

Up to which extent can we characterize ocean eddies using present-day altimetric products?

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Motivation

Satellite Sea Level Anomaly (SLA) products

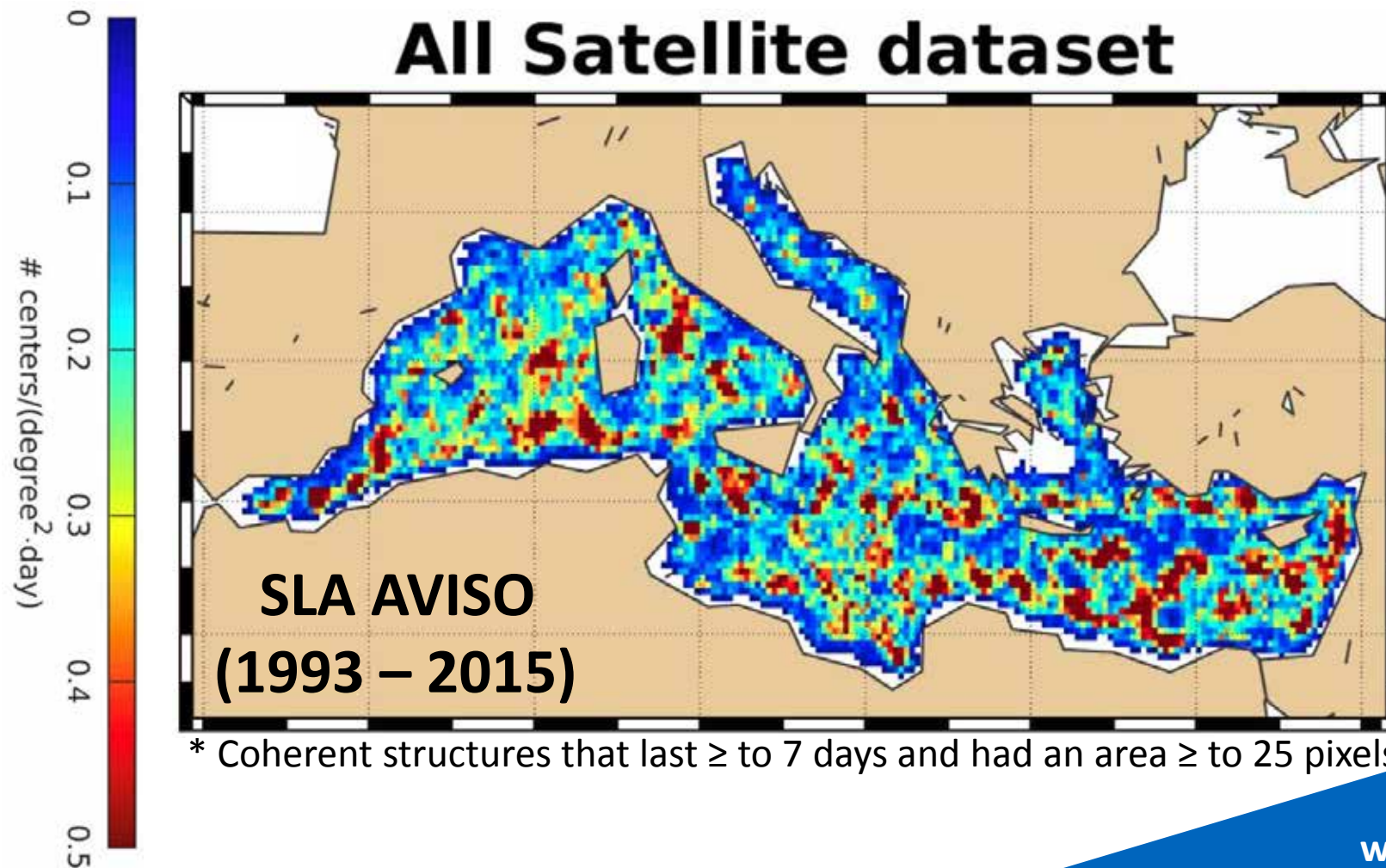
+

Eddy Detection and Tracking Algorithms:

- Statistics of eddy properties (density, amplitude, ...).
- Horizontal structure at surface (2D).
- 3D structure combining SLA with Argo profiles.
- Computation of eddy transport (volume, heat, salt, ...).
- ...

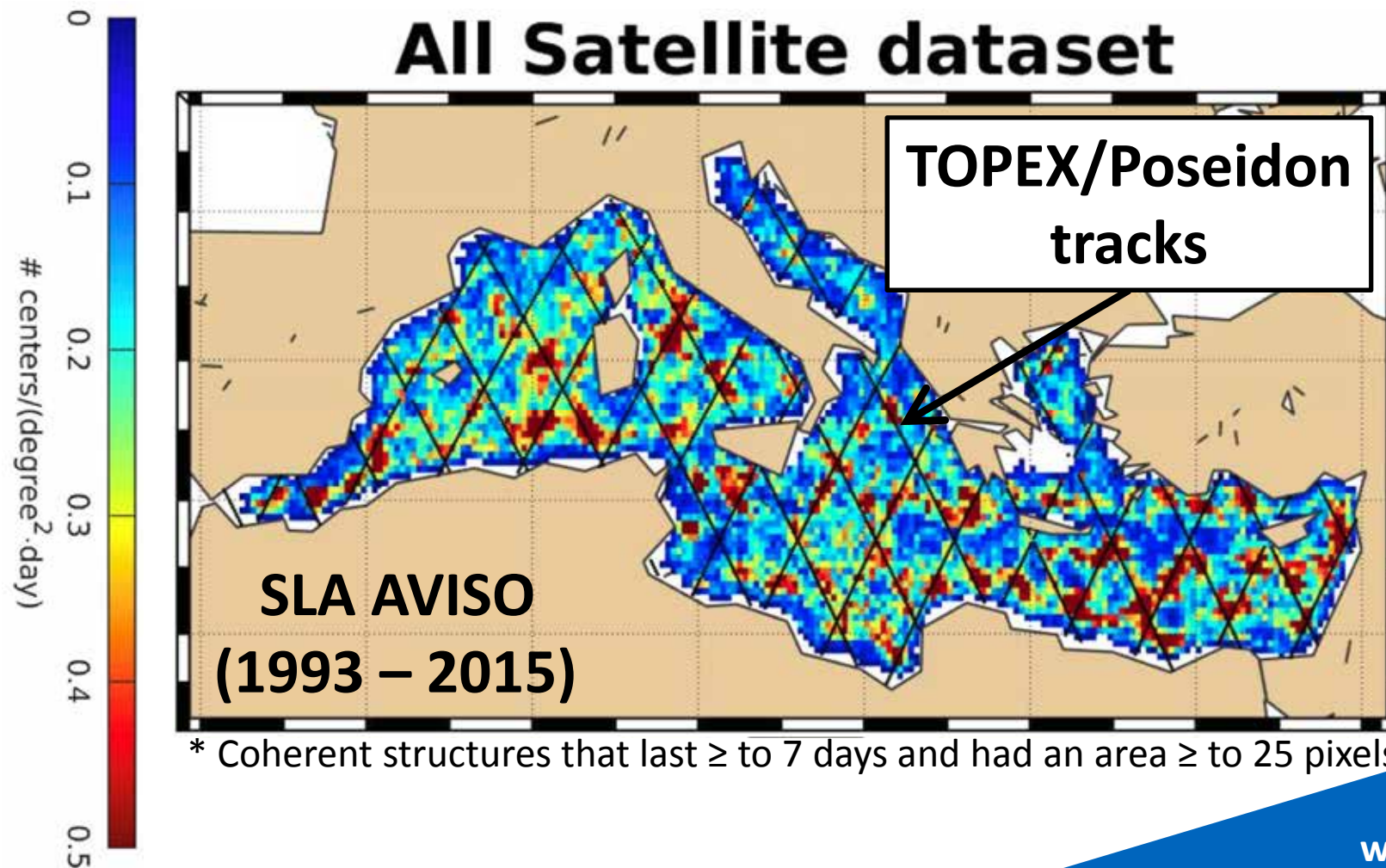
Motivation

Computing the # of eddies* in the Mediterranean:



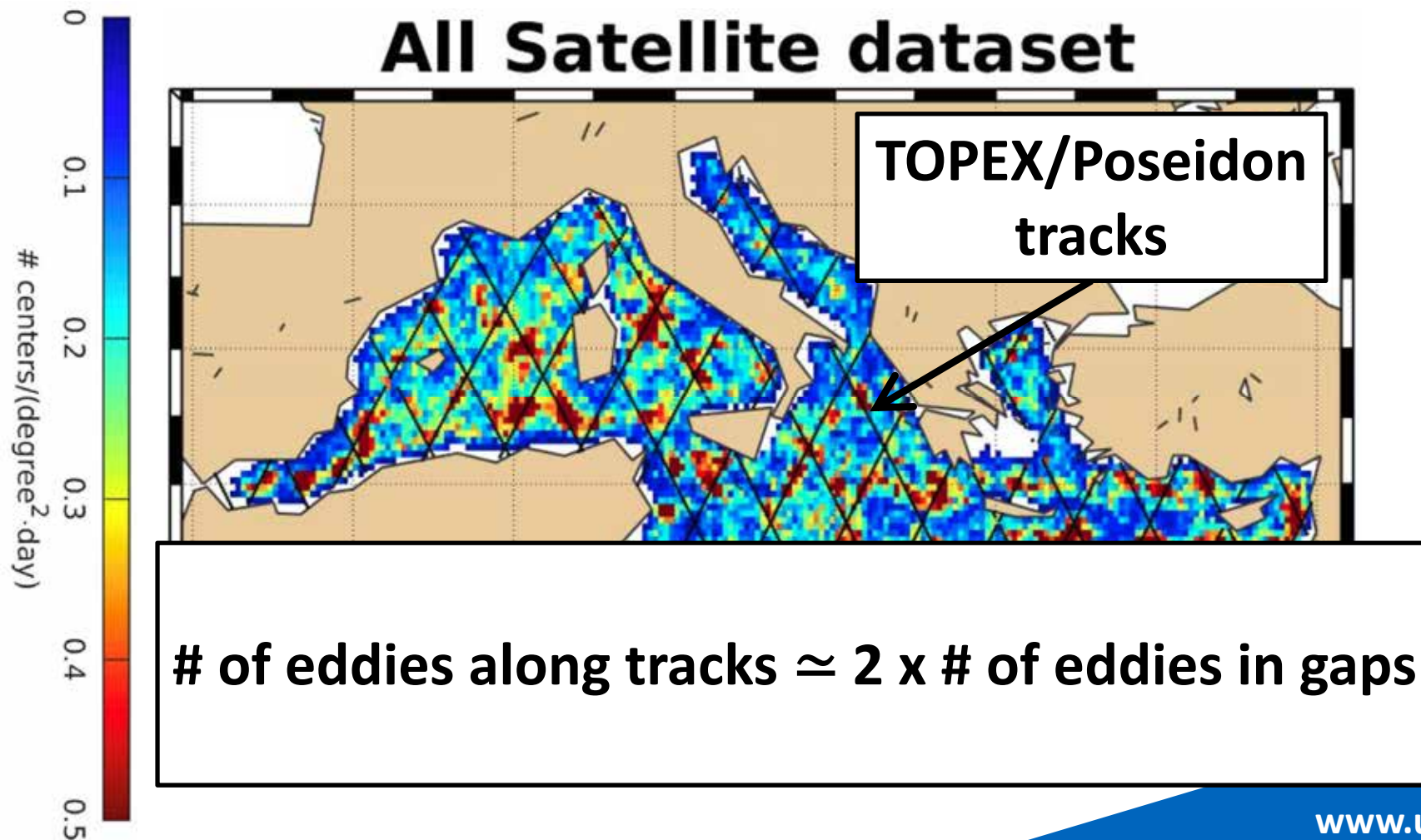
Motivation

Computing the # of eddies* in the Mediterranean:



Motivation

Computing the # of eddies* in the Mediterranean:



Methodology

SLA from High
Res. Model

Truth

Methodology

Two regions:

SLA from High
Res. Model

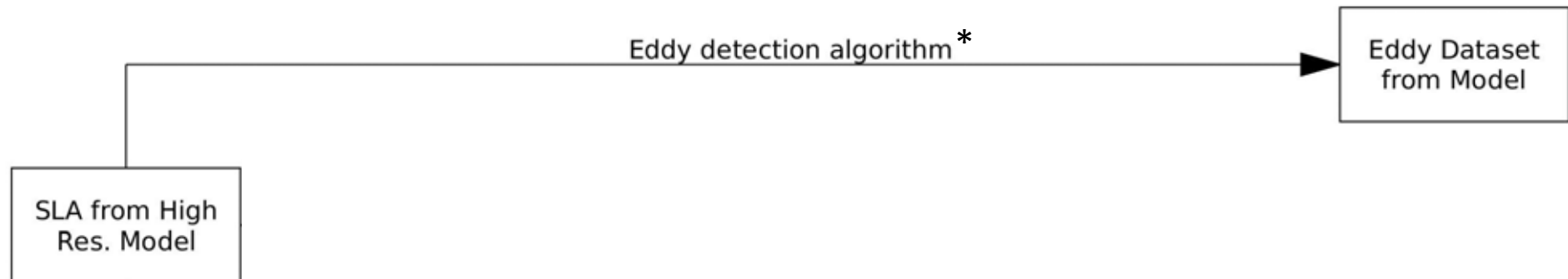
➤ **Mediterranean sea:**

- NEMO.
- 10 years of daily fields.
- **$dx = 1/32^\circ$**
- 75 vertical levels.

➤ **North Atlantic ocean:**

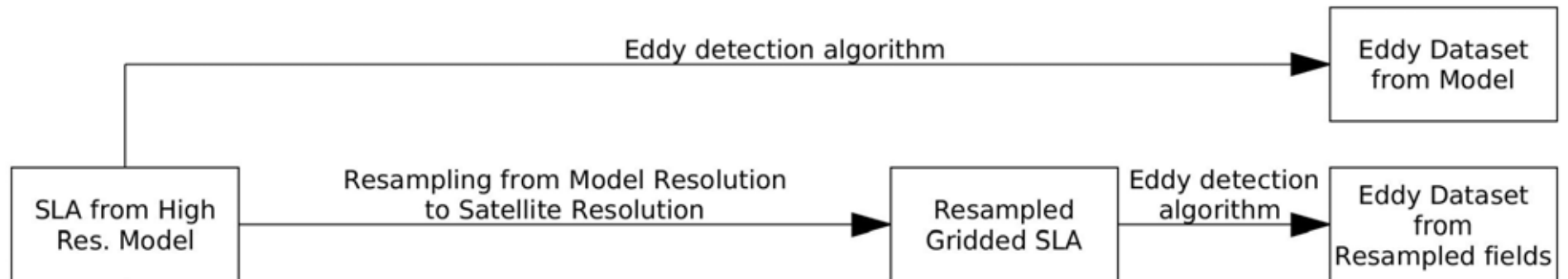
- NATL60.
- 13 months of daily fields.
- **$dx = 1/60^\circ$**
- 300 vertical levels.

Methodology

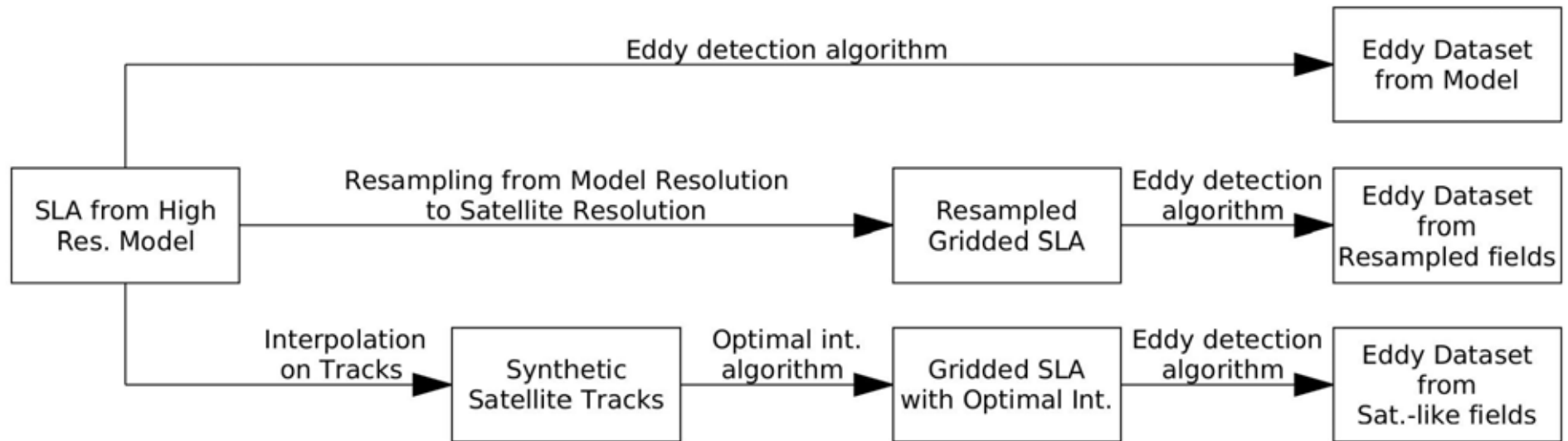


* Faghmous, J. H., I. Frenger, Y. Yao, R. Warmka, A. Lindell, and V. Kumar (2015),
A daily global mesoscale ocean eddy dataset from satellite altimetry,
Sci. Data, 2, doi:10.1038/sdata.2015.28

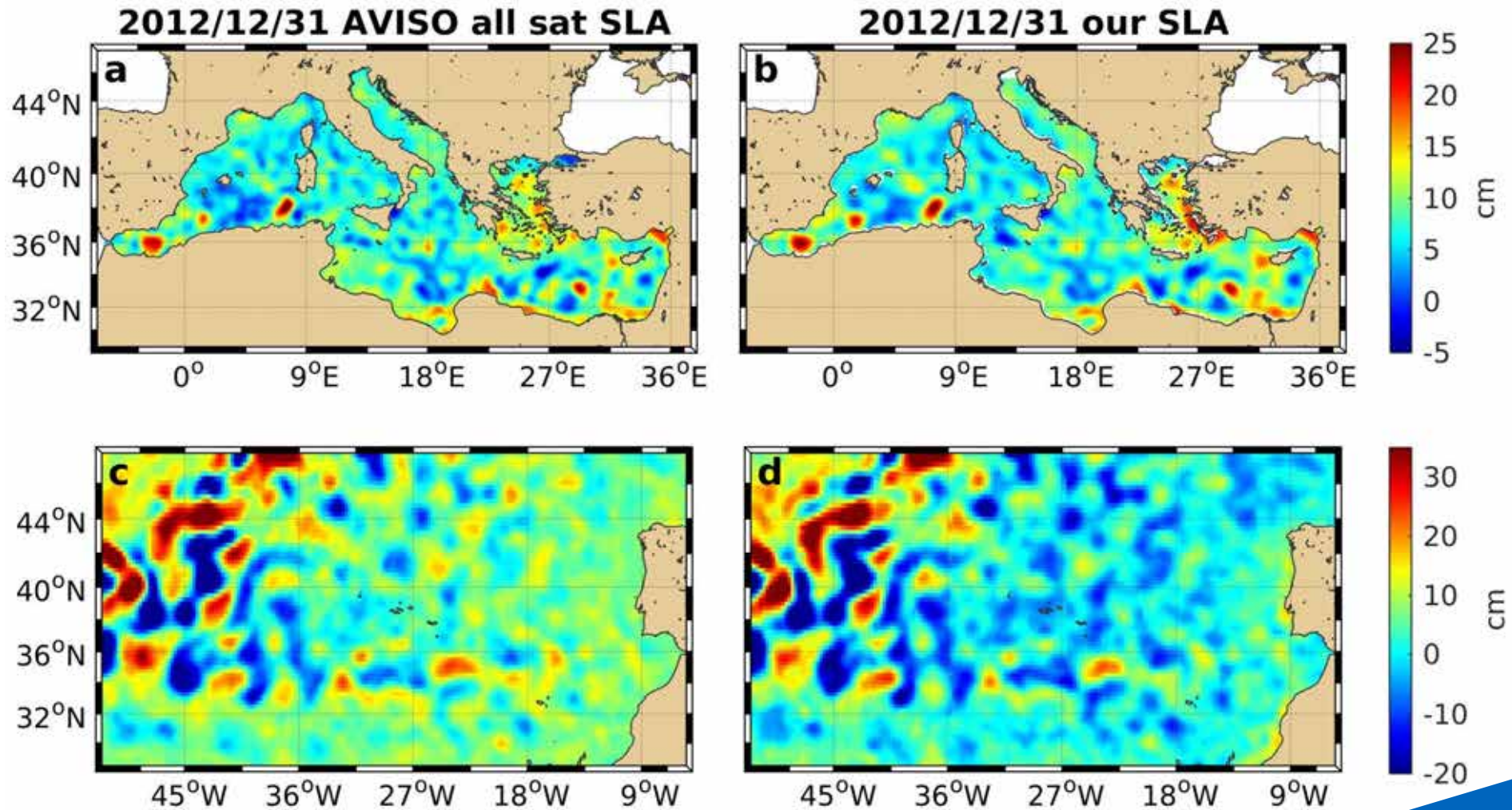
Methodology



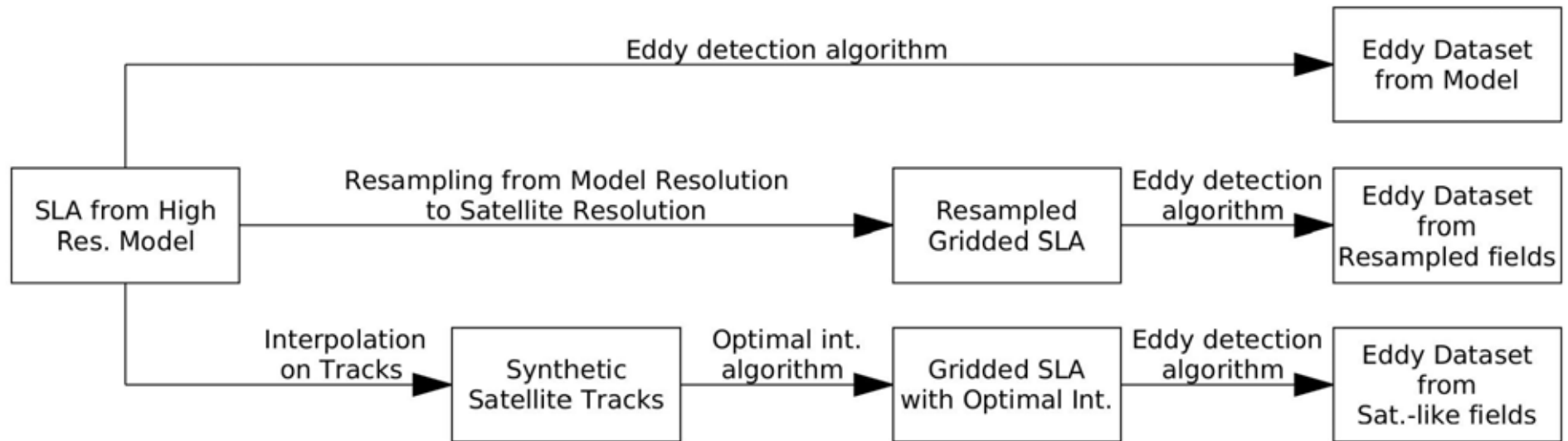
Methodology



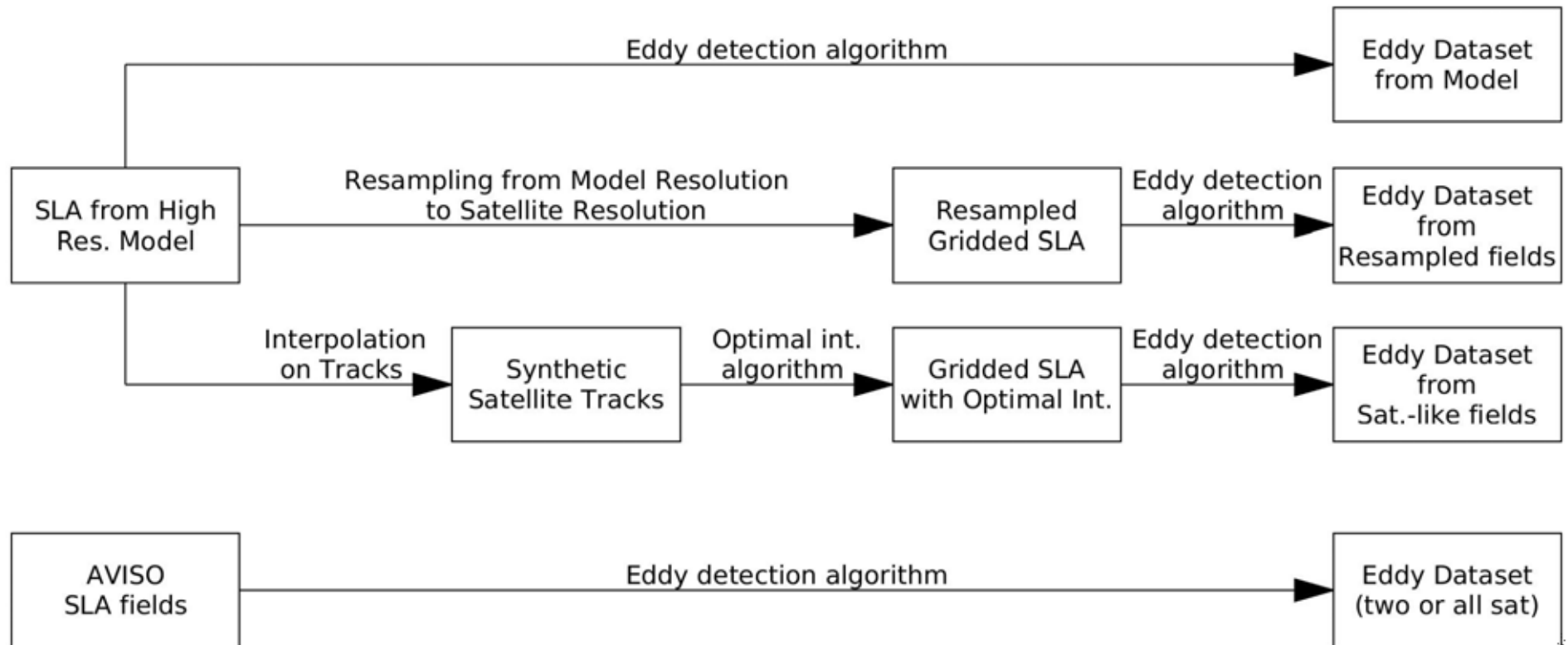
Methodology



Methodology



Methodology

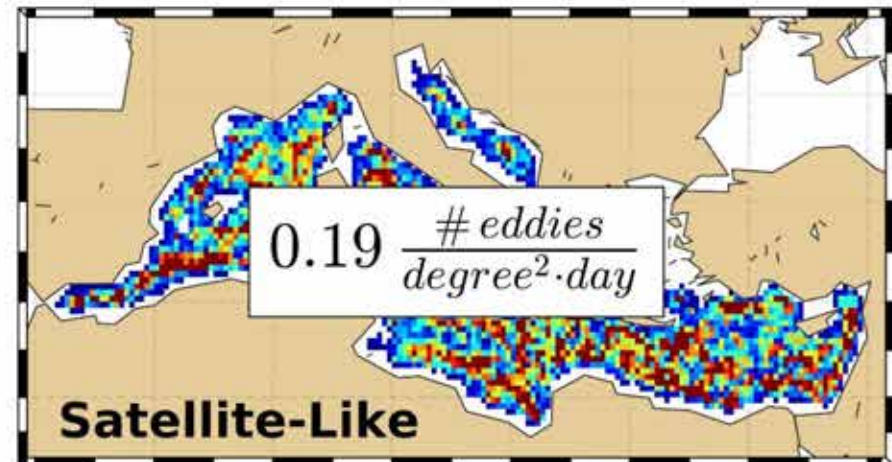
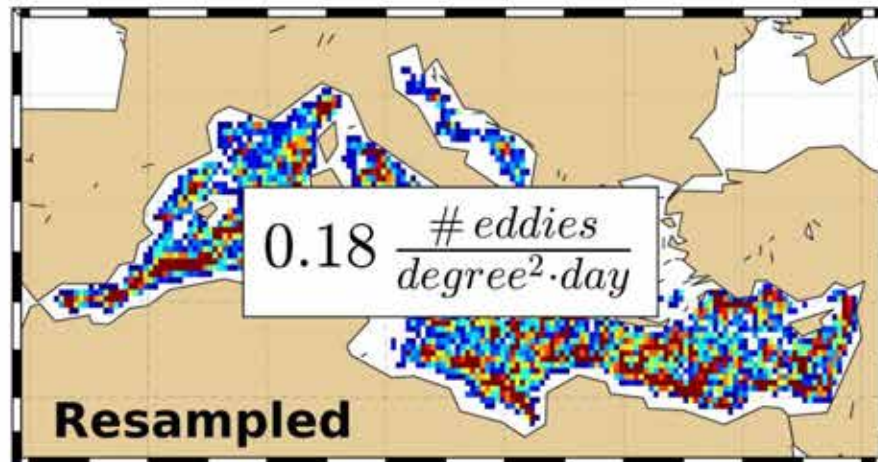
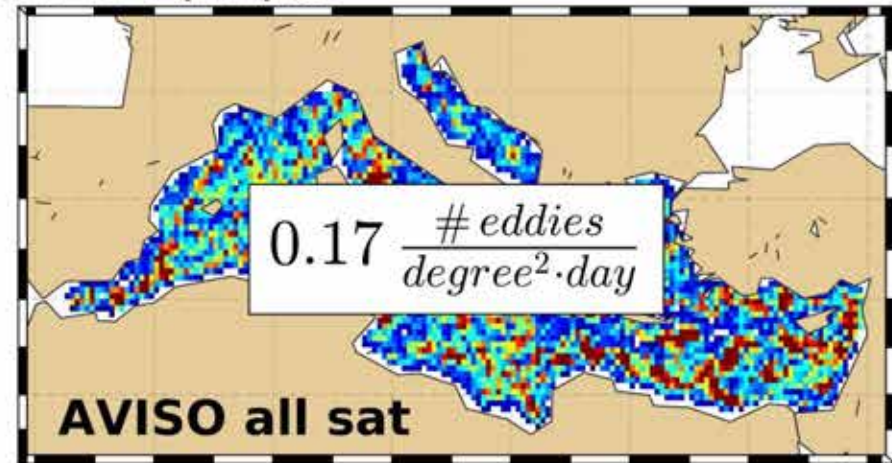
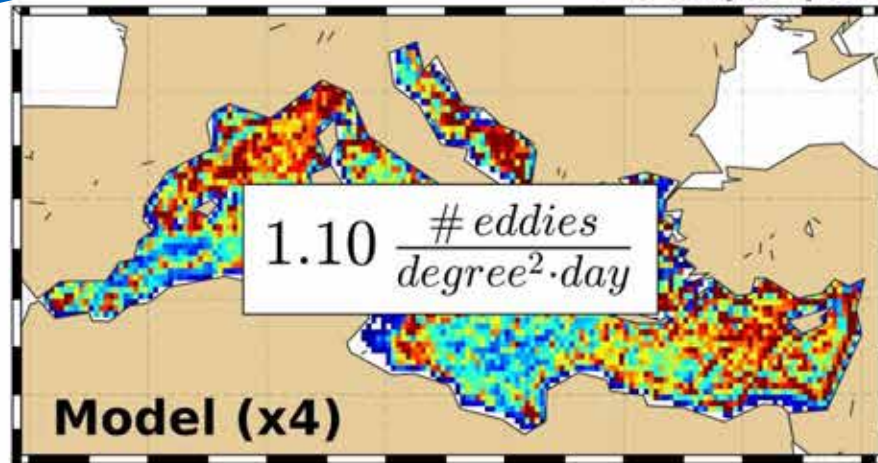




Results

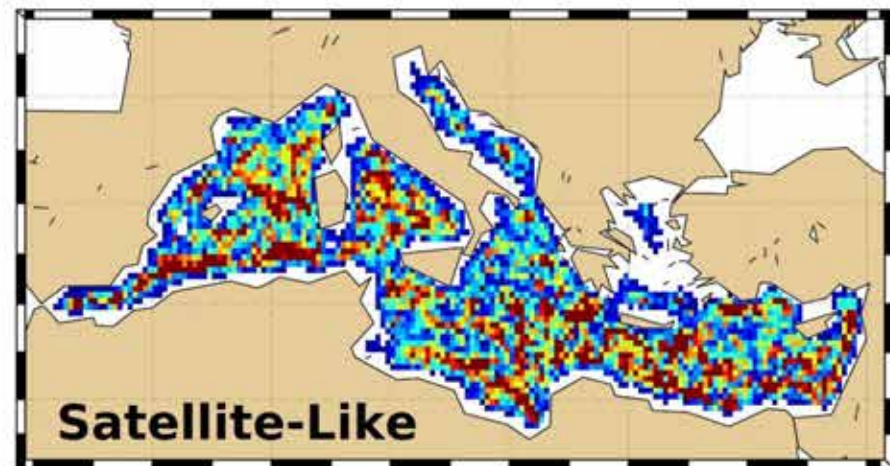
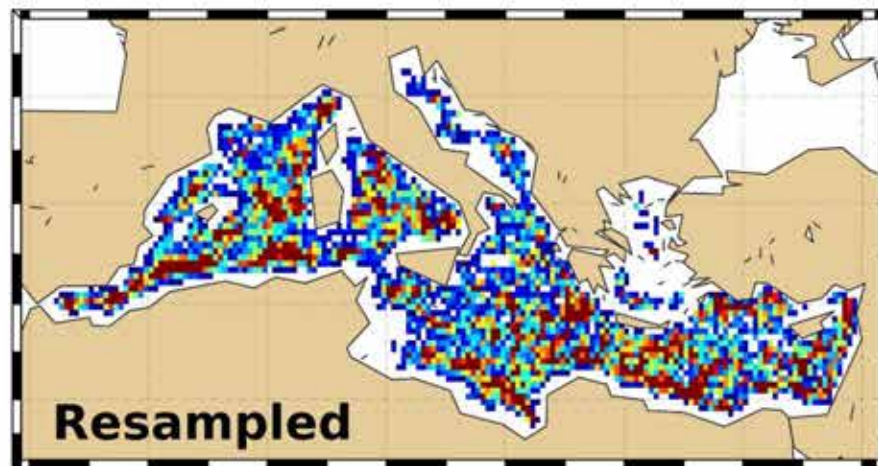
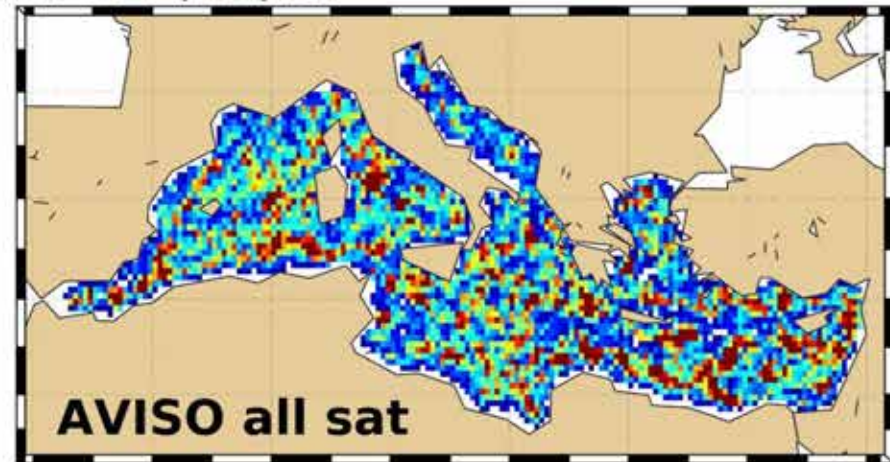
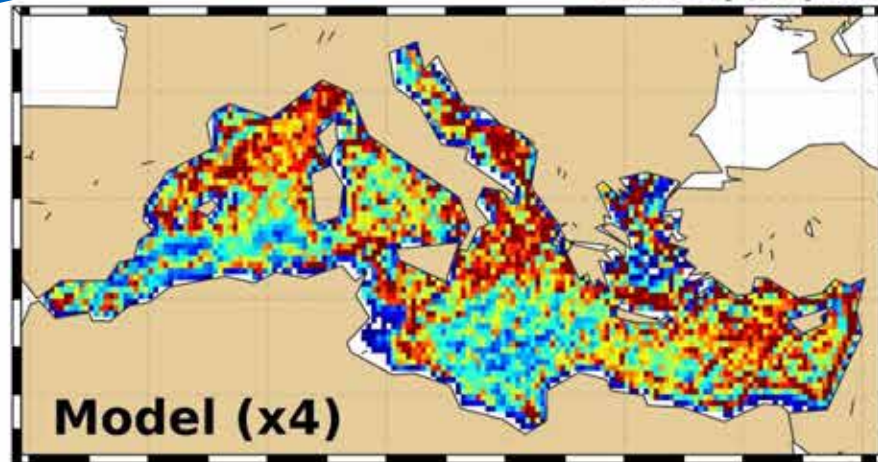
Results

Density of eddies
2004/01/01 to 2012/12/31



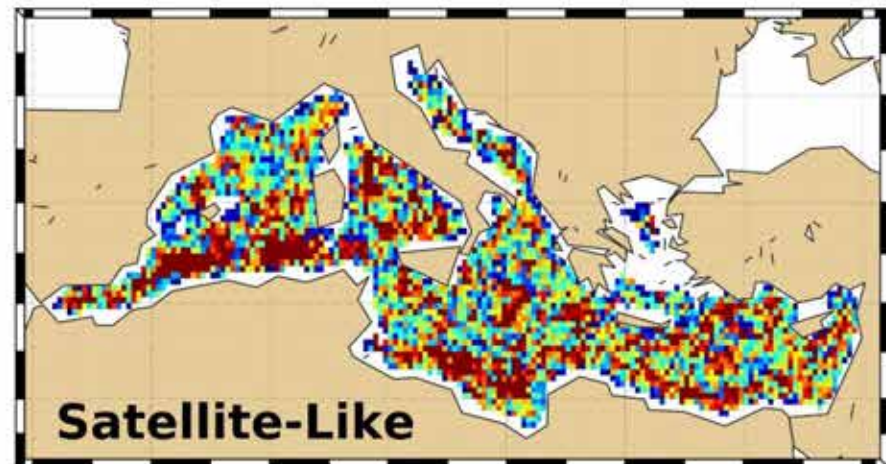
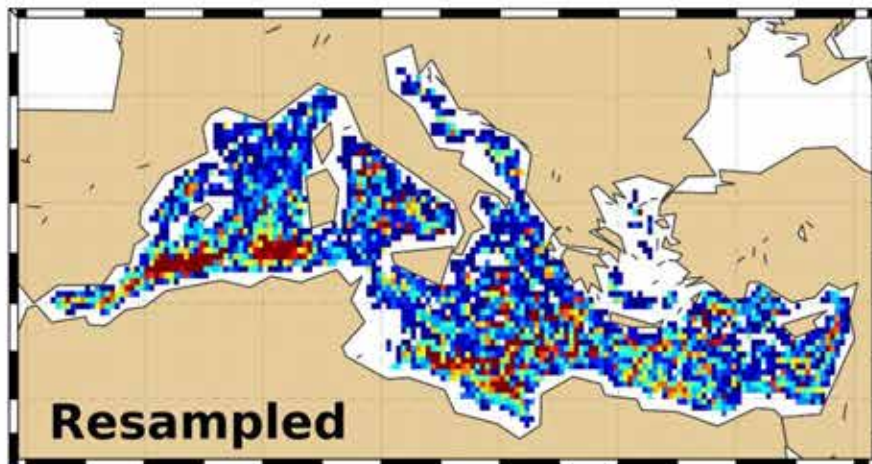
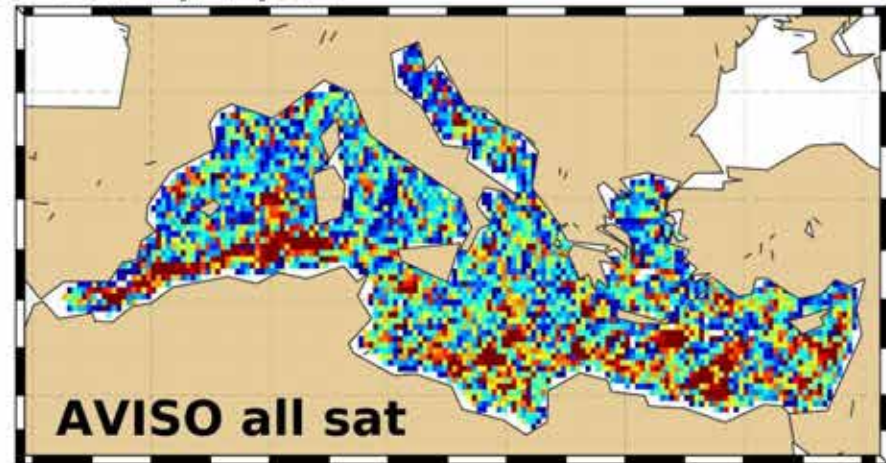
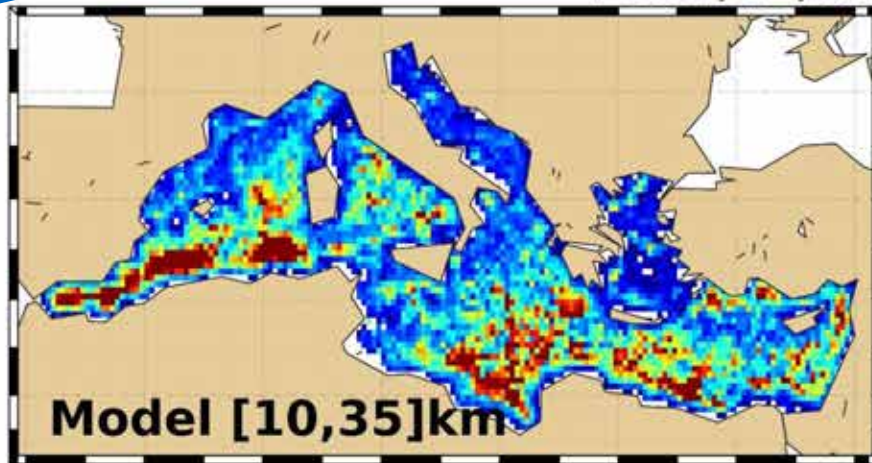
Results

Density of eddies
2004/01/01 to 2012/12/31



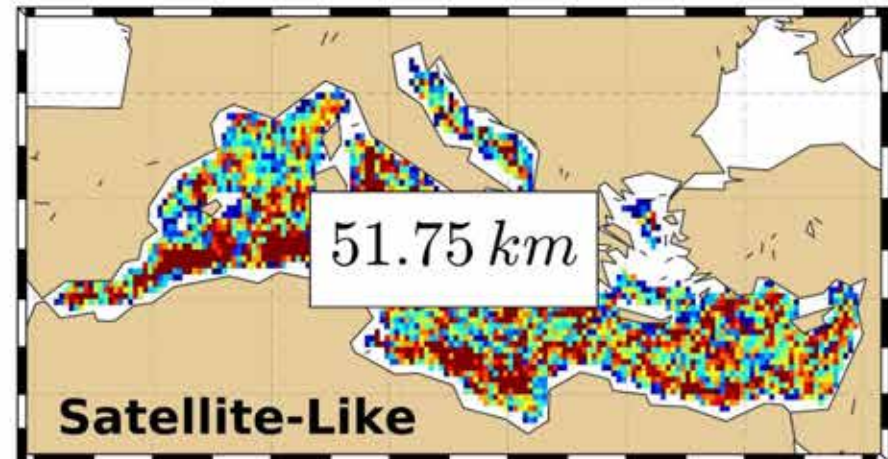
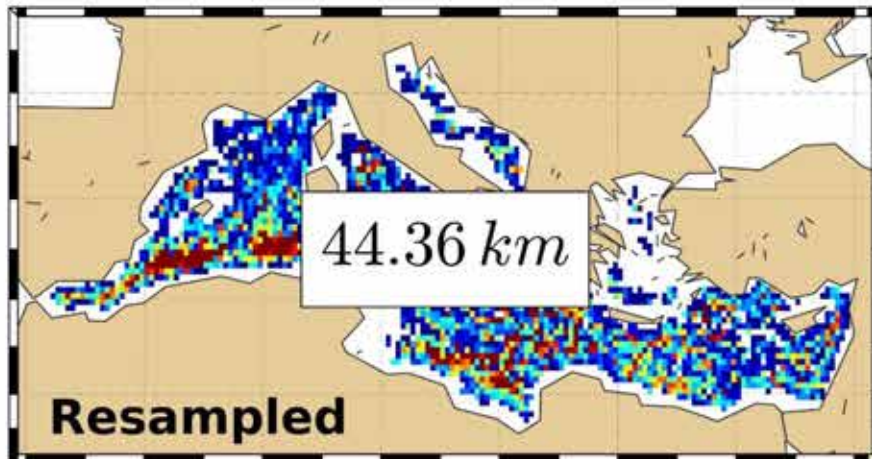
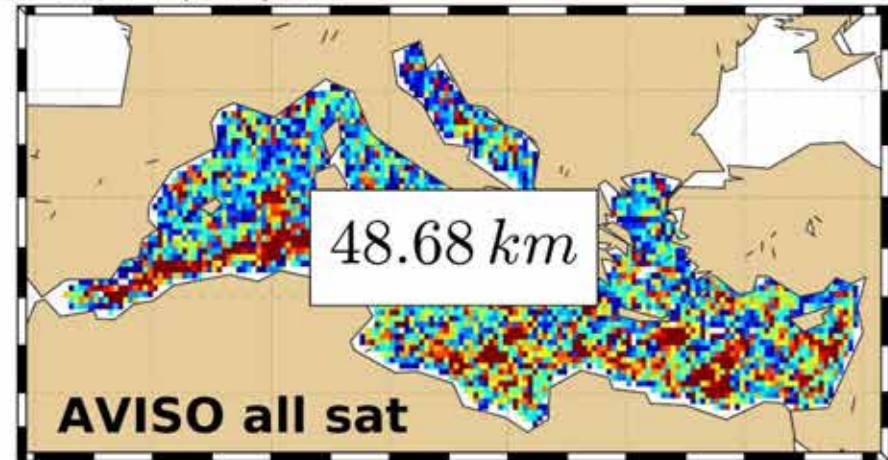
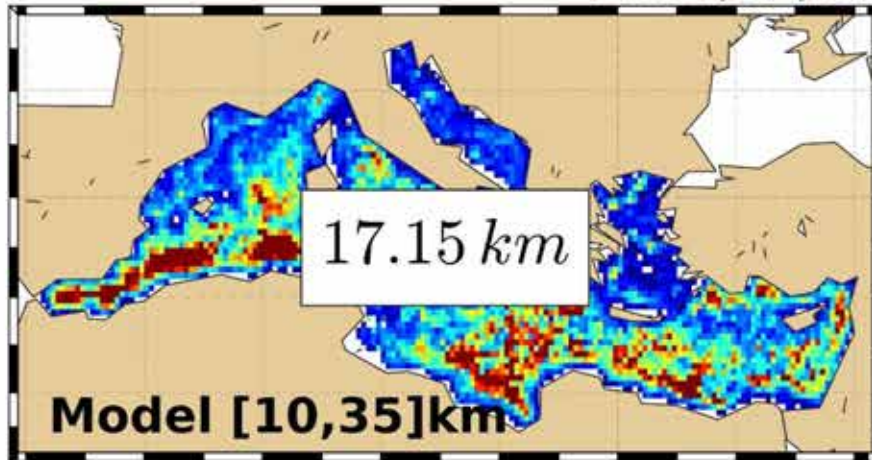
Results

Radius of eddies
2004/01/01 to 2012/12/31



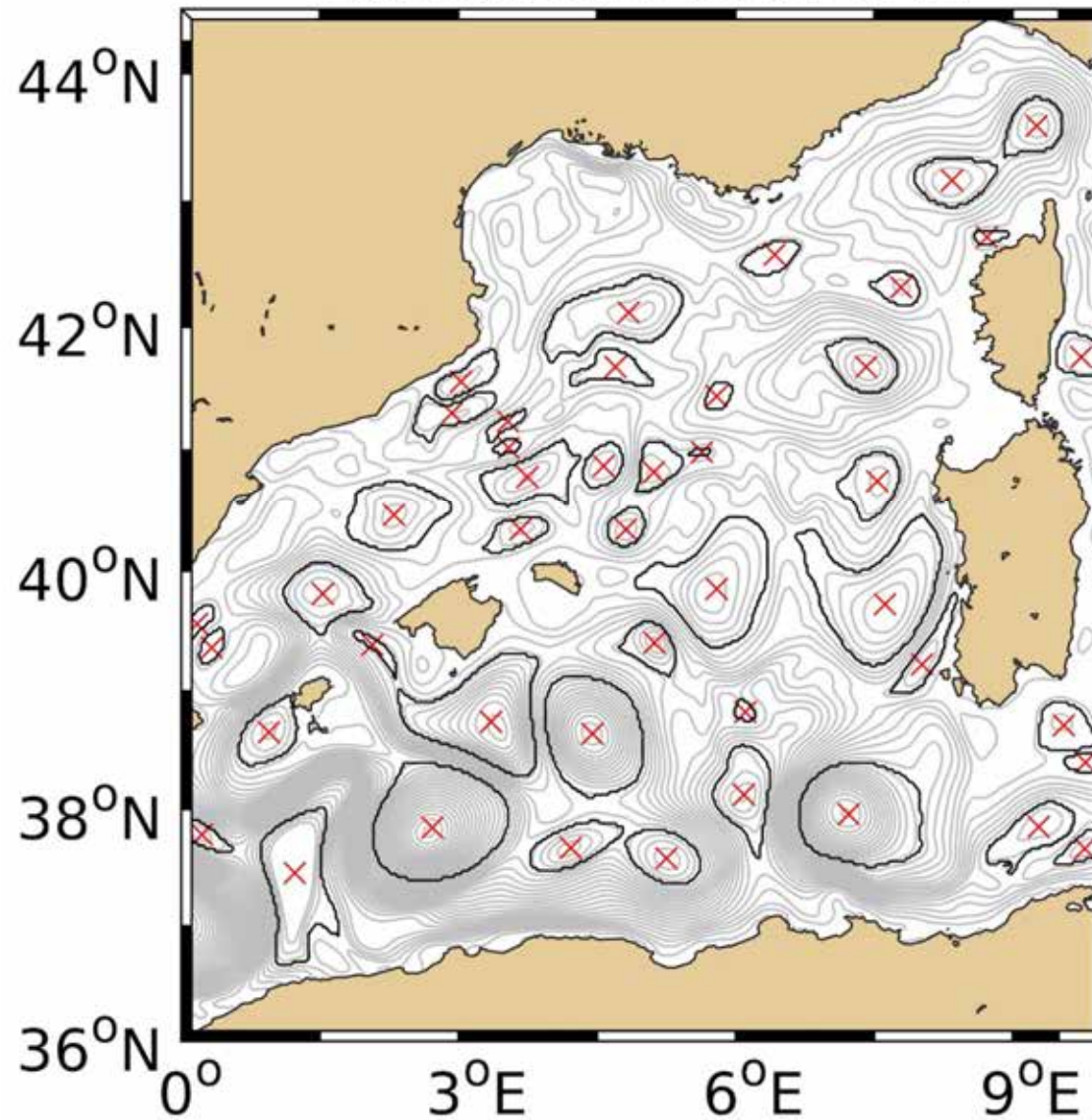
Results

Radius of eddies
2004/01/01 to 2012/12/31



Results

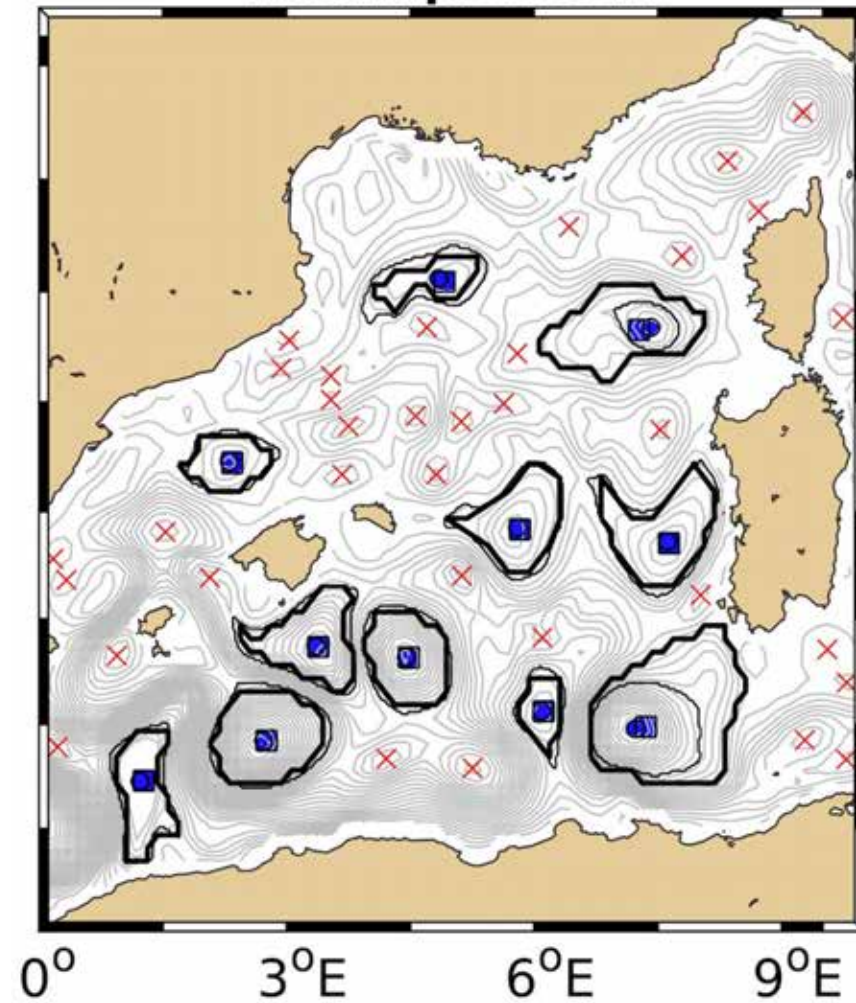
Background Field: Numerical Model SLA



Eddies:
Area > 25 pixels
Life > 7 days

Results

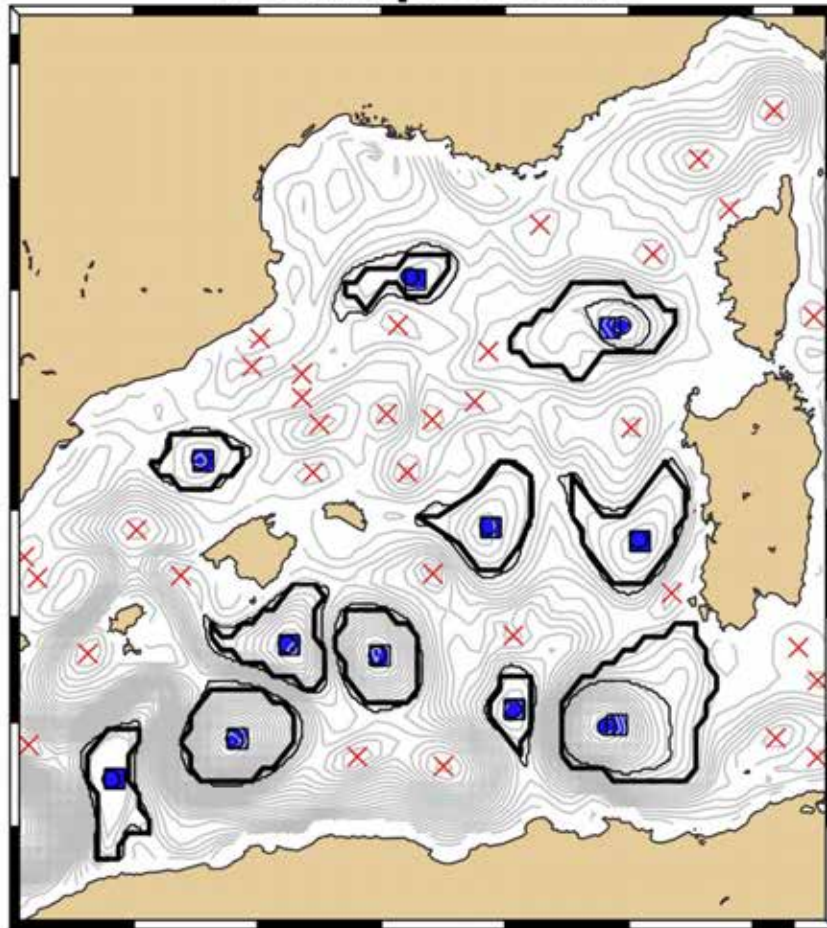
**Background Field:
Resampled SLA**



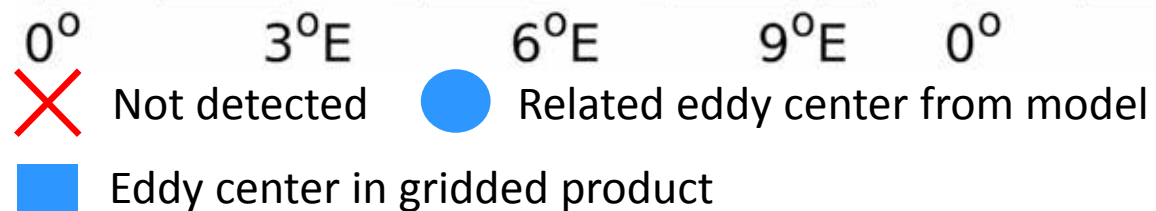
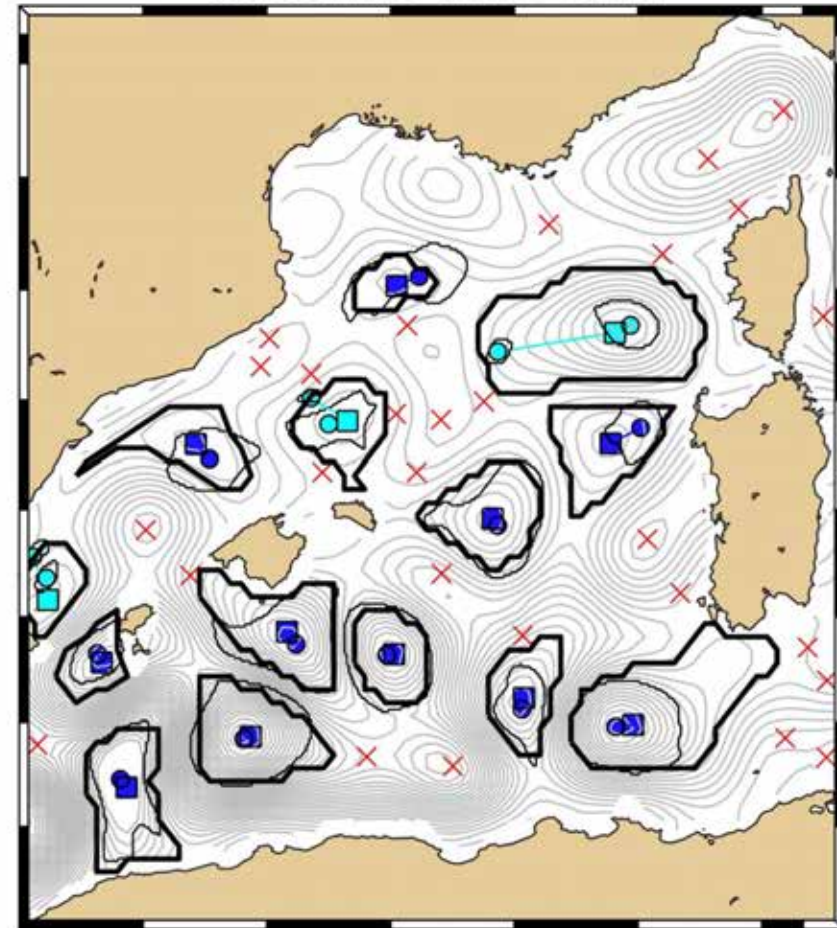
- ✗ Not detected ● Related eddy center from model
■ Eddy center in gridded product

Results

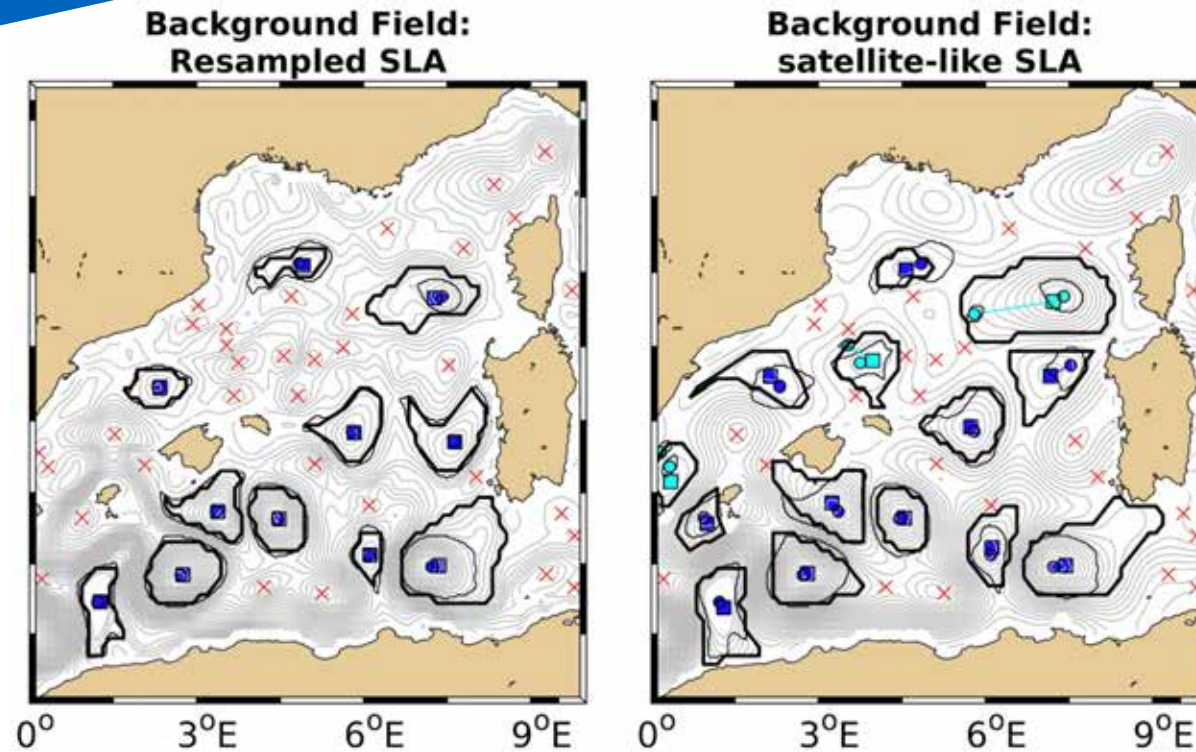
**Background Field:
Resampled SLA**



**Background Field:
satellite-like SLA**



Results



85 %

75 %

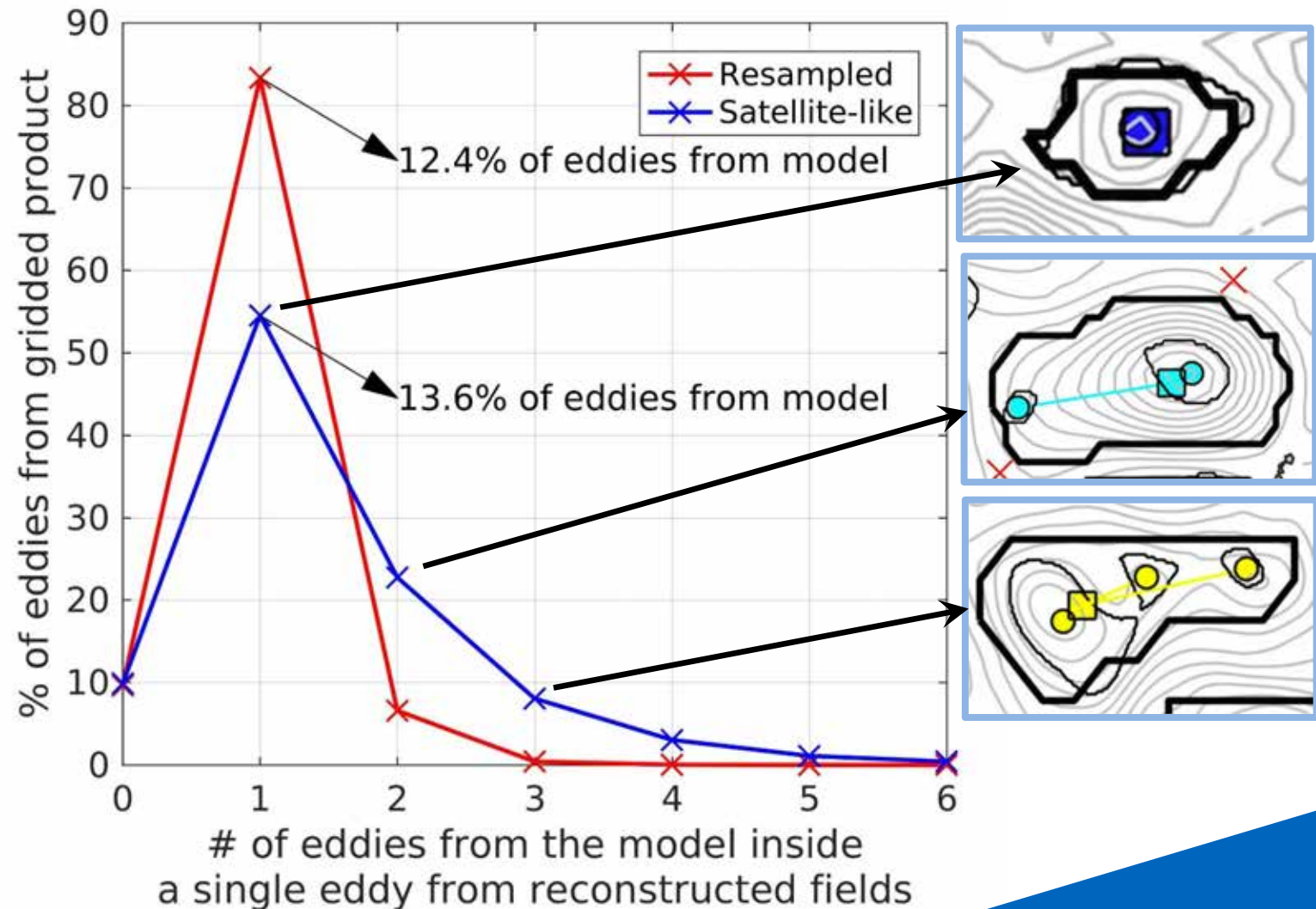
of eddies from model are **not detected** in the

Resampled SLA

Satellite-like SLA

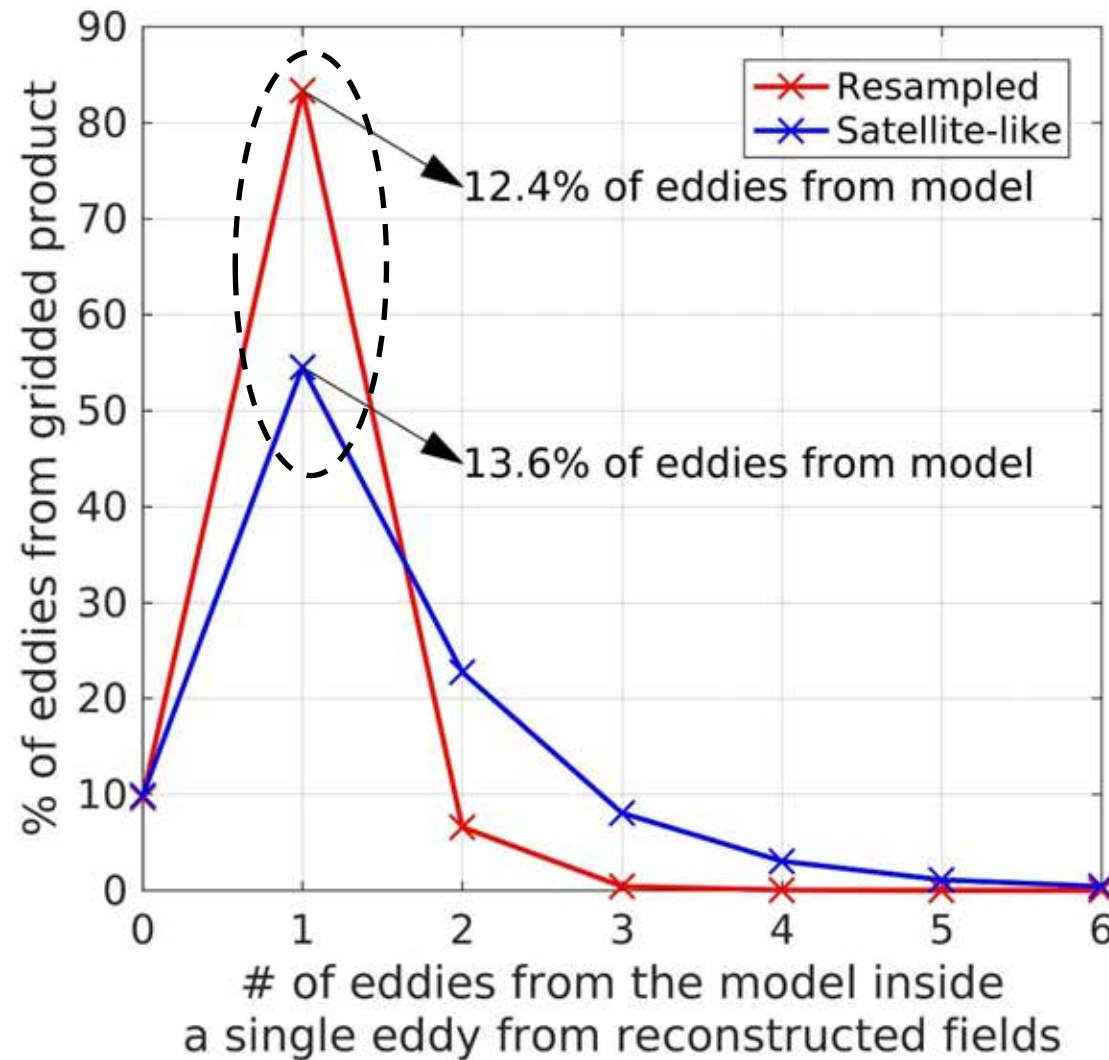
Results

How are distributed the 15% / 25% of remaining eddies?



Results

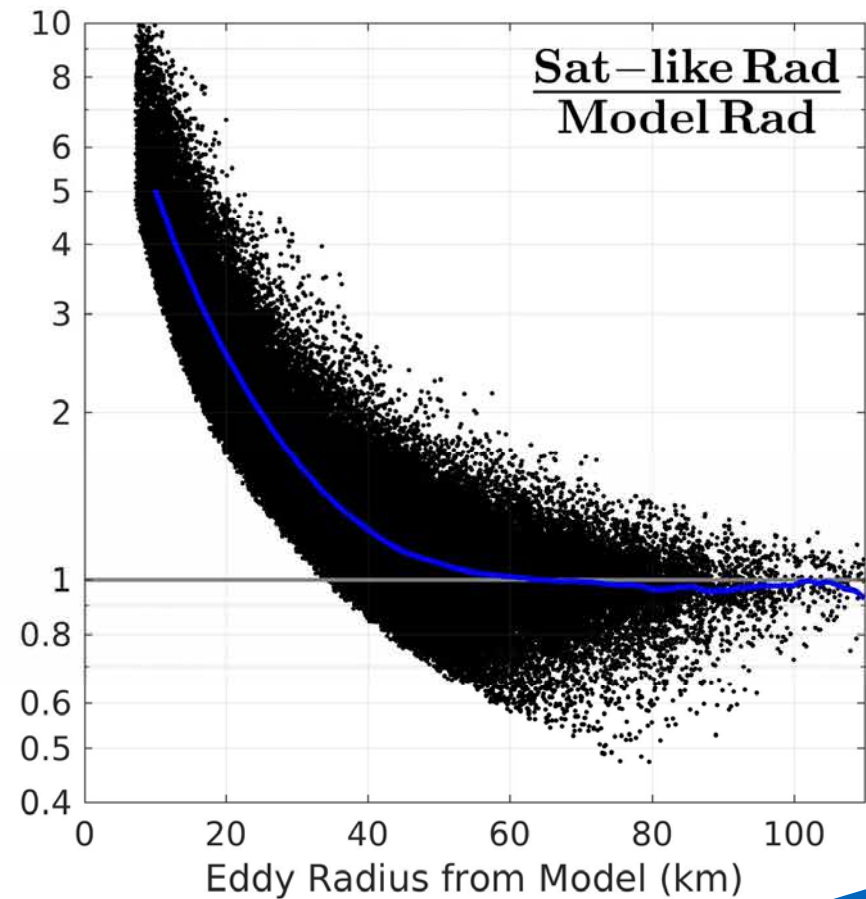
How are distributed the 15% / 25% of remaining eddies?



Results

13 % of eddies from model are **identified** as a single eddy but...

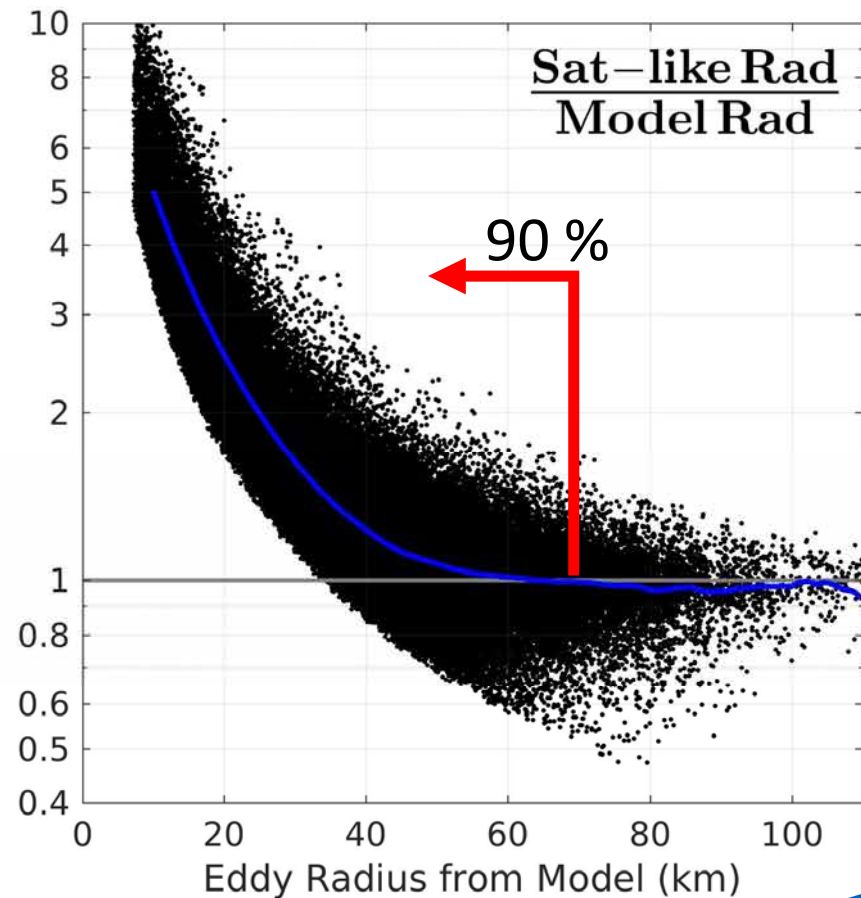
how well are their properties reproduced?



Results

13 % of eddies from model are **identified** as a single eddy but...

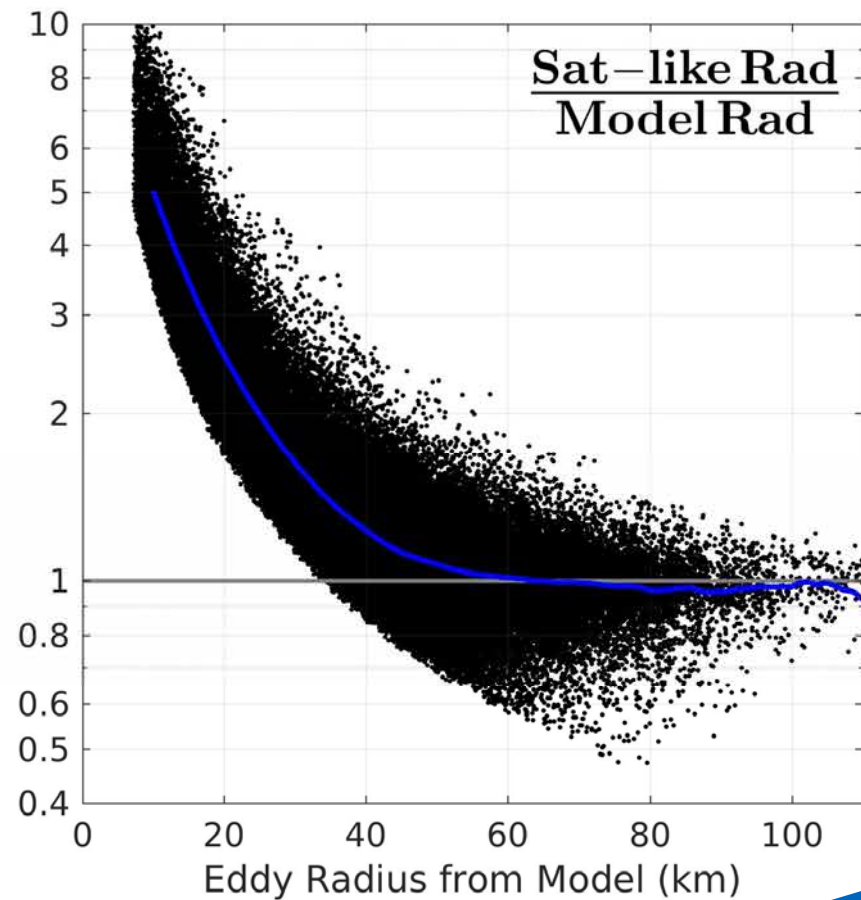
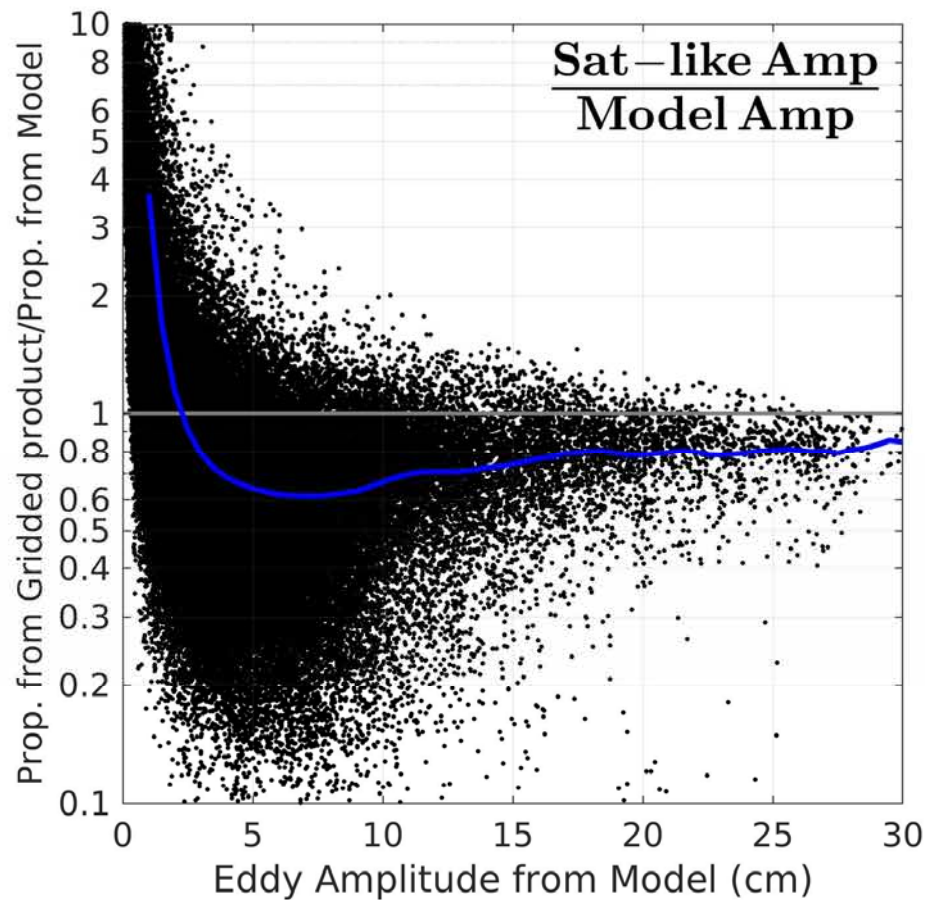
how well are their properties reproduced?



Results

13 % of eddies from model are **identified** as a single eddy but...

how well are their properties reproduced?



Conclusions

- **SLA gridded products based on altimetry cannot capture most of the eddy field characteristics:**
 - Resolution of the maps → unresolved scales.
 - Satellite track separation → loss of eddy signal.
 - Mapping Algorithm → merging eddies.



- **75% of eddies are not identified in SLA sat. product...**
- **... and only a 13% of the identified eddies correspond to a single eddy.**
- **From this 13%, 90% of them have a radius larger than the real one.**

**Thank you
for
your attention**



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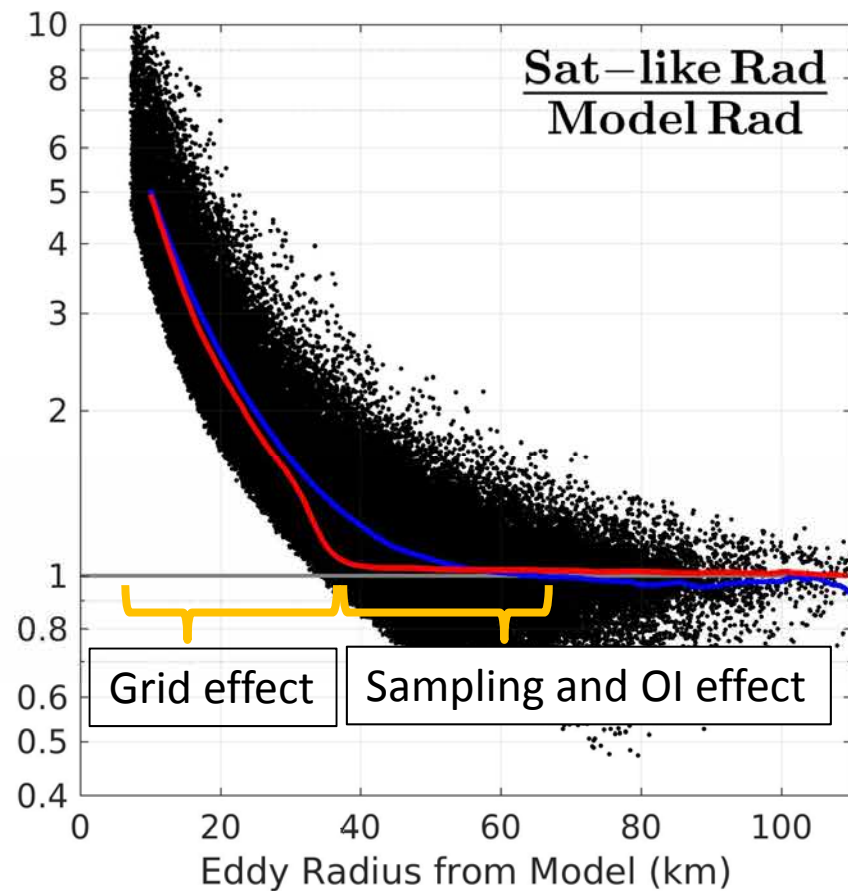
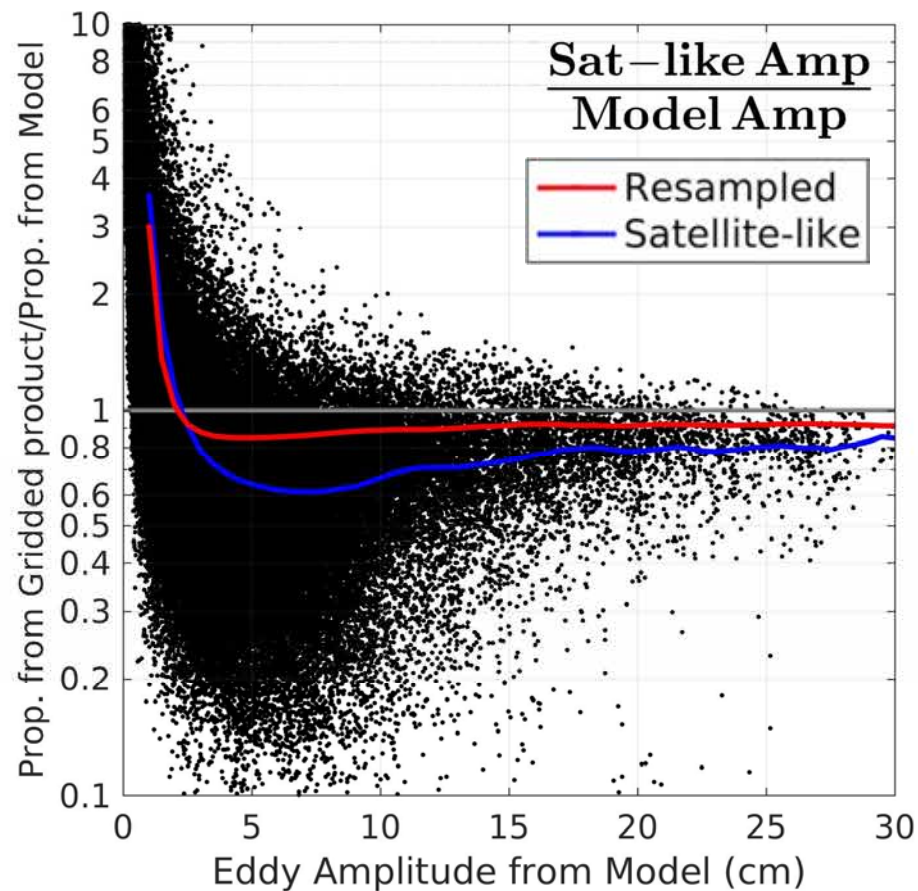
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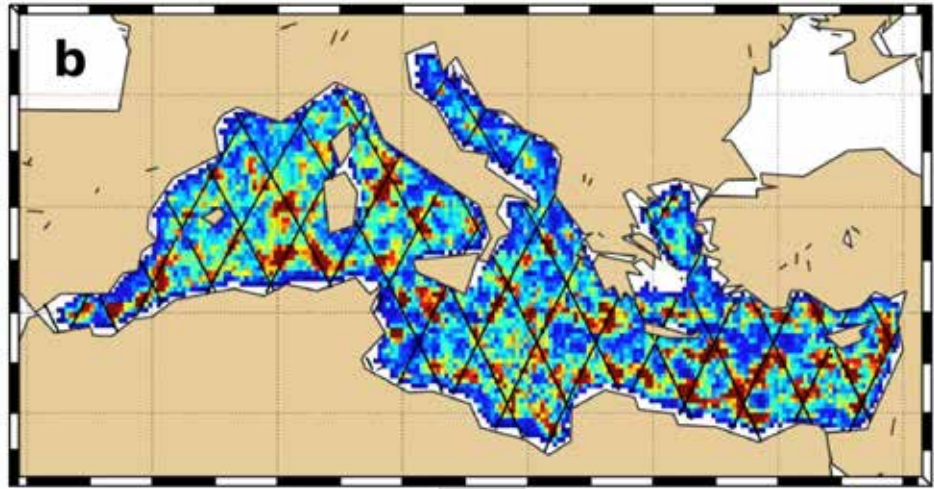
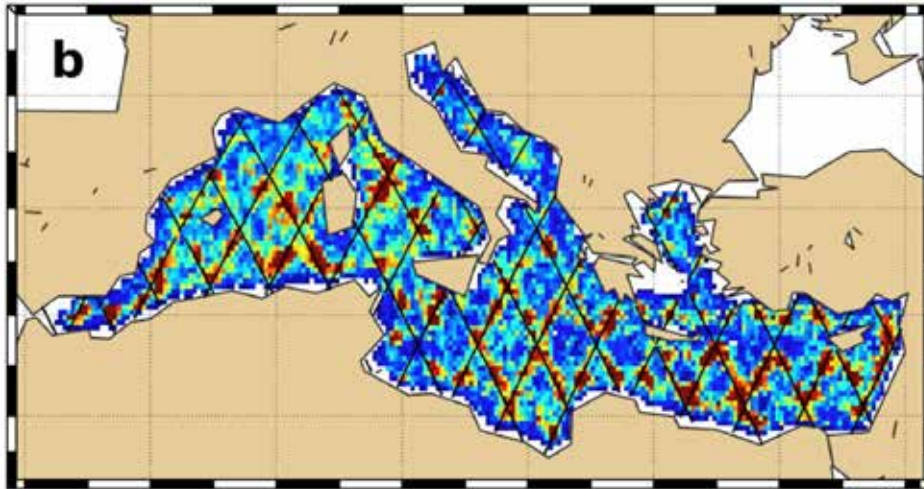
Results

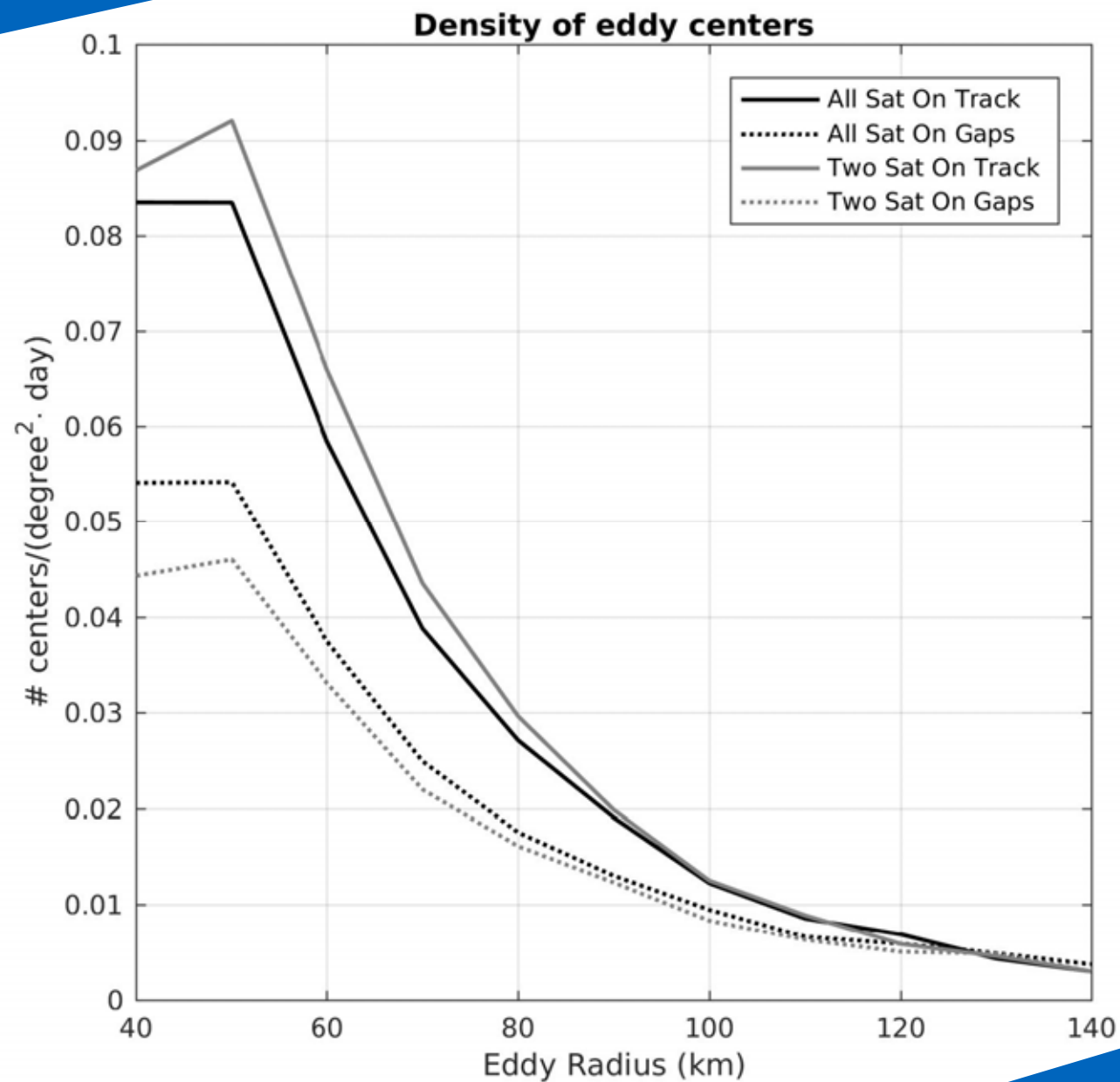
13 % of eddies from model are **identified** as a single eddy but...

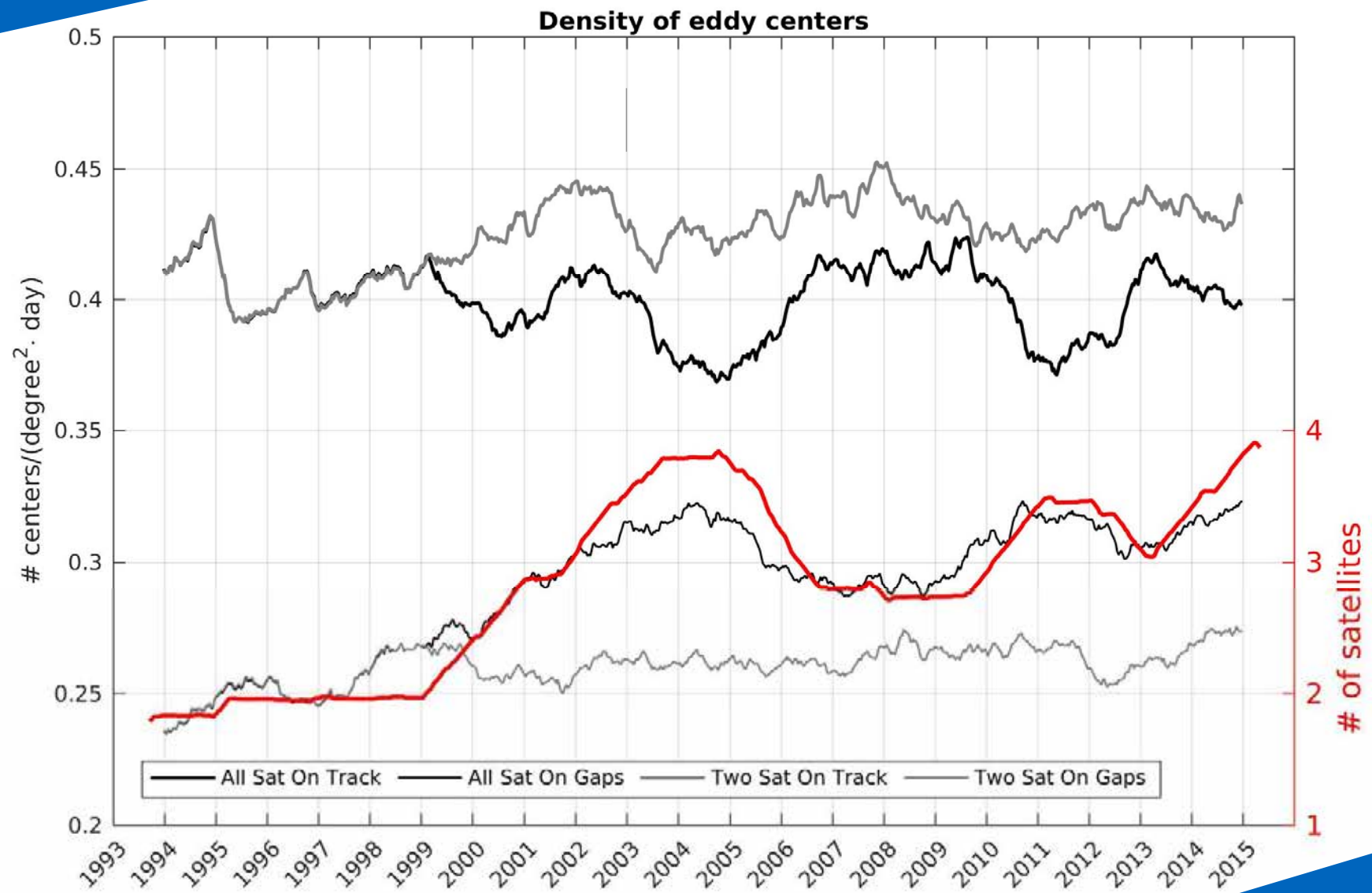
how well are reproduced their properties?



Two Satellite dataset All Satellite dataset

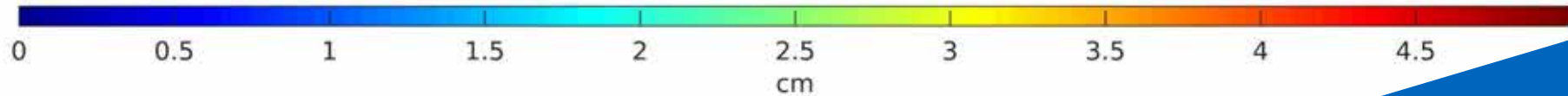
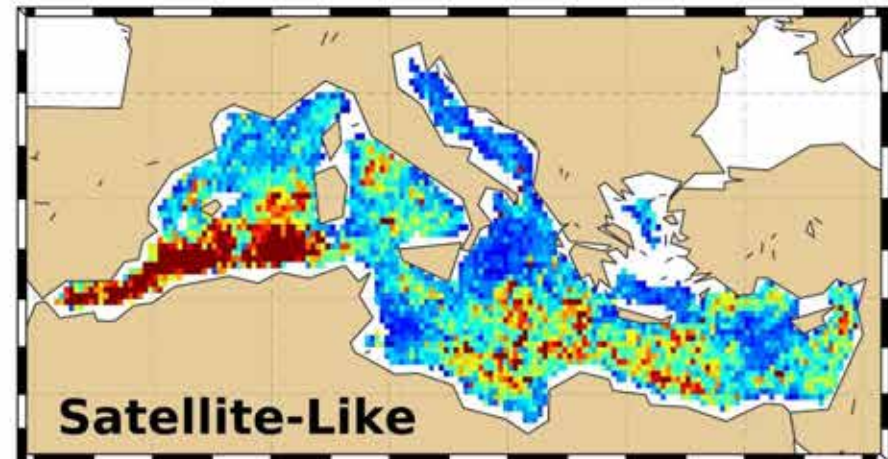
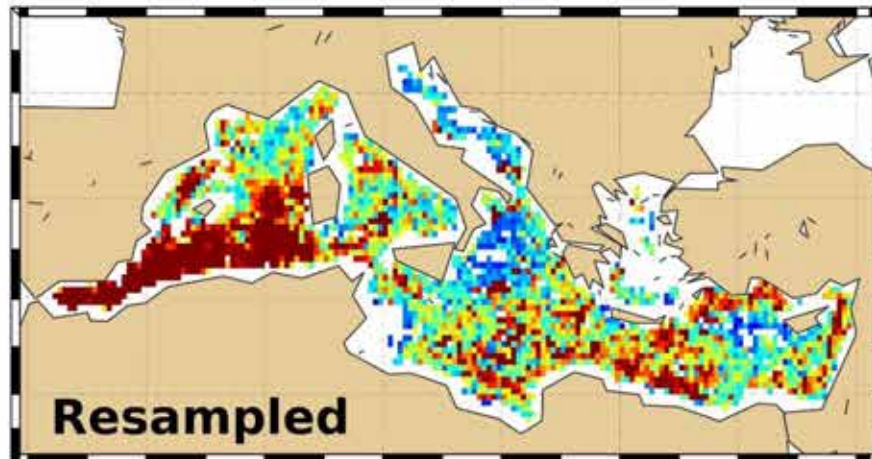
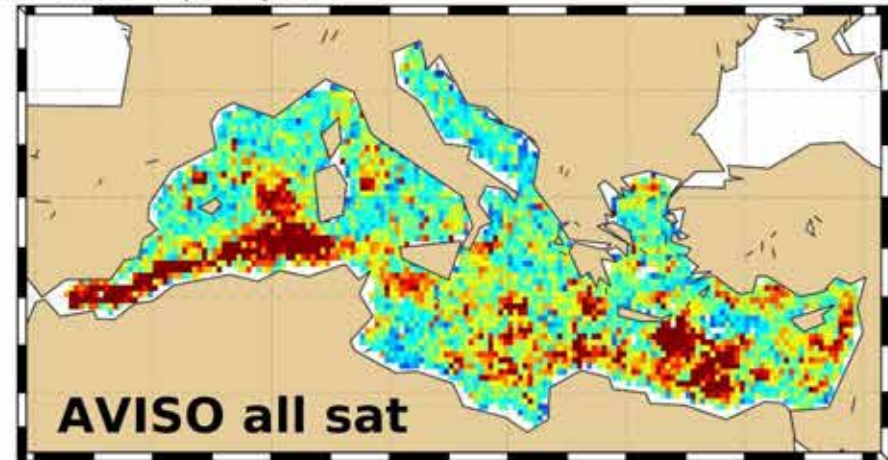
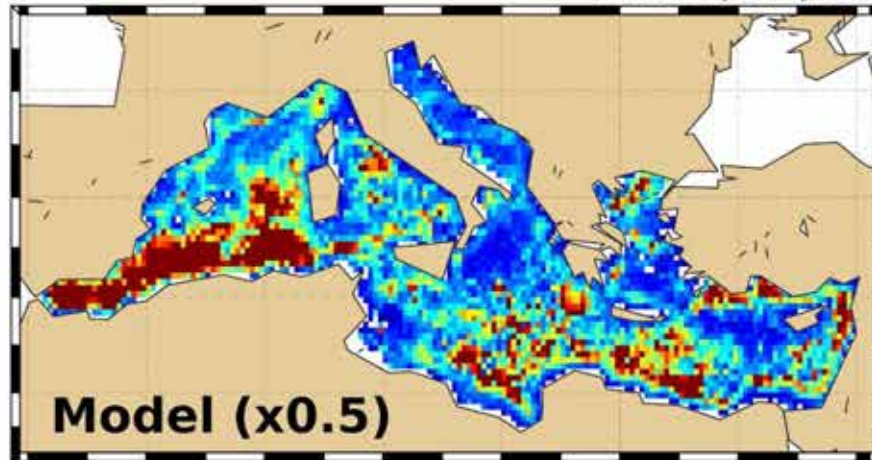






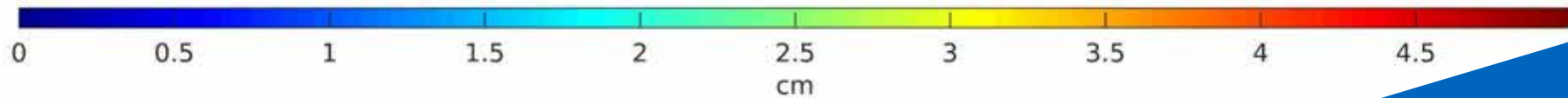
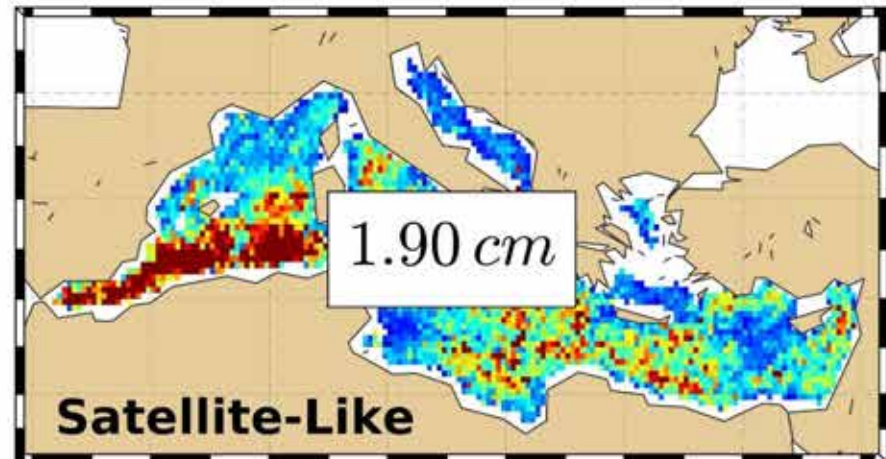
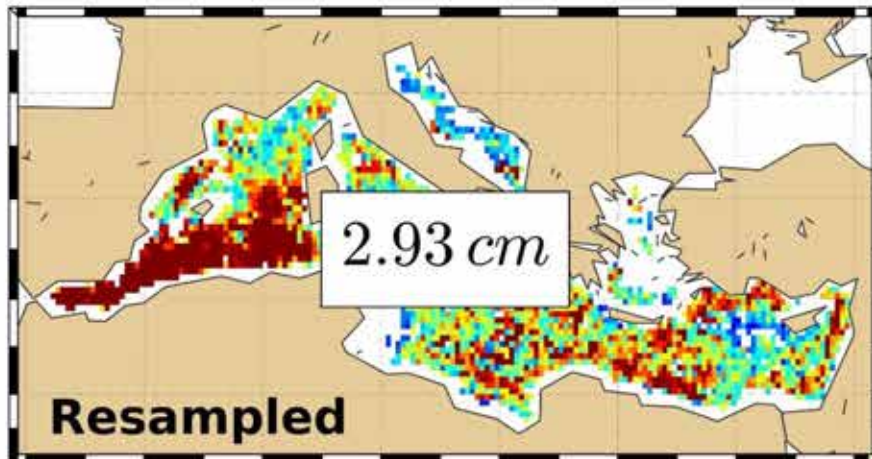
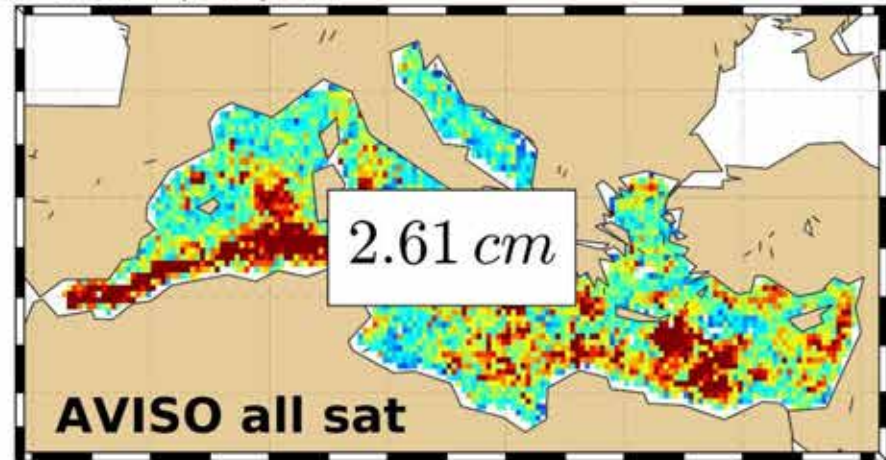
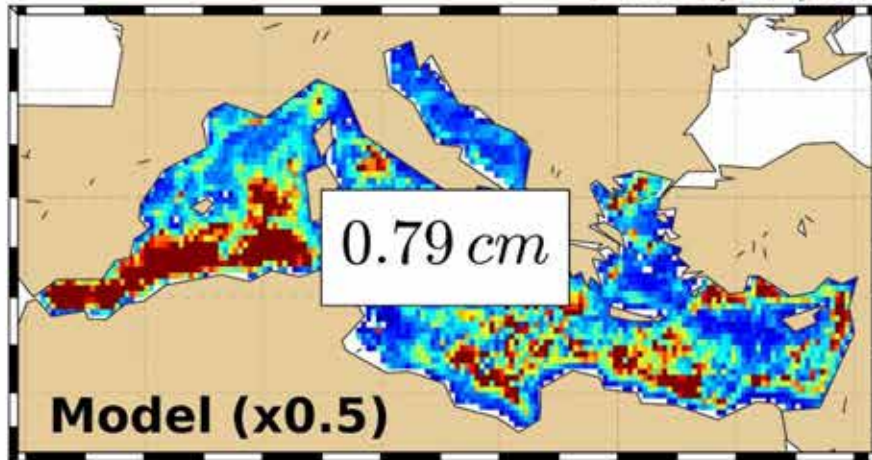
Results

**Amplitude of eddies
2004/01/01 to 2012/12/31**

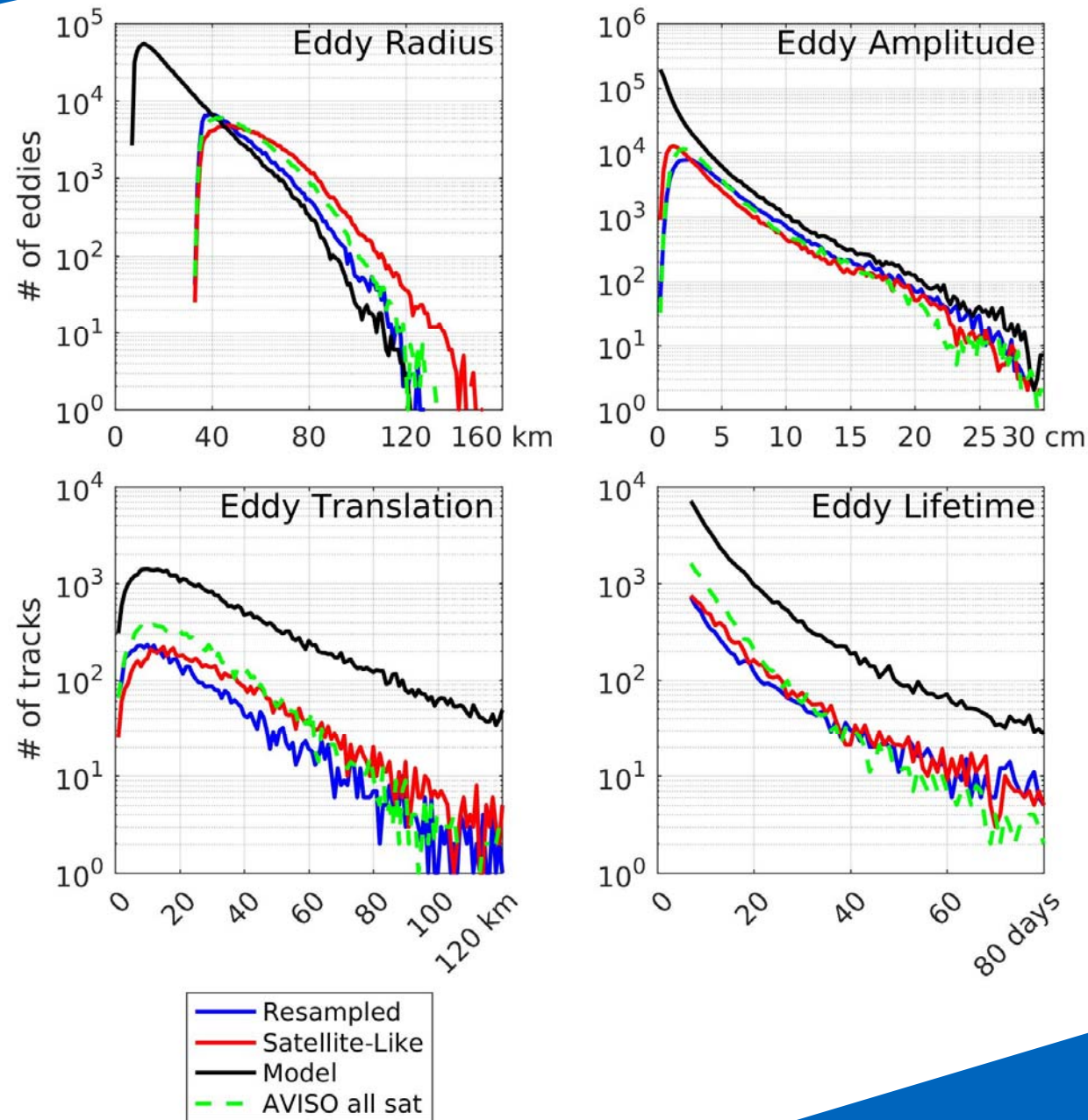


Results

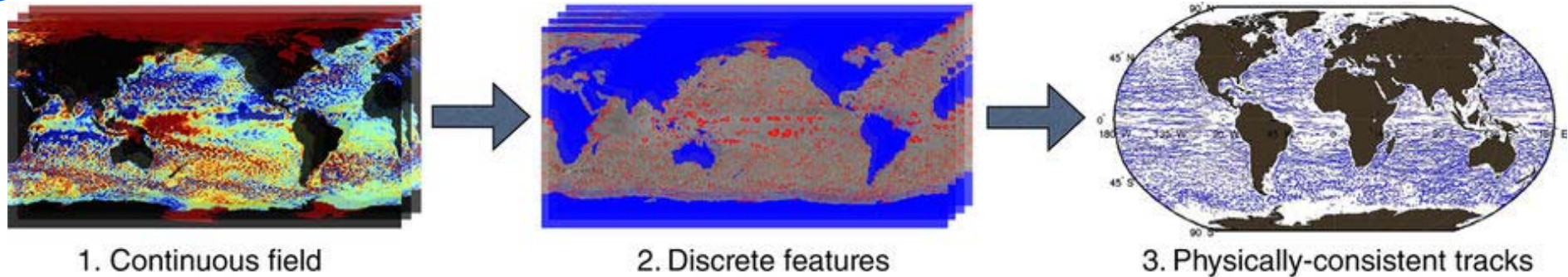
**Amplitude of eddies
2004/01/01 to 2012/12/31**



Results

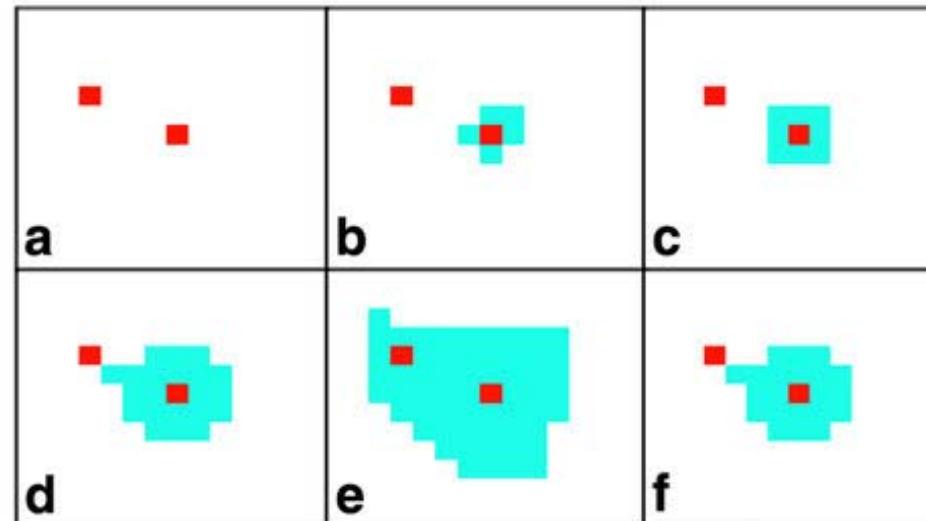


Results



G_1	G_2	G_3	G_4	G_5
G_6	G_7	G_8	G_9	G_{10}
G_{11}	G_{12}	G_0	G_{13}	G_{14}
G_{15}	G_{16}	G_{17}	G_{18}	G_{19}
G_{20}	G_{21}	G_{22}	G_{23}	G_{24}

(1)



(2)

* Faghmous, J. H., I. Frenger, Y. Yao, R. Warmka, A. Lindell, and V. Kumar (2015),
A daily global mesoscale ocean eddy dataset from satellite altimetry,
Geophys. Res. Lett., 42, doi:10.1029/2015-GL065888