



# Impact of internal tide correction on the DUACS maps accuracy

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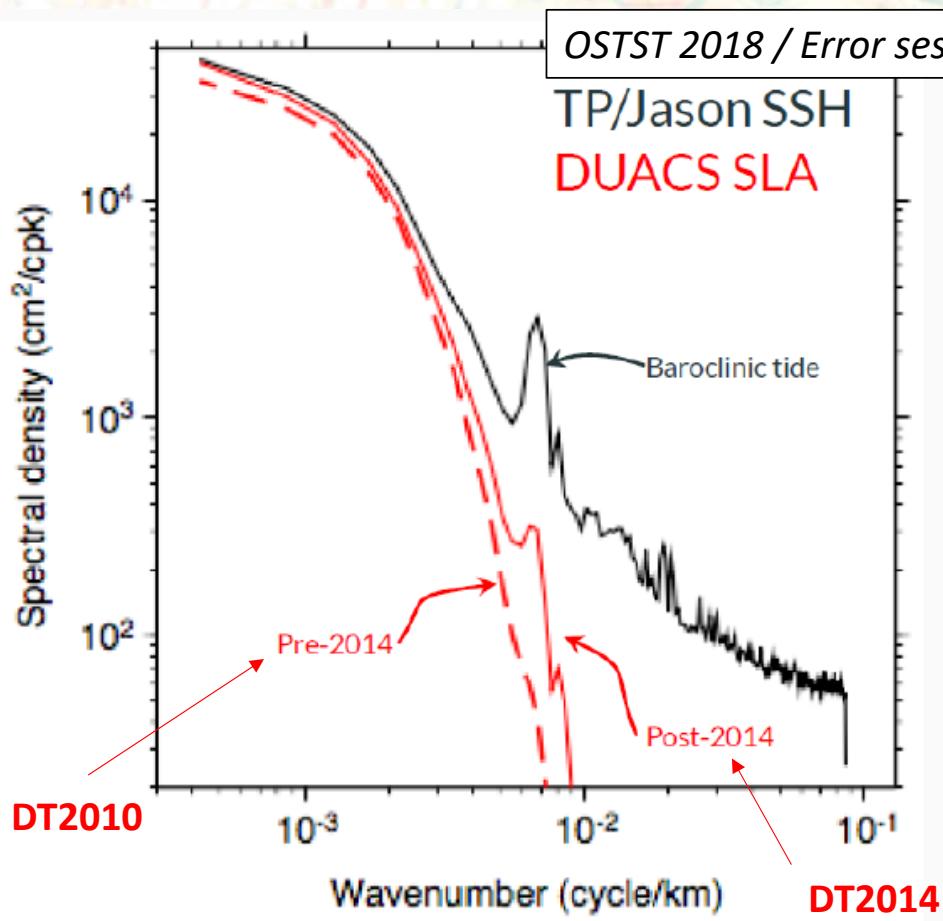
# Outline

Internal tide = pollution of CMEMS/DUACS maps

Correction & Assessment methodology

Results & discussion

# Internal tide = pollution of CMEMS/DUACS maps



Residual tidal variability has been detected in Sea Level Anomalies (SLA) gridded products (e.g; AVISO 2014 release) by **E. Zaron et al.** – 1 cm – that could be reduced by filtering SLA or/and correcting internal tides prior to gridding procedure.

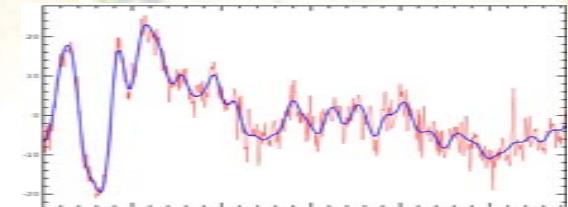
- ⇒ A study was implemented to check the effect of the IT correction on the maps quality and quantify the impact
- ⇒ Study perform on DT2018 configuration

# Internal tide = pollution of CMEMS/DUACS maps

Pollution is mitigated by 2 processing in DUACS:

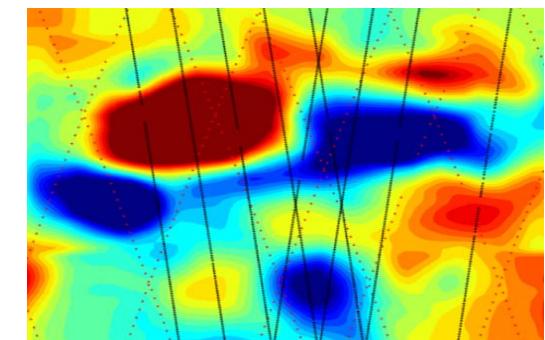
1) Along track filtering process: Remove noise & small scale signal

=> cut of wavelength=60 to 200km at equator



2) Optimal Interpolation used to merge all the altimeter measurements and reconstruct the SLA over a regular grid

⇒ Zonal correlation scales - 100 to 400km at equator



⇒ Observation error => increased in DT2018 vs DT2014 which reduced the effect of the IT pollution

See DUACS processing description in Taburet et al DUACS DT-2018: 25 years of reprocessed sea level altimeter products, 2019, Accepted in Ocean Ccience, CMEMS spécial issue

$$\text{SLA}_{\text{Estimated}}(x) = \sum_i \sum_j w_{xi} \text{SLA}_{\text{Observed}}(i)$$

Weight estimated to minimize the misfit between estimated/real data

$$w_{xi} = A_{ij}^{-1} C_{xj}$$

Covariance between obs

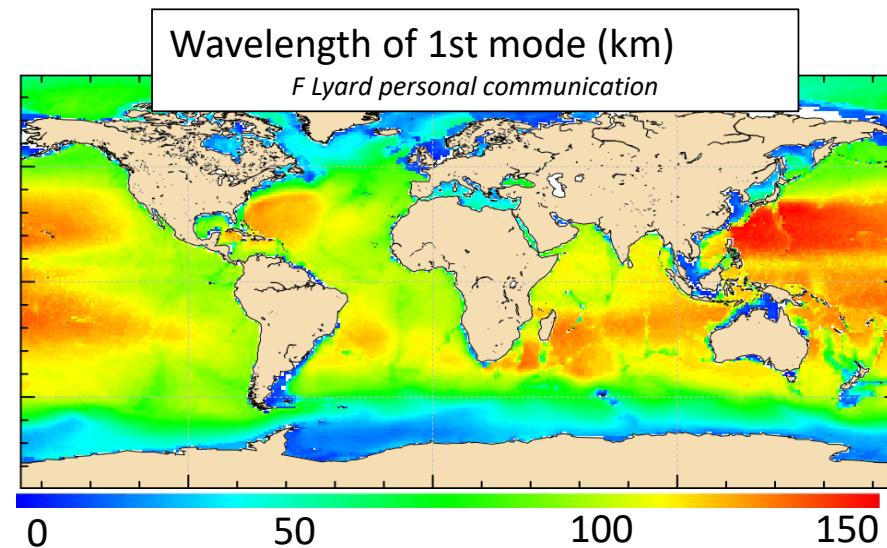
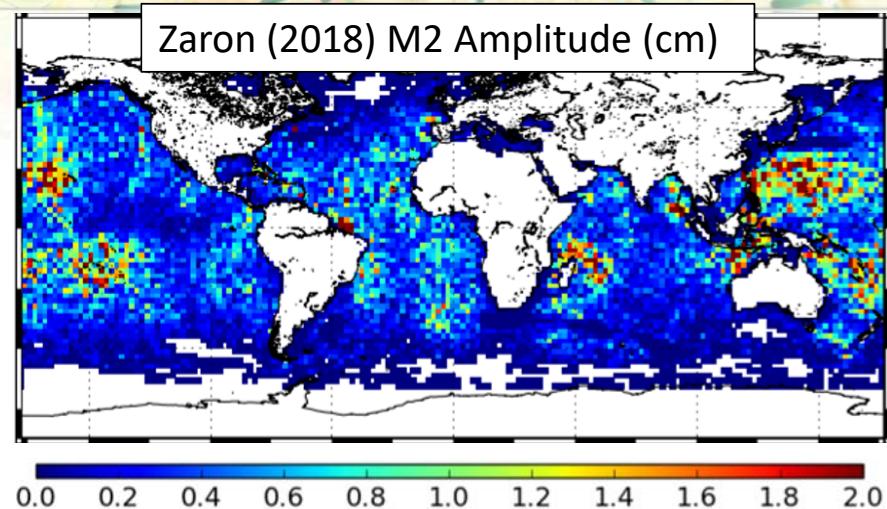
Covariance between obs and field to be estimated

# Correction & Assessment methodology

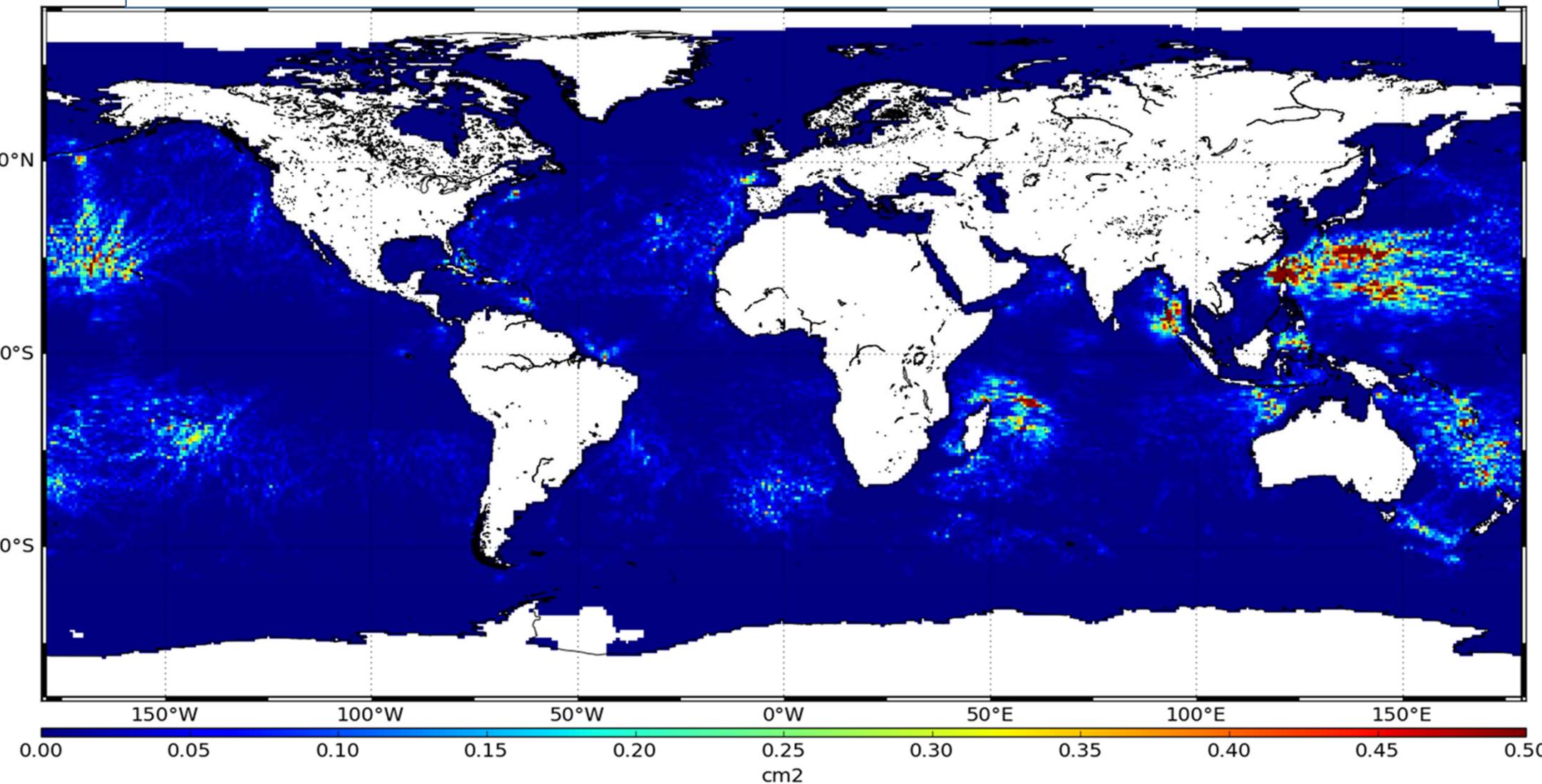
- **Zaron (2018) model for IT correction**
- 4 waves M2, K1, O1 and S2 waves
- Local impact expected function of the amplitudes and wavelength
- **Experimental map time series (preparation of future DT2021 reprocessing)**
- Year 2015 processed in 3-mission configuration:  
**Altika, Hy2A & Jason2**
- 2 datasets produced
  - **map**=processed without IT correction (DT2018 like)
  - **map\_corr**=processed with IT correction
- **Cryosat-2** kept as independent dataset

## Assessment methodology:

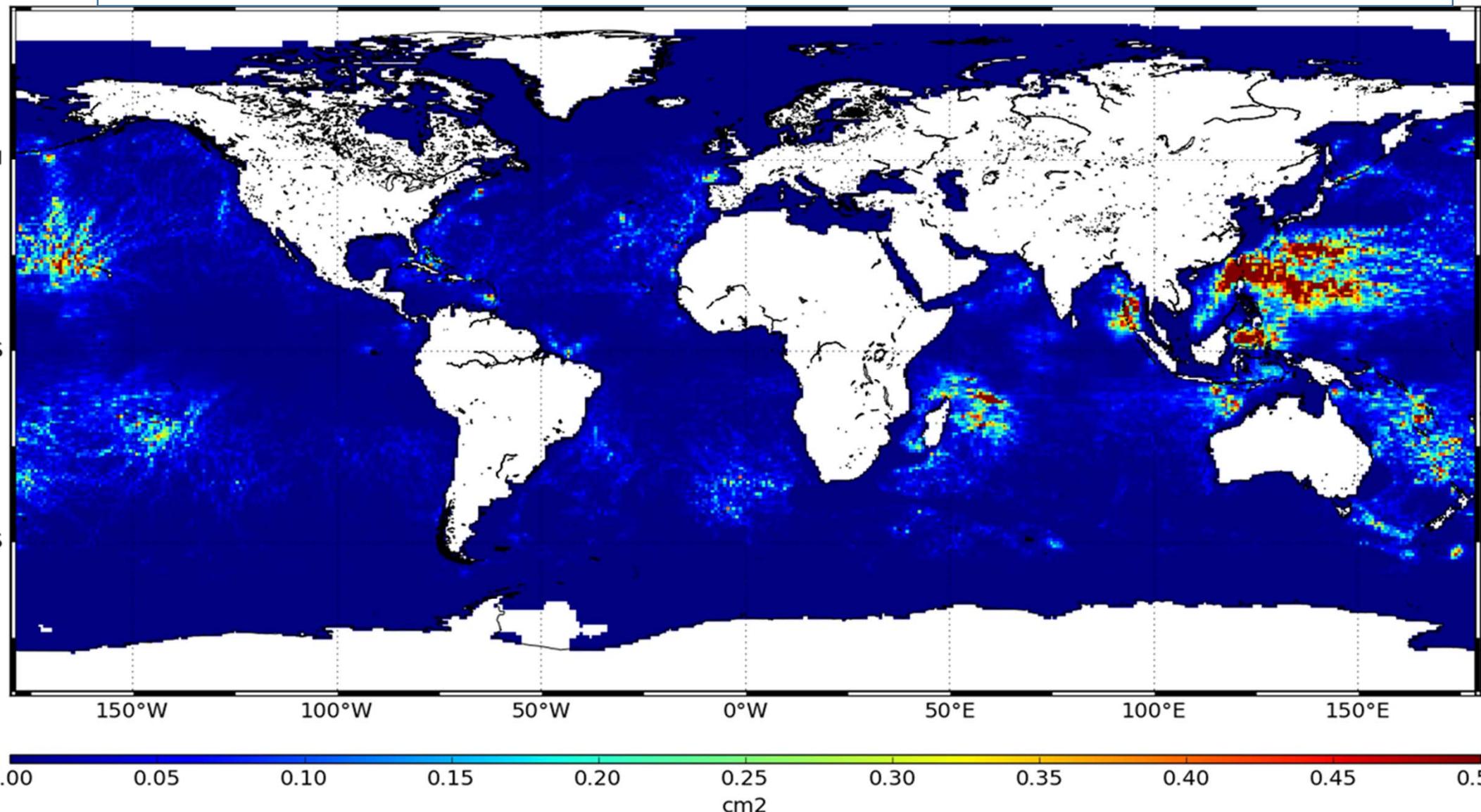
- Assessment with independent data
- Regional spectral analysis
- Impact on EKE



## Variance [Map\_corr – Map] (cm<sup>2</sup>) - wave used: M2 only

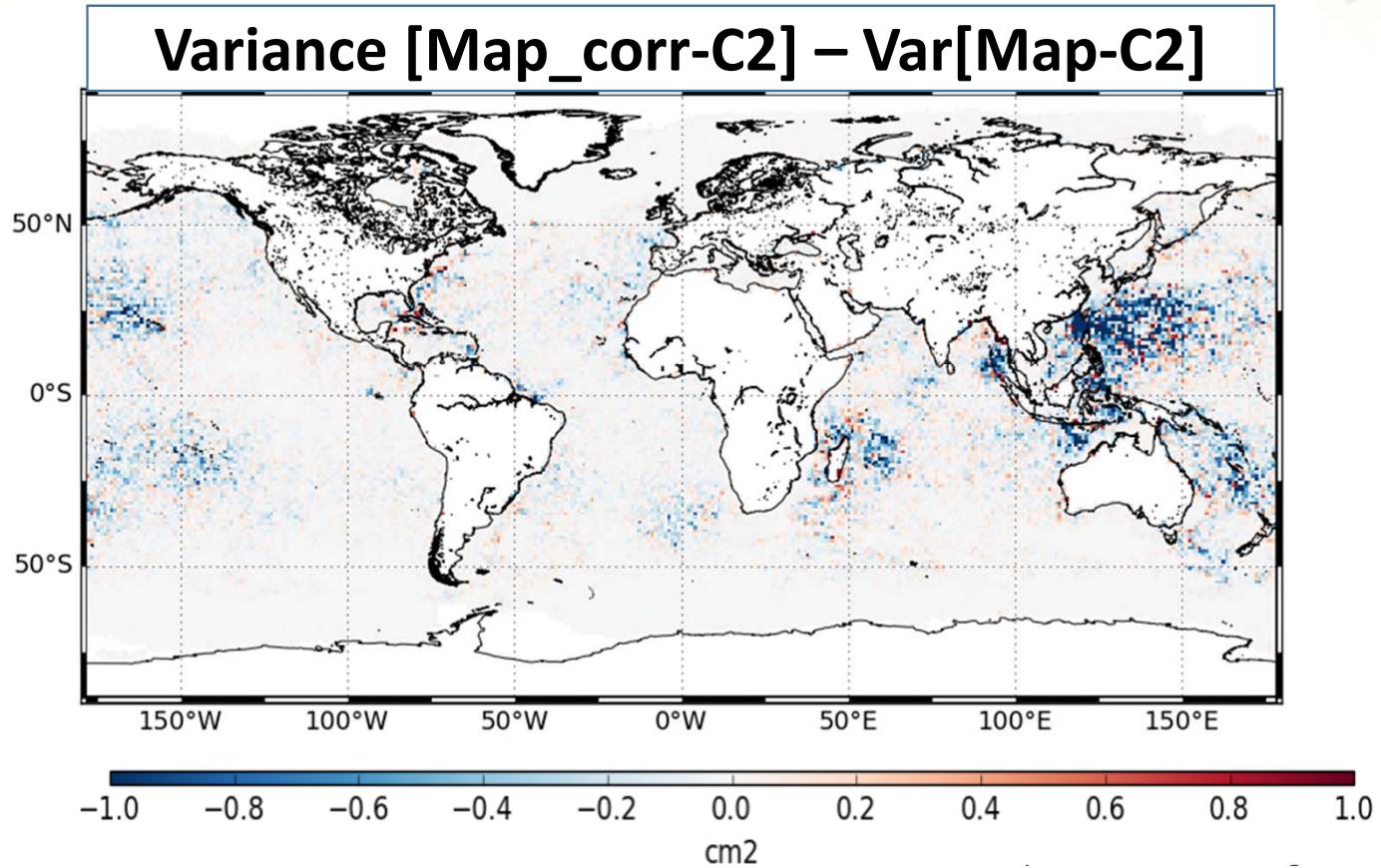


## Variance [Map\_corr – Map] (cm<sup>2</sup>) - wave used: M2, K1, O1 and S2



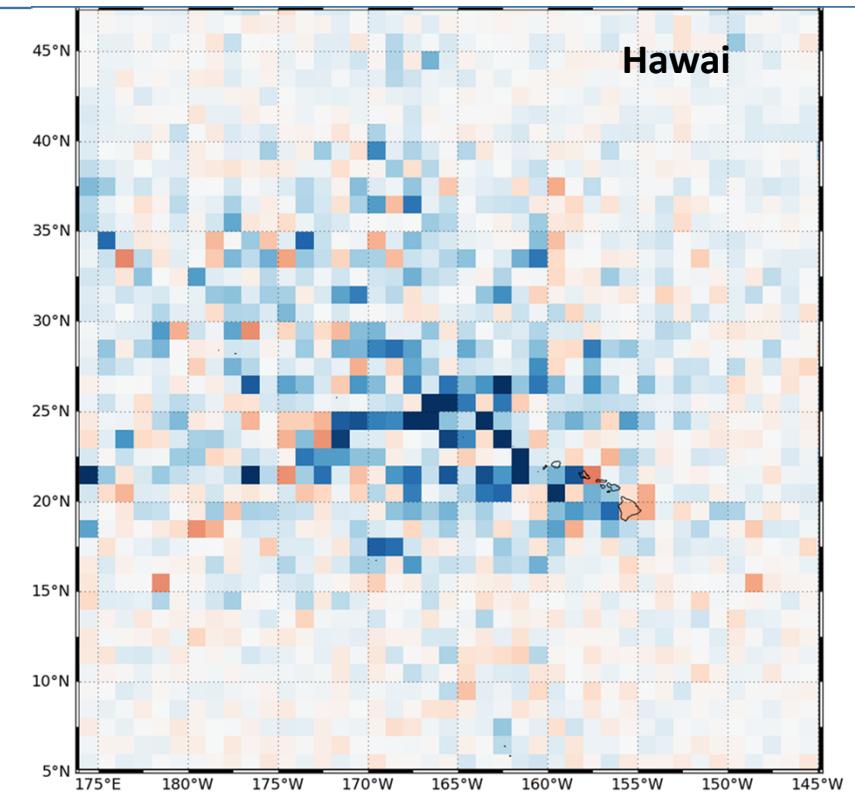
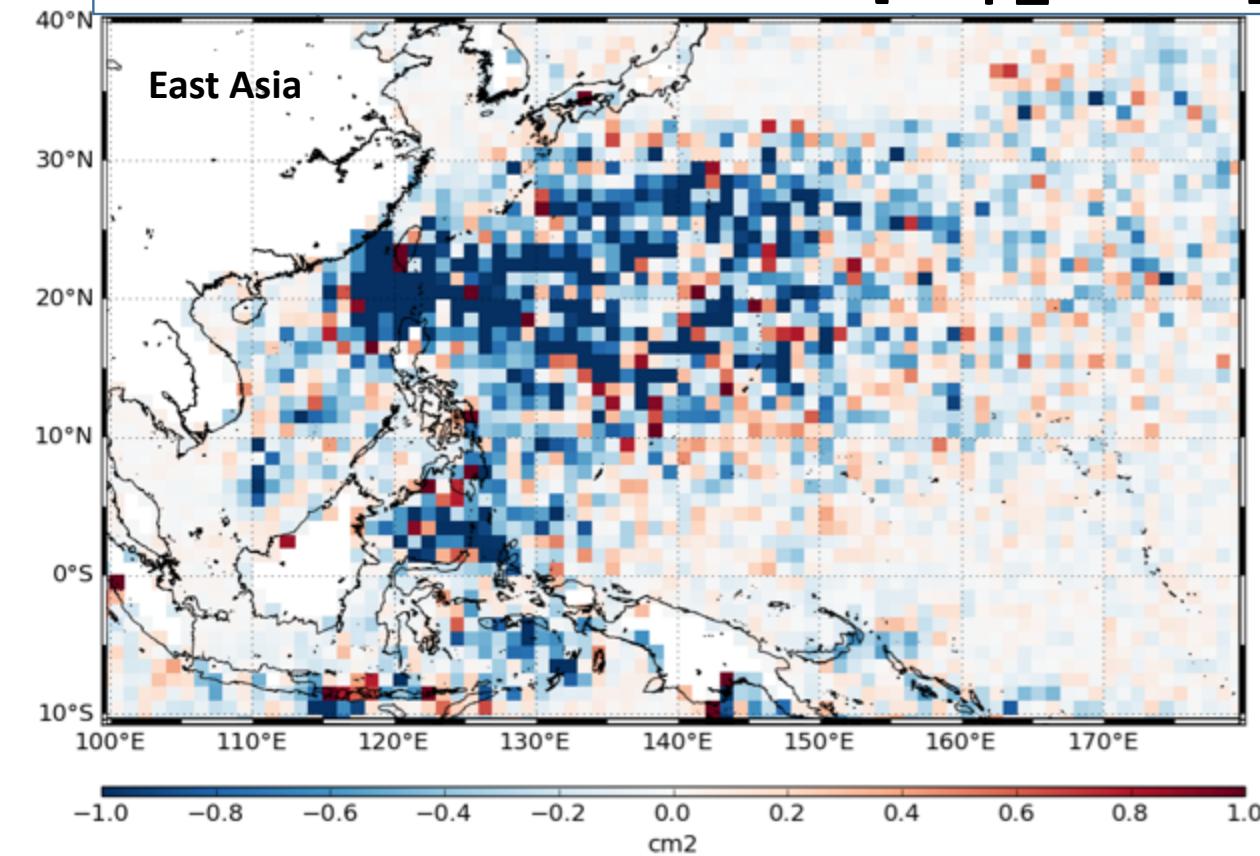
# Assessment to independent mission

- Methodology described in Ballarotta, 2019 (Ocean science)
- Cryosat-2 independent dataset
- Variance difference is reduced in most part of the globe (blue)
- Low in average, but locally  $> 1\text{cm}^2$  => map/along track difference reduced by 5%
- Highest reduction in East China
- Local degradation, around Madagascar, Benga Gulf

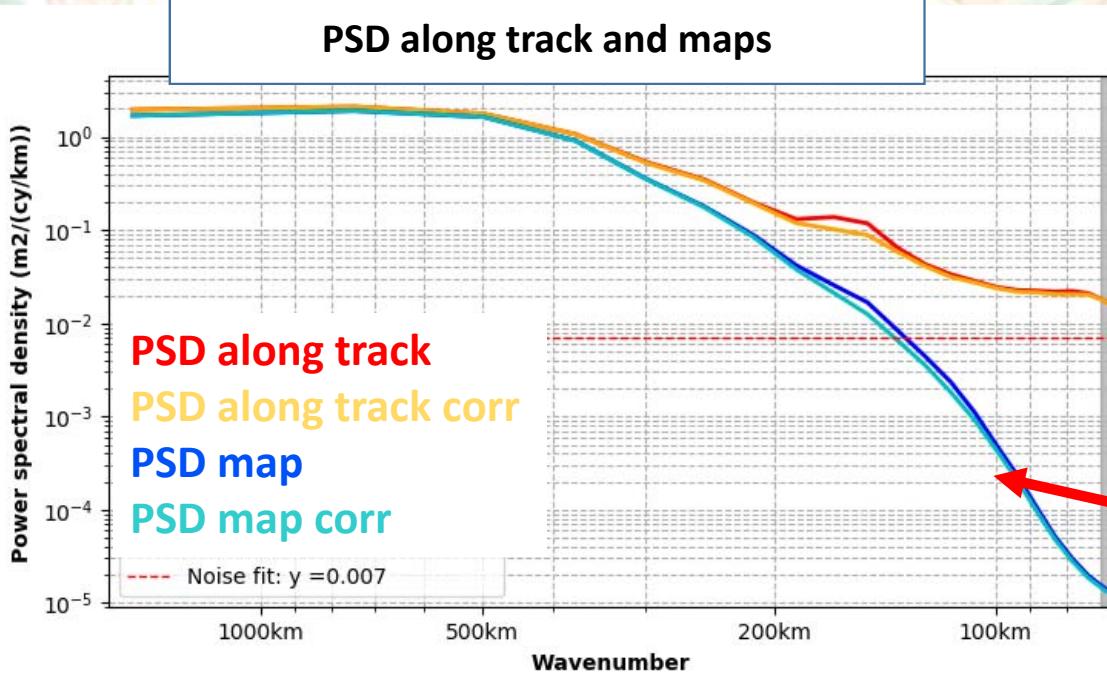


# Assessment to independent mission

Variance [Map\_corr-C2] – Var[Map-C2]

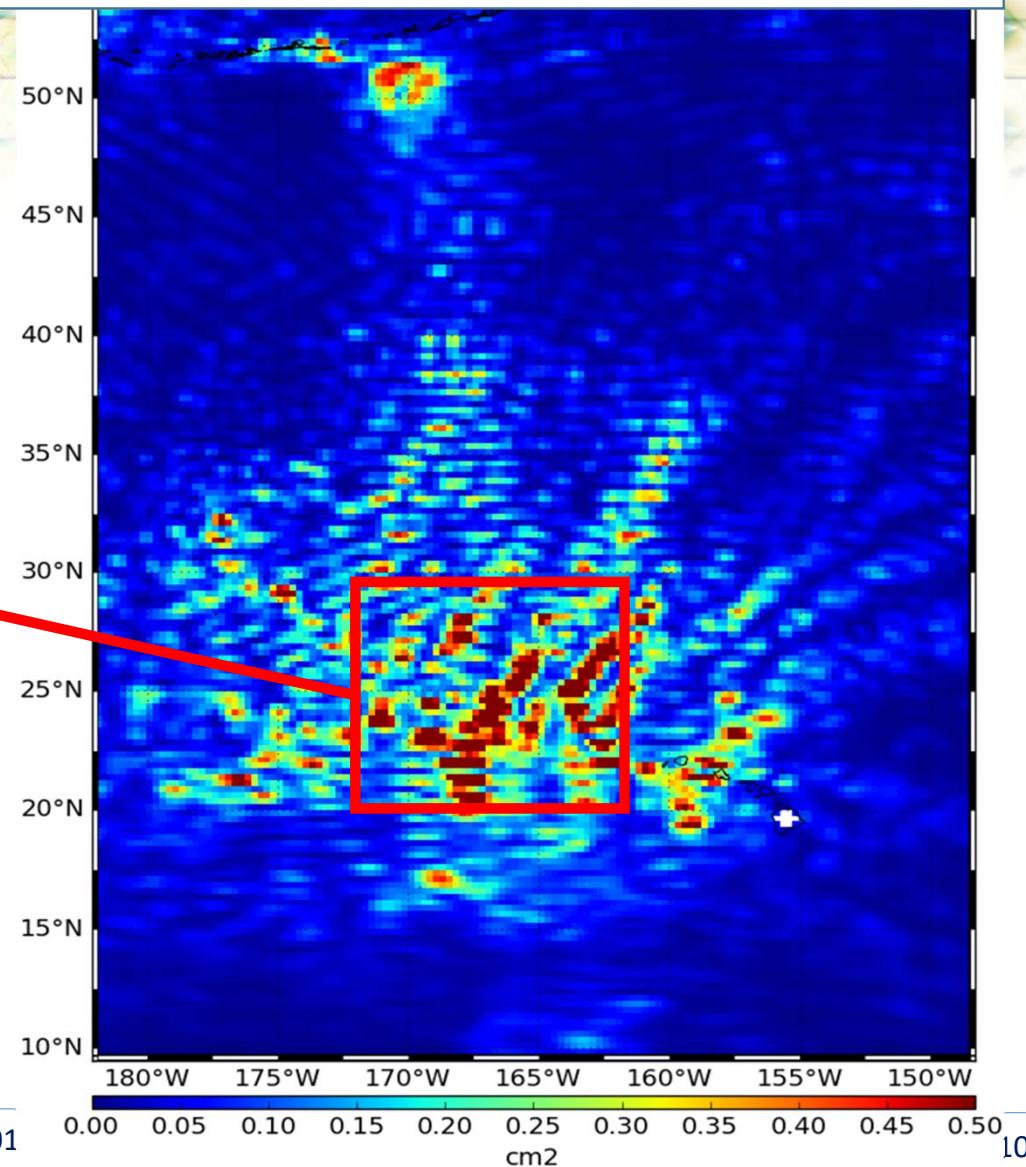


# Spectral analysis

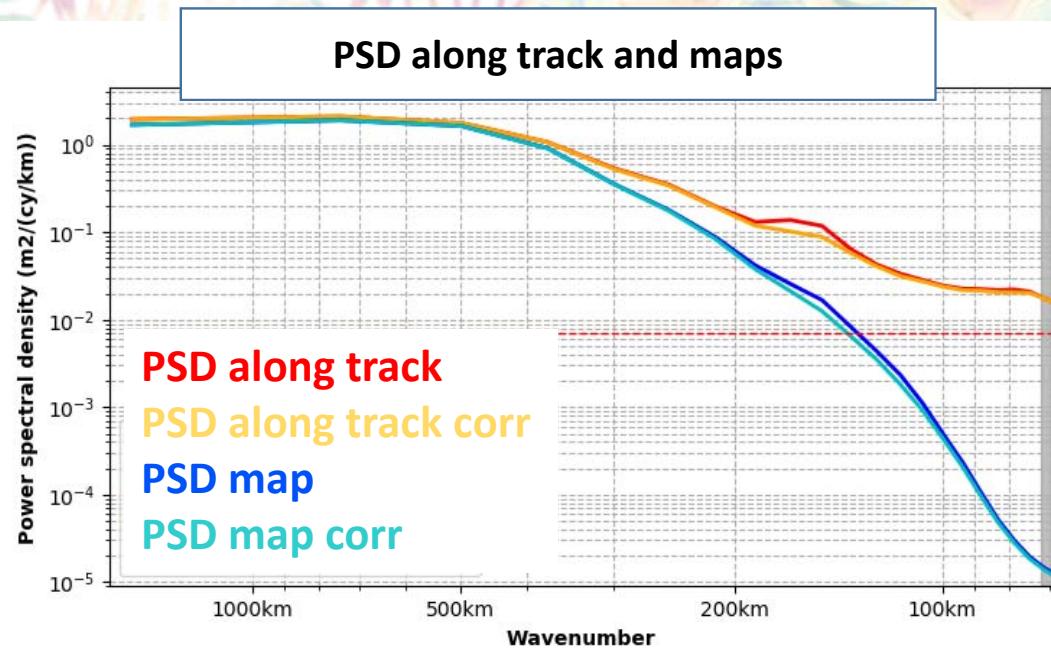


Bump of energy at  $\sim 150\text{km}$  also visible on the maps, but attenuated

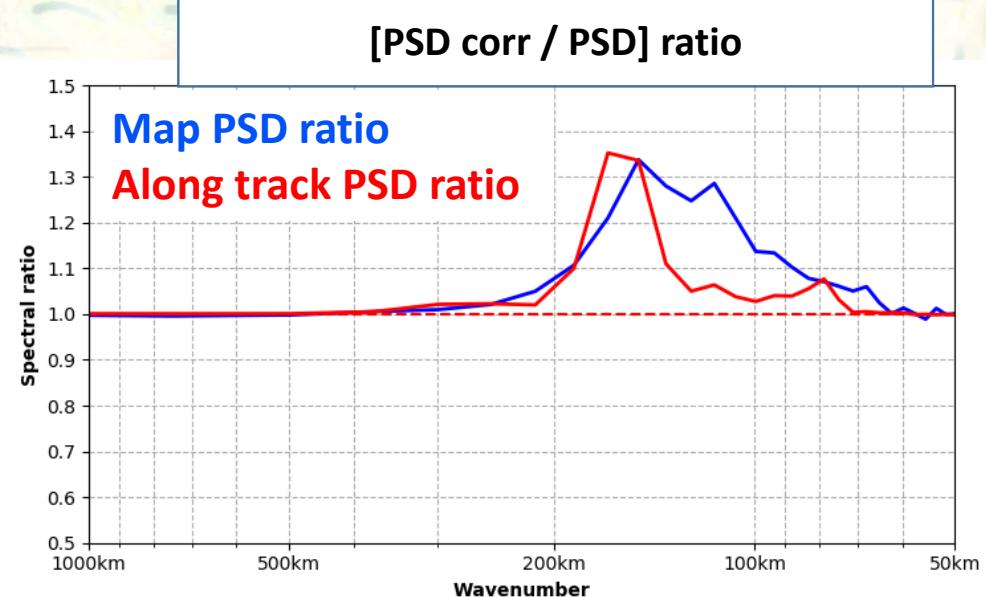
Variance [Map\_corr – Map] (Hawai)



# Spectral analysis



Bump of energy at ~150km also visible on the maps, but attenuated

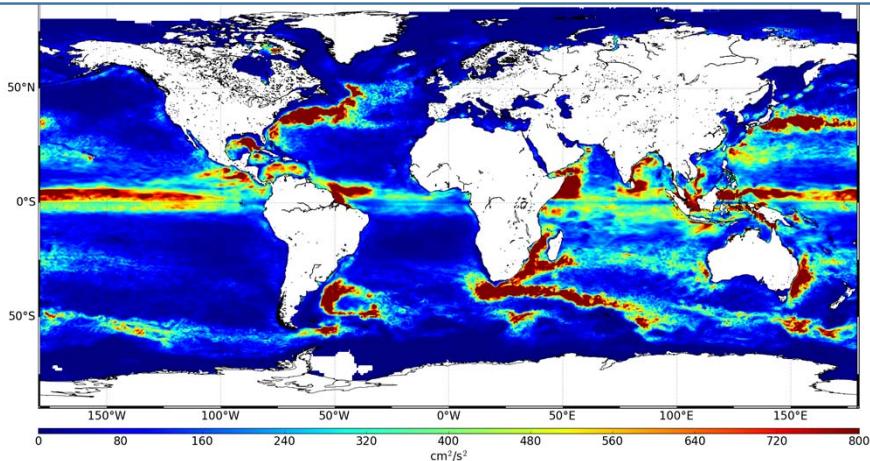


Same wavelength impacted on along-track and maps (100-200km)

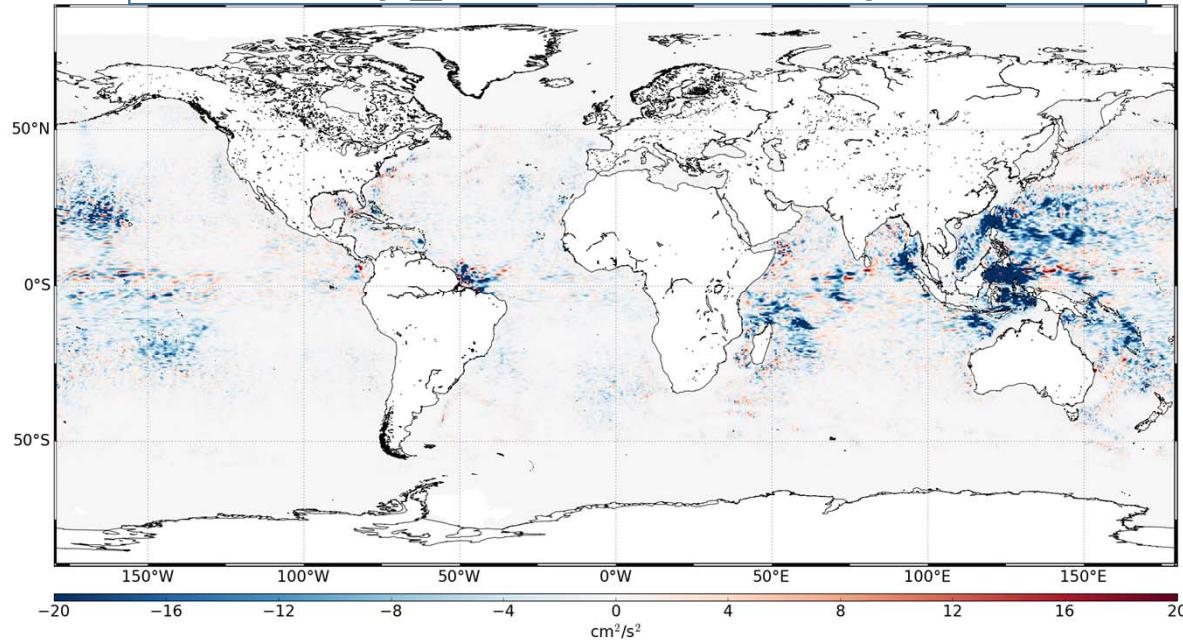
The IT pollution represents 33% of the corrected map signal at these scales

# Impact on Eddy Kinetic Energy

EKE [Map] cm<sup>2</sup>s<sup>-2</sup>



EKE [Map\_corr] – EKE [Map] cm<sup>2</sup>s<sup>-2</sup>

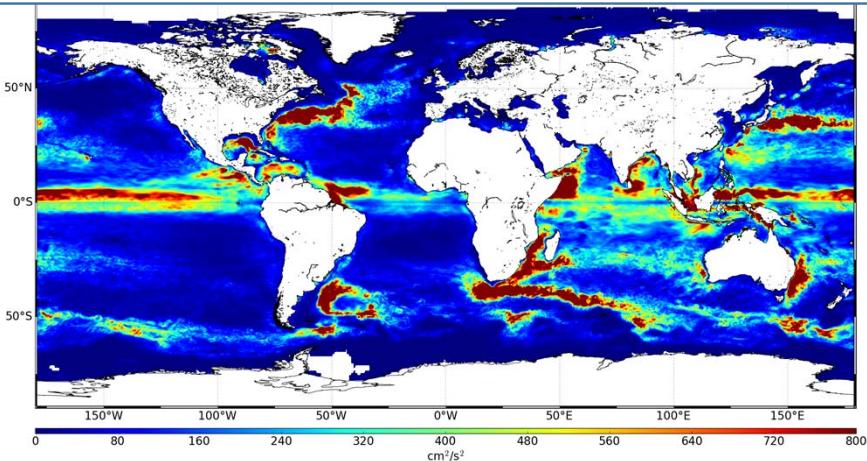


- 2 series of geostrophic current computed
- Mean Eddy Kinetic Energy deduced from the two series

- The map variance decreases by 10-20cm<sup>2</sup> in region of high IT
- Homogeneous decrease (more than in SLA) => smaller wavelength in geostrophic fields

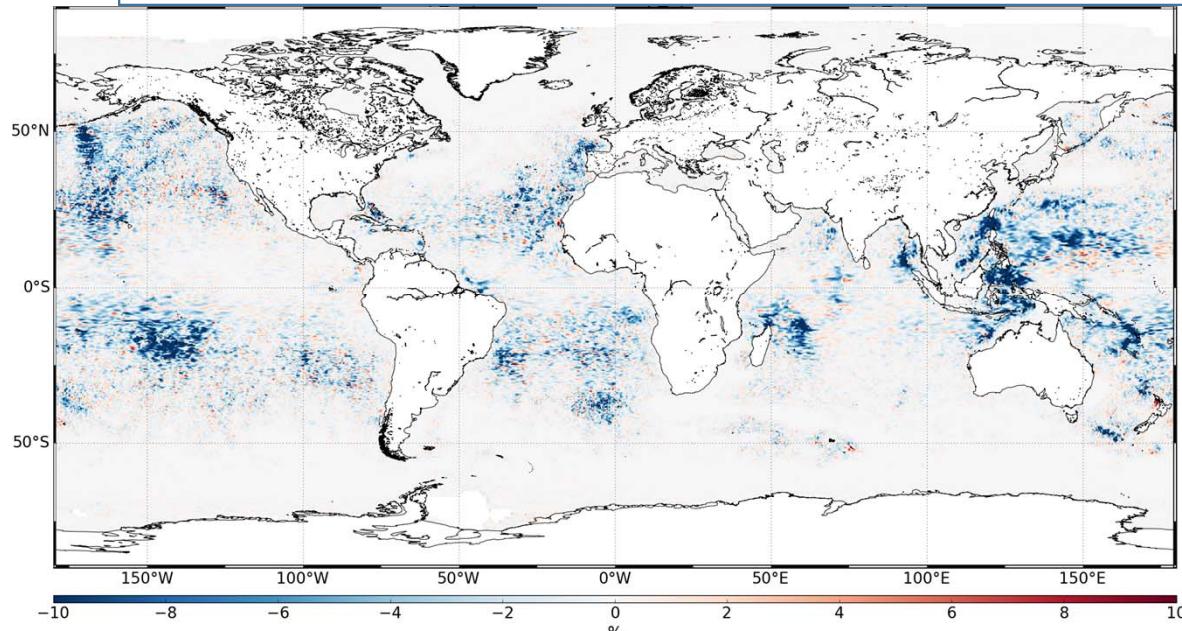
# Impact on Eddy Kinetic Energy

EKE [Map] cm<sup>2</sup>s<sup>-2</sup>



- 2 series of geostrophic current computed
- Mean Eddy Kinetic Energy deduced from the two series

$$\frac{[\text{EKE} [\text{Map\_corr}] - \text{EKE} [\text{Map}]]}{\text{EKE} [\text{Map\_corr}]} (\%)$$



- Normalizing by the EKE variance maps changes the distribution
- The reduction represents 10% of the total EKE in some areas.

# Conclusion

- **Positive impact of Ed Zaron IT models on maps quality (DT2018 mapping configuration)**
  - better consistency of corrected Maps with independent measurements (Cryosat-2)
  - Error reduction is low in average but locally  $>1\text{cm}^2$
  - Hawai focus: the signal removed represents 33% of the variance of the corrected map on main IT wavelength
  - EKE reduced by up to  $20\text{cm}^2\text{s}^{-2}$ , representing 10% of the signal in some areas
- Transition to operation
  - IT correction **already available in 5Hz DUACS “High resolution” products on Aviso**
  - Inclusion in Level 2 in progress (Jason GDR F, S3... )
  - Full reprocessing of the DUACS maps foreseen in 2021 will include IT model among other changes
- Future developments
  - Improvement of IT models might be possible using corrected DUACS maps (iterative loop)
  - Tune the mapping by relaxing the observations error
  - This correction will get more and more important as we intend to increase the resolution of the maps
  - **R&D work to improve internal tide solution is crucial**