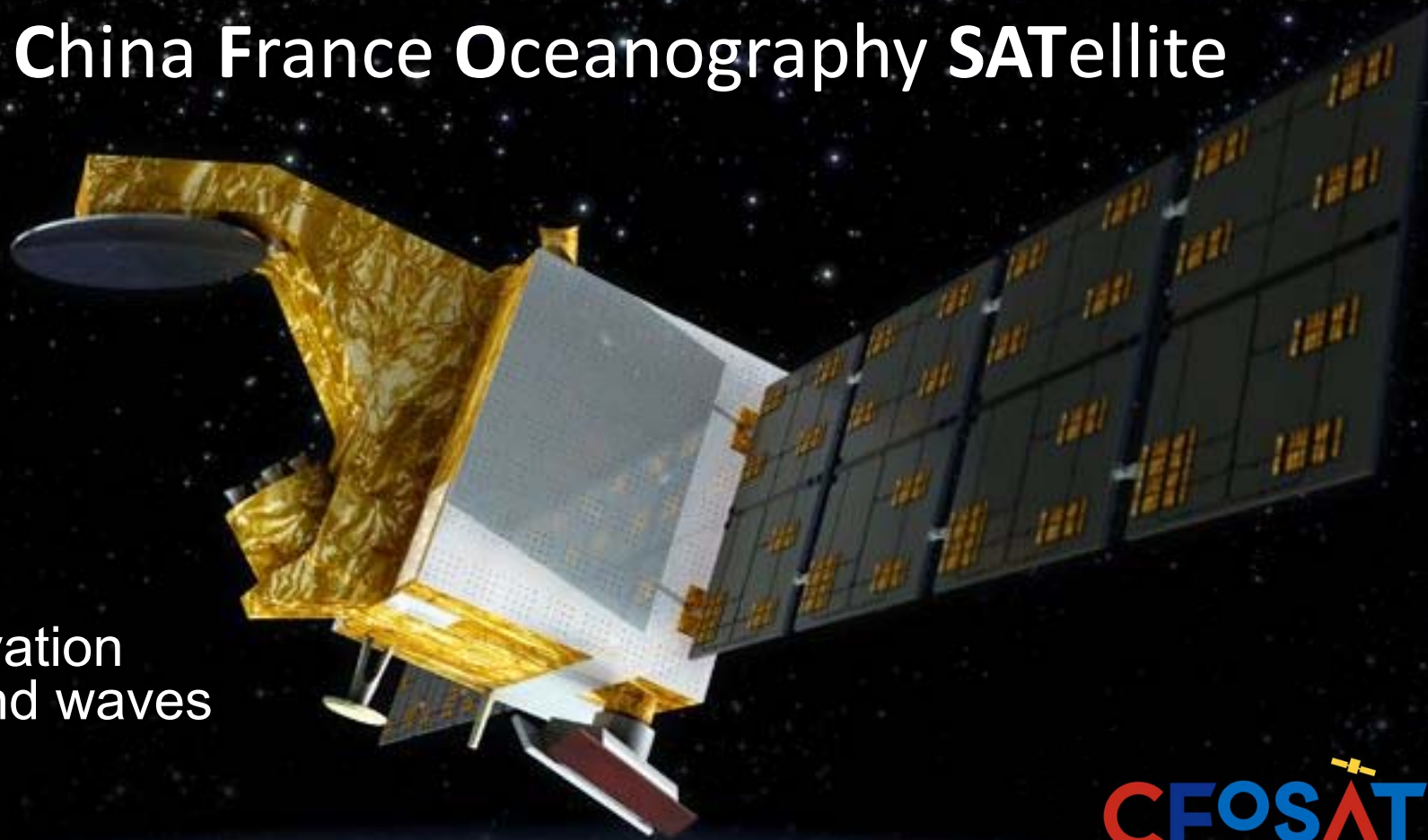




# CFOSAT: China France Oceanography SATellite



New products  
for the observation  
of wind and waves



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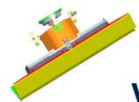


(1) CNES, Toulouse, France

(2) LATMOS, CNRS, UVSQ, UPMC, Guyancourt, France

# CFOSAT : A China/France world premiere for oceanography

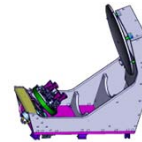
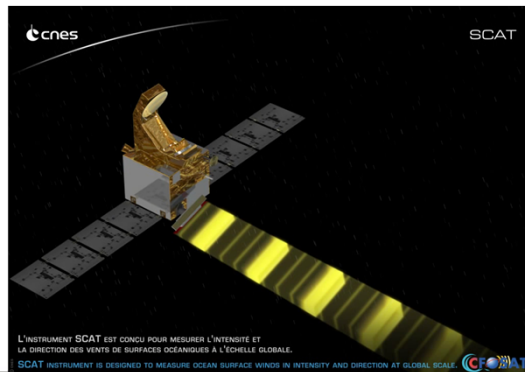
**Main Objective :** Measure at the global scale ocean surface wind and waves spectral properties



## SCAT

wind scatterometer

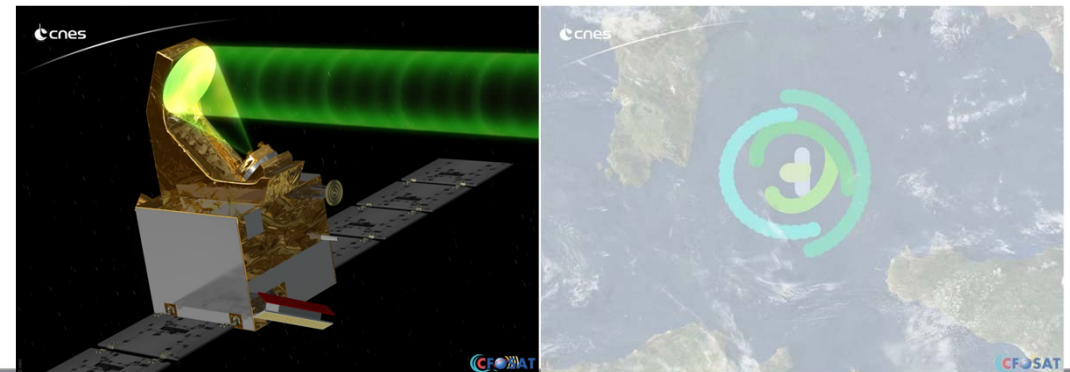
- ❖ Fan beam concept
  - Large swath
  - Rotating antenna: 3 rpm
- ❖ Incidences between 26° and ~50°
- ❖ Provides
  - $\sigma_0$
  - Ocean wind vectors



## SWIM

Wave scatterometer

- ❖ Ku band real aperture radar,
- ❖ Sequential illumination with 6 incidence angles : 0°, 2°, 4°, 6°, 8°, 10°
- ❖ Rotating antenna (all azimuth direction acquisition) : 5,6 rpm
- ❖ Provides :
  - Directional wave spectra
  - Significant wave height and wind speed
  - $\sigma_0$  mean profiles, 0 to 10°





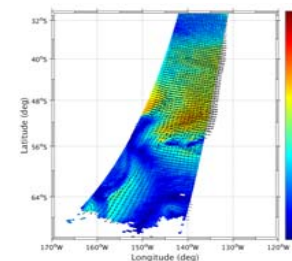
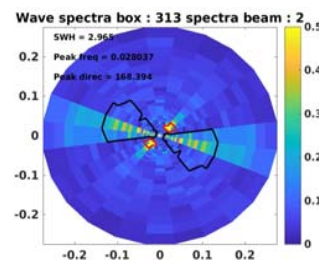
OSTST meeting, Chicago, 2019 October 21-25



## Mission status

### 2018 October 29<sup>th</sup> Successful launch :

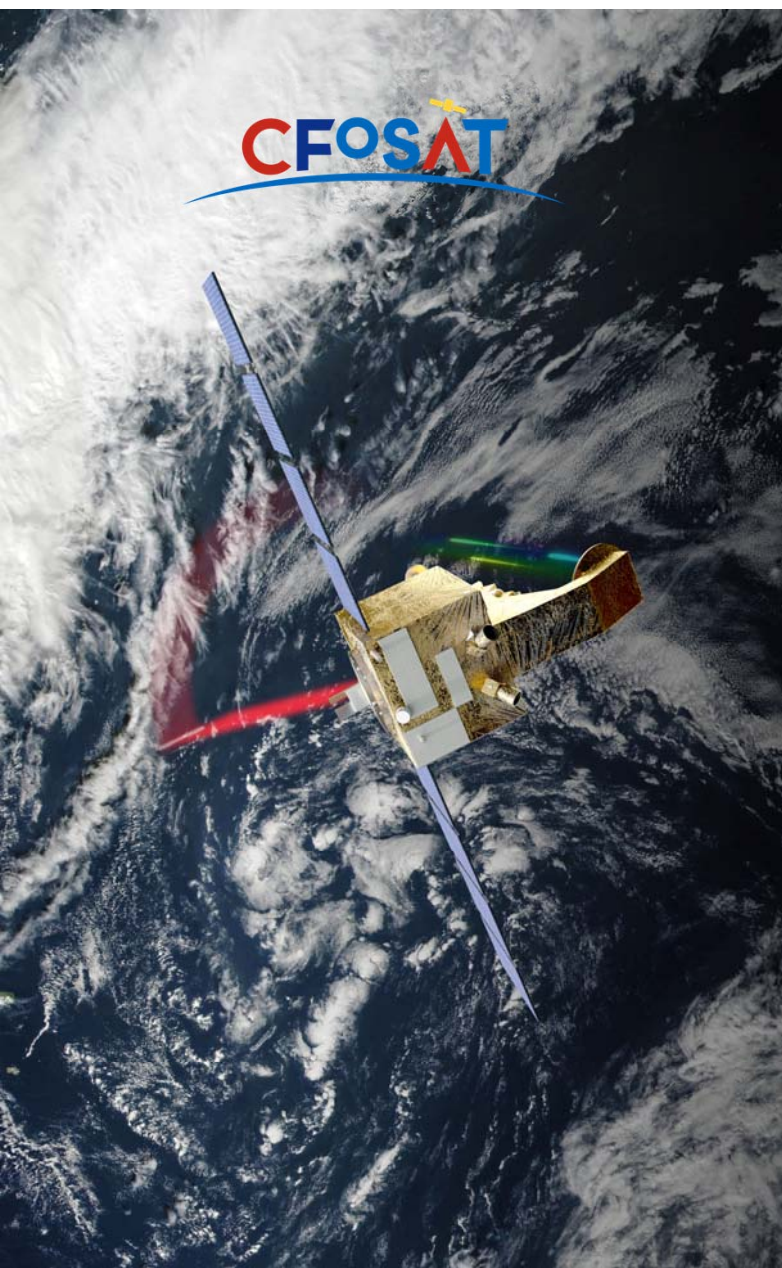
- ❖ Very precise injection with the Long March 2 launcher
- ❖ Instruments switched ON
  - SCAT : October 31<sup>st</sup>
  - SWIM : November 1<sup>st</sup>
- ❖ Both ground segments functional less than one week after launch
  - First SWIM wave spectra and SCAT wind map produced on November 4<sup>th</sup>



### 2018 December 17<sup>th</sup> SWIM commissioning keypoint:

- ❖ Functional behavior validated
- ❖ Very good instrument performances observed





OSTST meeting, Chicago, 2019 October 21-25



## Mission status

2019 July 1-3 : CAL/VAL workshop

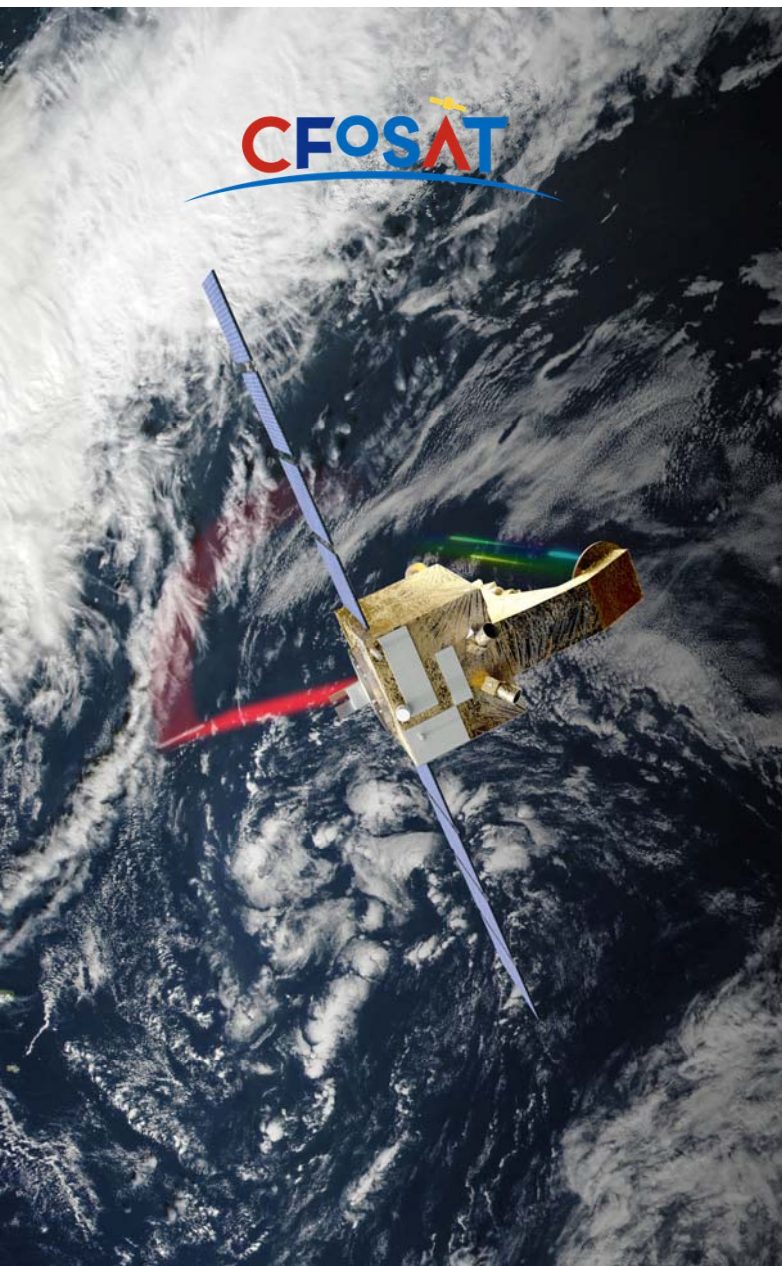


- ❖ CAL/VAL analyses of verification phase presentations
  - Report on “the SWIM CAL/VAL at the end of the verification phase”: [available](#)

2019 September 23rd – 26th: 1st international Science Team Meeting in Nanjing (China)

- ❖ 80 international attendees
- ❖ CAL/VAL synthesis for both instruments
- ❖ First feedbacks from scientific teams
- ❖ Agreement on data quality
- ❖ Data release recommendation





## Mission status

### CFOSAT Science Team established

- ❖ More than 50 scientific teams lead by:
  - France
    - PI: Danièle Hauser (LATMOS)
    - Co- PI: Lotfi Aouf (Météo-France)
  - China
    - PI : LIU Jianqiang (NSOAS)

### 2019 November: data release to all scientific users

- ❖ Data already available to science team
- ❖ CNES/CNSA Joint Steering Committee expected for formal open worldwide
- ❖ CFOSAT enters in routine exploitation



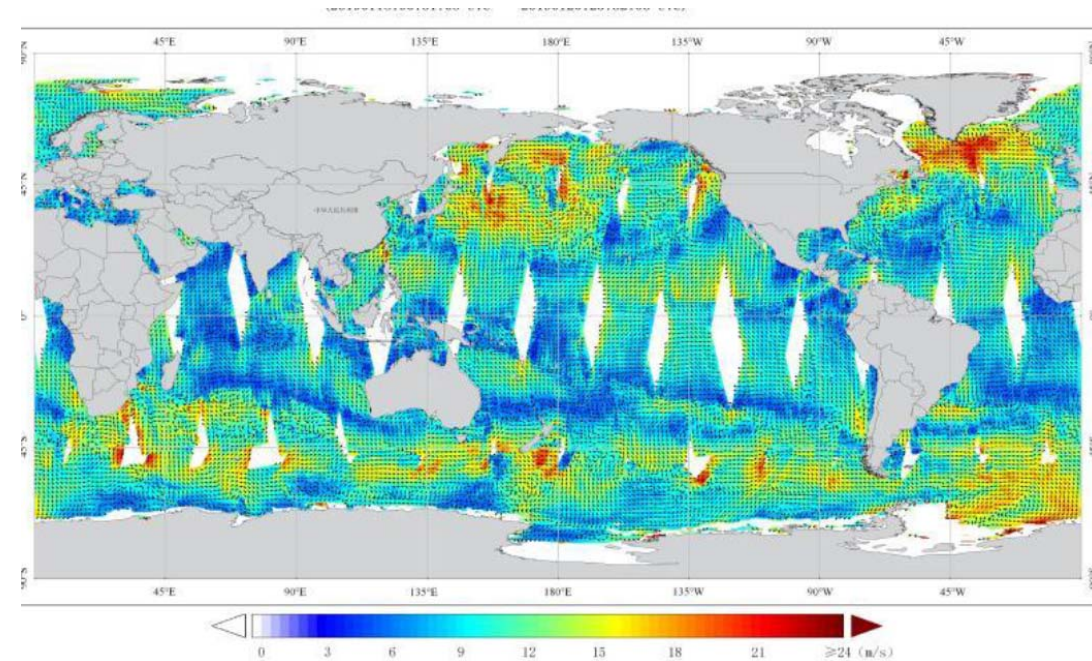
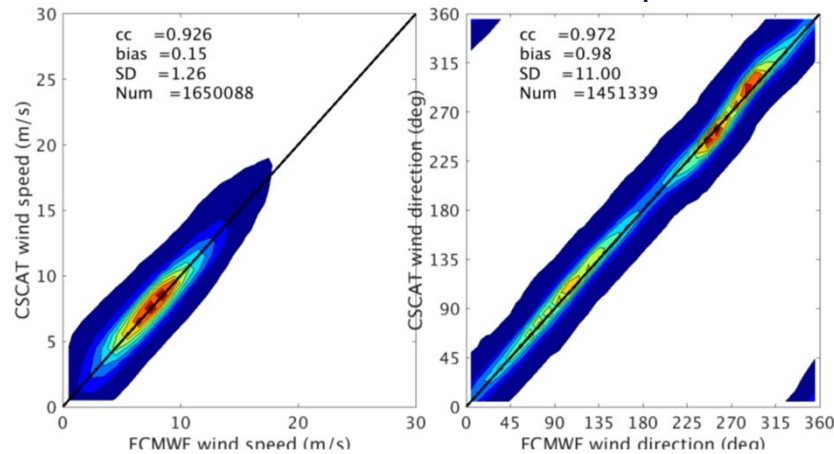
## CFOSAT SCAT: firsts results

### Wind products

- ❖ Wind vectors globally consistent with ECMWF model data

- Wind speed : 1.3 – 1.4m/s RMS discrepancies

- Wind direction : 15 - 17 ° RMS discrepancies



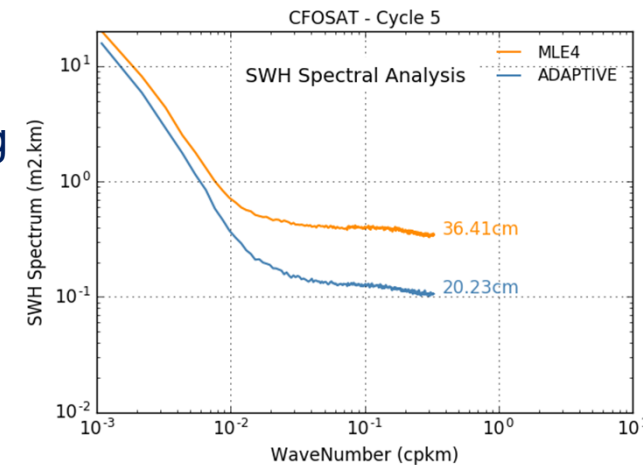
- ❖ Good wind fields consistency with NDBC buoy

- wind speed about 1.0m/s,
- wind direction about 16°.

## CFOSAT SWIM: firsts results (1/3)

### Nadir products

- ❖ Operational implementation of the Adaptive retracking Algorithm
- ❖ Despite SWIM low measurement rate (5Hz vs 20Hz), remarkable results:
  - Very good consistency with model and altimetry missions
  - Improved performances w.r.t. current operational altimetry retracking
    - ➔ SWH and Sigma0 restitution noise reduction



See A. Ollivier specific presentation in CFOSAT Splinter (Thursday 11:20)

## CFOSAT SWIM: firsts results (2/3)

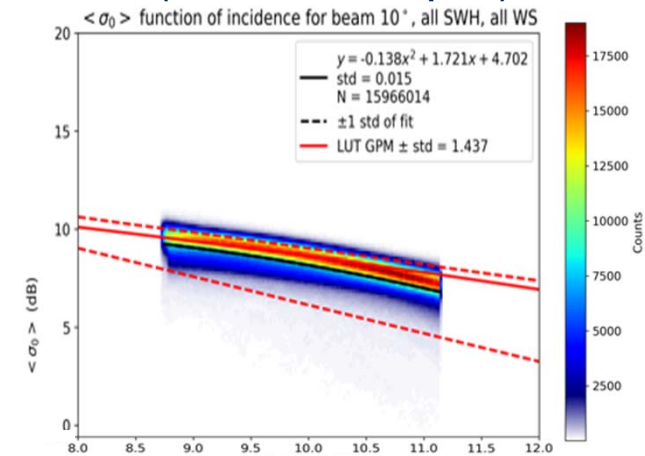
### Off-nadir sigma0 product: sigma0 profiles

- ❖ Ocean surface :
  - Trends consistent with TRMM/GPM
- ❖ Sea ice and land surface
  - good sensitivity and consistent with literature

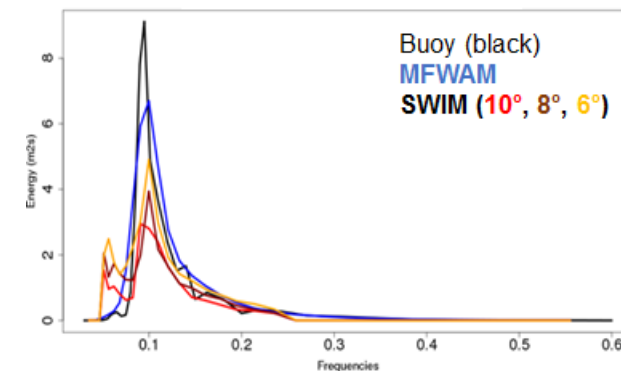
### Wave spectra

- ❖ 1D spectra
  - Shape consistent with model and buoy data
  - Good wavelength estimation
  - Some parasite peaks to be filtered out

#### Incidence dependency (all SWH at Wind speed)



#### Omni directional spectra





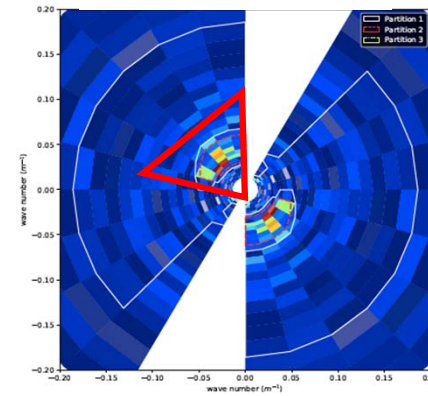
## CFOSAT SWIM: firsts results (3/3)

### Wave spectra

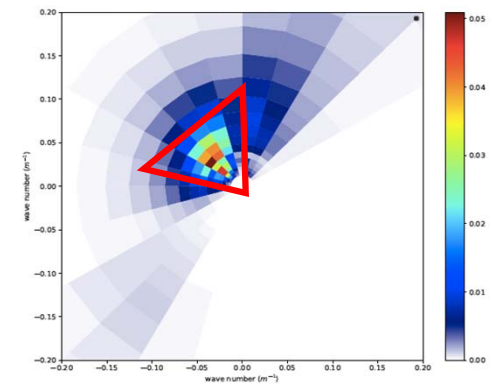
#### ❖ 2D spectra :

- Overall good correlation with model spectra,
- waves detected for wavelengths from  $\approx 60\text{m}$  to  $\approx 600\text{m}$ ,
- overall good agreements for wavelength and directions
- some bias in wave height, on going work

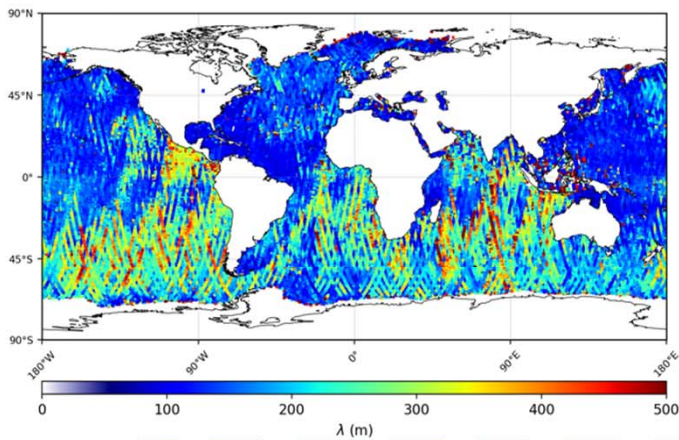
SWIM 2D wave slope spectrum ( $10^\circ$ )



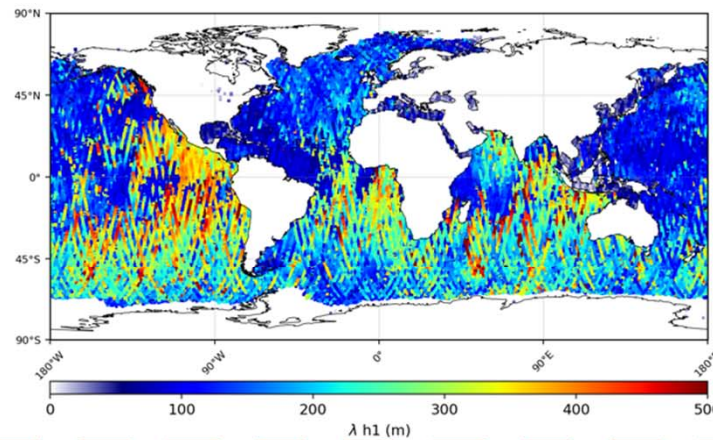
MFWAM 2D wave slope spectrum



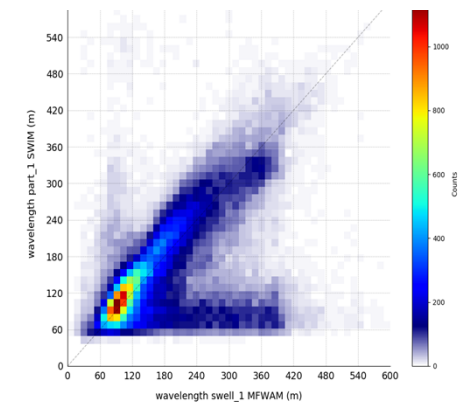
SWIM wavelength (26/04/2019 to 09/05/2019)



MFWAM wavelength (26/04/2019 to 09/05/2019)



SWIM versus MFWAM wavelength (26/04/2019 to 09/05/2019)



See D. Hauser presentation in CFOSAT Splinter (Thursday 11:00)

## Conclusion

### CFOSAT data will be available very soon (November)

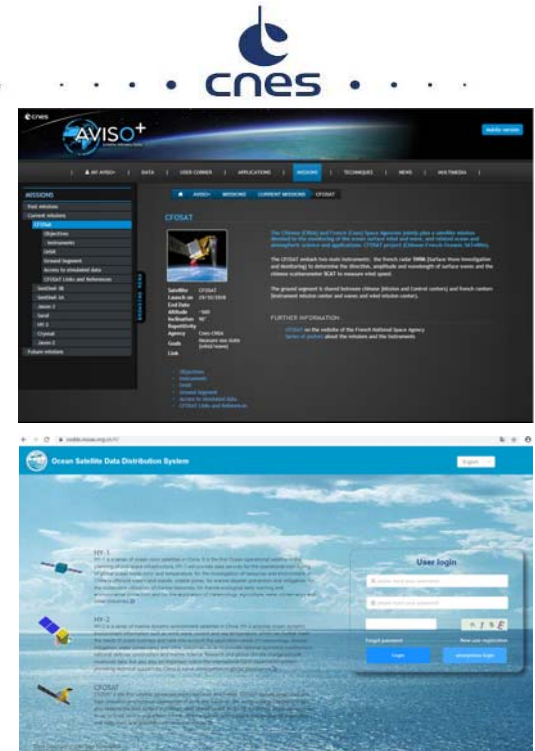
- ❖ SWIM data
  - On AVISO website : <https://www.aviso.altimetry.fr/en/missions/current-missions/cfosat.html>
- ❖ SCAT Data
  - On NSOAS website <https://osdds.nsoas.org.cn>
  - And on AVISO website

### CFOSAT data are ready to use for science

- ❖ All SWIM performances and limitations described in the document  
REPORT ON THE SWIM CAL/VAL AT THE END OF THE VERIFICATION PHASE (AVISO website)

### SWIM: a very innovative instrument

- ❖ Strong potential for many applications
- ❖ Processing and products will keep improving
- ❖ Feedbacks from users welcomed



**CFOSAT data are here.  
Make the most of them!**

Thank you for your attention!





# BACKUP

# SWIM NRTProducts

## L1a

Calibrated waveform, geocoded @ 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10°  
+ nadir waveform non calibrated, compensated for Instrument automatic gain

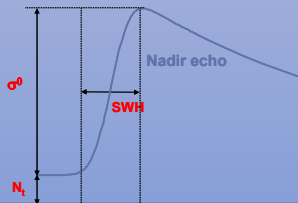
Nadir products  
(0°)

Wave products  
(6°, 8°, 10°)

$\sigma^0$  products  
(0°, 2°, 4°, 6°, 8°, 10°)

## L2

- SWH, wind speed
- Ice and land properties

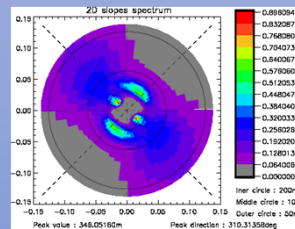


## L1b

- Modulation spectrum

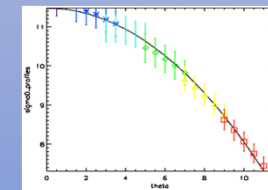
## L2

- Omnidirectional and 2-D wave spectra
- Partitioning and associated parameters ( $H_s$ , peak wave number and peak direction)



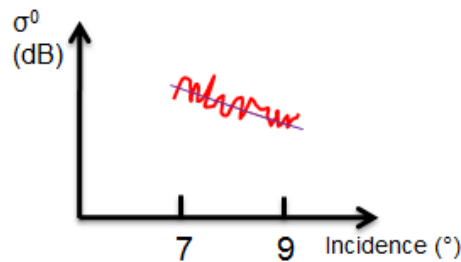
## L2

- $\sigma^0$  mean profiles versus incidence and azimuth

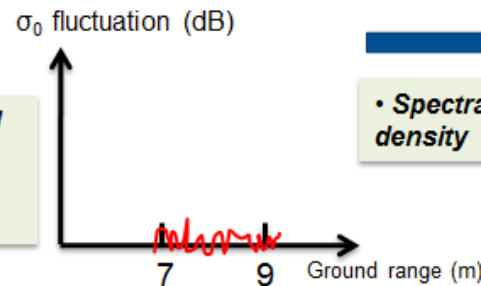


# SWIM NRT Wave products

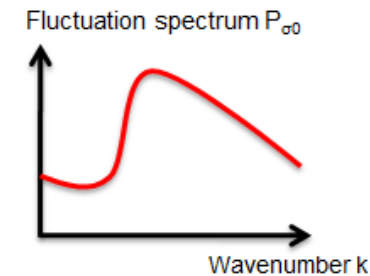
**L1a: Calibrated wave form, geocoded**  
(per cycle, per azimuth, incidence = 6, 8 or 10°)



- Mean trend suppression
- Ground projection



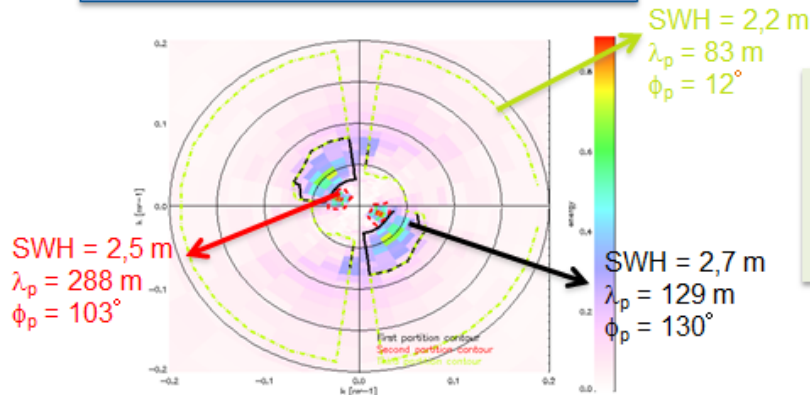
- Spectral density



$$P_{\sigma^0} = P_{IR} \cdot P_m + P_{sp}$$

- Speckle + IR correction

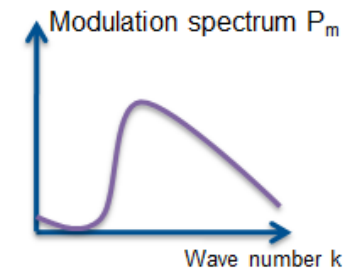
**L2: wave slope spectrum and partitions**  
(per box, per beam or merged)



$$P_w = P_m / \text{MTF}$$

- Transfer function estimation and wave slope spectrum computation
- 15°-azimuth averaging
- Partitioning and physical parameter computation

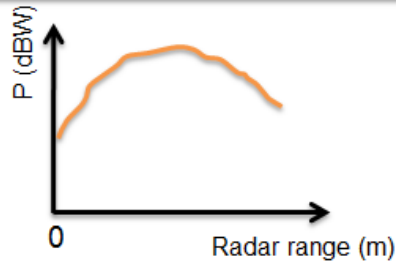
**L1b: modulation spectrum**  
(per cycle, per azimuth, incidence=6, 8 or 10°)





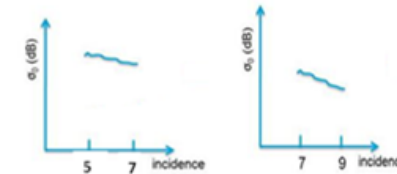
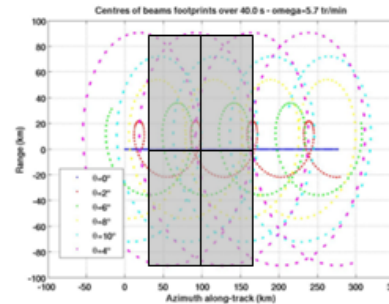
# SWIM NRT $\sigma^0$ profile

L0: non calibrated wave form (per cycle, incidence, azimuth)



- $\sigma^0$  estimate from radar equation
- Geocoding

L1a: Calibrated wave form, geocoded (per cycle, incidence, azimuth)



- Combining incidences within boxes

L2: Normalized radar cross-section profiles  
From 0° to 11° (per 15°-azimuth range) at a scale of 70 x 90 km and associated radiometric accuracy

