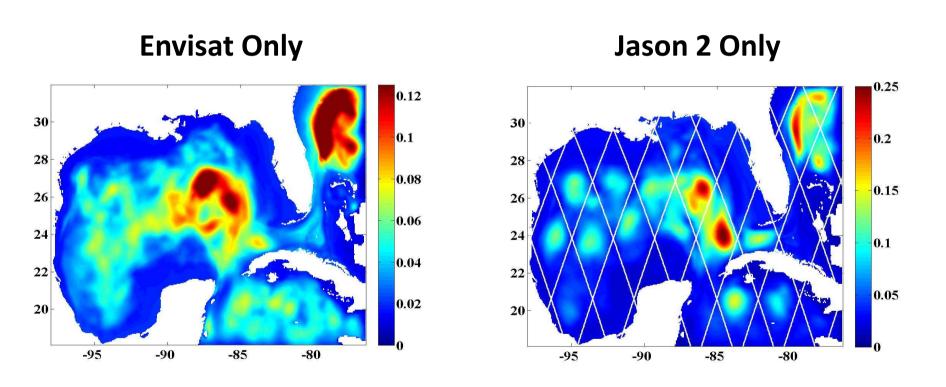


Assimilating Envisat Data Only



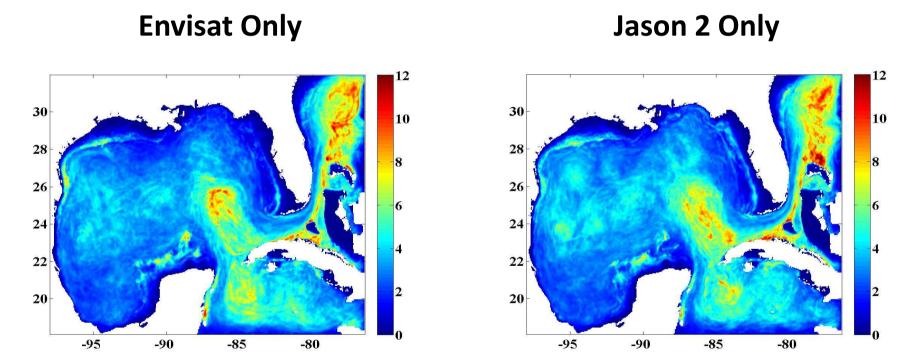
Assimilating Jason2 Data Only

SSH Root Mean Square Error for April thru Sept 2009 between model assimilating only one altimeter and all altimeter data



Similar to the Altika experiments, the RMSE for the Envisat only nowcast is ~1/2 the RMSE for the Jason 2 only nowcast, but larger than the Altika only nowcast For the Jason 2 only nowcast the RMSE is large between the altimeter tracks

Mixed Layer Depth Root Mean Square Error for April thru Sept 2009 between model assimilating only one altimeter and all altimeter data



Mixed Layer Depth RMSE is similar for Envisat only compared to Jason-2 only However, the result may be misleading since the MLD is very shallow during the summertime

Monitoring AltiKa is part of the QC for the Global Ocean Forecast System



Using the realtime monitoring system, the first year of AltiKa can be compared to Jason-2 for the same time period.

AltiKa performance is comparable to Jason-2
AltiKa has lower sensor noise
Jason-2 has a slightly lower crossover difference

AltiKa has a greater impact than Jason-2 providing SSHA to the realtime forecast model. The impact is mostly due to the closer track spacing of AltiKa, since an experiment replacing AltiKa with Envisat gives similar results